EVERGREEN MARINE CORPORATION (TAIWAN) LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Evergreen Marine Corporation (Taiwan) Ltd.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Evergreen Marine Corporation (Taiwan) Ltd. and subsidiaries (the "Group") as at June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three-month and six-month periods then ended as well as the consolidated statements of changes in equity and of cash flows for the six-month periods then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

Scope of Review

Except as explained in the following paragraph, we conducted our reviews in accordance with the Statement of Auditing Standards No. 65 "Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" in the Republic of China. A review of consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Basis for Qualified Conclusion

As explained in Note 6(7), we did not review the financial statements of certain investments accounted for using equity method, which statements reflect investments accounted for using equity method of NT\$1,589,393 thousand and NT\$1,911,729 thousand, constituting 0.52% and 0.64% of the consolidated total assets as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively, and comprehensive income and loss under the equity method of NT\$32,833 thousand, NT\$35,331 thousand, NT\$55,784 thousand and NT\$66,019 thousand, constituting 0.84%, (16.58%), 2.72% and 15.78% of the consolidated total comprehensive income and loss for the three-month and six-month periods then ended. These amounts and the related information disclosed in Note 13 were based on the unreviewed financial statements of such investee companies.

Qualified Conclusion

Based on our reviews and the reports of other independent accountants, except for the possible effects on the consolidated financial statements, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had the financial statements of certain investments accounted for using equity method and the related information disclosed in Note 13 been reviewed by independent accountants as explained in the preceding paragraph, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at June 30, 2020 and 2019, and of its consolidated financial performance for the three-month and six-month periods then ended and its consolidated cash flows for the six-month periods then ended in accordance with Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Other Matter – Review Reports of Other Independent Accountants

We did not review the financial statements of certain consolidated subsidiaries and investments accounted for using equity method. Those financial statements were reviewed by other independent accountants, whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our report expressed herein, insofar as it relates to the amounts included in the financial statements and the information disclosed in Note 13 was based solely on the review reports of other independent accountants. These consolidated subsidiaries reflect total assets of NT\$61,198,837 thousand and NT\$65,620,826 thousand, constituting 19.92% and 21.81% of the consolidated total assets as at June 30, 2020 and 2019, and total operating revenues of NT\$8,672,549 thousand, NT\$10,379,442 thousand, NT\$16,754,411 thousand and NT\$21,096,388 thousand, constituting 19.77%, 22.03%, 19.18% and 22.73% of the consolidated total operating revenues for the three-month and six-month periods then ended. The investments accounted for using equity method amounted to NT\$17,439,601 thousand and NT\$16,921,381 thousand, constituting 5.68% and 5.62% of the consolidated total assets as at June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the comprehensive income and loss under equity method was NT\$410,601 thousand, (NT\$331,280) thousand, (NT\$219,985) thousand and (NT\$143,973) thousand, constituting 10.49%, 155.48%, (10.74%) and (34.41%) of the consolidated total comprehensive income and loss for the three-month and six-month periods then ended.

Lee, Hsiu-Ling Chih, Ping-Chiun For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan August 13, 2020

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and report of independent accountants are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

				June 30, 2020			December 31, 201	9	June 30, 2019	
	Assets	Notes		AMOUNT	%		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
	Current assets									
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$	38,258,732	13	\$	37,871,889	12	\$ 37,163,150	12
1136	Current financial assets at	6(3) and 8								
	amortised cost, net			662,480	-		2,018,536	1	2,118,823	1
1140	Current contract assets	6(21)		1,186,338	-		1,693,497	1	1,654,853	1
1150	Notes receivable, net	6(4)		95,124	-		129,545	-	90,183	-
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(4)		14,062,290	5		13,979,251	5	14,463,707	5
1180	Accounts receivable, net -	6(4) and 7								
	related parties			583,491	-		780,562	-	823,973	-
1200	Other receivables			147,603	-		283,739	-	215,050	-
1210	Other receivables - related	7								
	parties			1,274,701	1		743,540	-	1,280,439	-
1220	Current income tax assets			350,395	-		381,933	-	245,415	-
130X	Inventories	6(5)		2,645,638	1		4,547,919	1	4,749,513	2
1410	Prepayments			1,059,538	-		1,500,038	1	1,245,258	-
1470	Other current assets	6(6) and 8		3,951,942	1		2,368,627	1	3,620,430	1
11XX	Current assets			64,278,272	21		66,299,076	22	67,670,794	22
	Non-current assets									
1517	Non-current financial assets at	6(2)								
	fair value through other									
	comprehensive income			1,458,417	-		1,719,423	-	1,897,715	1
1535	Non-current financial assets at	6(3)								
	amortised cost, net			100,000	-		100,000	-	100,000	-
1550	Investments accounted for	6(7)								
	using equity method			28,408,668	9		29,400,925	10	28,265,389	9
1600	Property, plant and equipment,	6(8), 8 and 9								
	net			112,546,416	37		108,393,511	35	107,955,281	36
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(9)		79,168,111	26		82,624,186	27	78,441,042	26
1760	Investment property, net	6(10) and 8		5,291,466	2		5,455,070	2	5,825,713	2
1780	Intangible assets			1,755,156	1		1,929,667	1	2,143,739	1
1840	Deferred income tax assets			885,650	-		1,035,398	-	905,941	-
1900	Other non-current assets	6(4)(11) and 8		13,382,179	4		9,638,382	3	7,664,041	3
15XX	Non-current assets			242,996,063	79		240,296,562	78	233,198,861	78
1XXX	Total assets		\$	307,274,335	100	\$	306,595,638	100	\$ 300,869,655	100
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EVERGREEN MARINE CORPORATION (TAIWAN) LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (The balance sheets as of June 30, 2020 and 2019 are reviewed, not audited)

(Continued)

			June 30, 2020		December 31, 20		June 30, 2019	
	Liabilities and Equity	Notes	AMOUNT	%	 AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
	Current liabilities							
2126	Current financial liabilities for	6(9) and 7						
	hedging		\$ 1,904,770	1	\$ 1,861,026	1	\$ 1,635,308	-
2130	Current contract liabilities	6(21)	2,492,427	1	2,213,538	1	2,166,031	1
2150	Notes payable		15,982	-	-	-	-	-
2170	Accounts payable		15,036,556	5	16,169,710	5	17,047,282	6
2180	Accounts payable - related	7						
	parties		486,484	-	411,102	-	245,879	-
2200	Other payables		4,835,858	1	4,406,879	2	5,620,741	2
2220	Other payables - related parties	7	186,632	-	706,239	-	718,657	-
2230	Current income tax liabilities		645,731	-	841,265	-	647,241	-
2280	Current lease liabilities	6(9) and 7	8,840,936	3	9,075,576	3	9,826,753	3
2300	Other current liabilities	6(12)	33,388,190	11	 27,764,309	9	26,170,550	9
21XX	Current liabilities		67,833,566	22	 63,449,644	21	64,078,442	21
	Non-current liabilities							
2511	Non-current financial liabilities	6(9) and 7						
	for hedging		16,945,708	5	18,327,916	6	14,377,086	5
2530	Corporate bonds payable	6(13)	6,000,000	2	10,000,000	3	10,000,000	3
2540	Long-term loans	6(14)	85,663,757	28	83,859,972	27	84,726,820	28
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities		2,047,612	1	2,027,378	1	1,917,203	1
2580	Non-current lease liabilities	6(9) and 7	50,221,565	16	51,967,317	17	51,105,445	17
2600	Other non-current liabilities	6(15)(16)	3,255,036	1	 3,368,565	1	3,275,658	1
25XX	Non-current liabilities		164,133,678	53	 169,551,148	55	165,402,212	55
2XXX	Total liabilities		231,967,244	75	 233,000,792	76	229,480,654	76
	Equity attributable to owners of							
	the parent							
	Capital	6(17)						
3110	Common stock		48,129,738	16	48,129,738	16	45,129,738	15
	Capital surplus	6(18)						
3200	Capital surplus		11,408,494	4	11,407,437	4	11,050,221	4
	Retained earnings	6(19)						
3310	Legal reserve		5,714,940	2	5,714,940	2	5,714,940	2
3350	Unappropriated retained							
	earnings		6,412,845	2	3,659,042	1	3,952,055	1
	Other equity interest	6(20)						
3400	Other equity interest		169,209		 1,134,622		1,663,843	1
31XX	Equity attributable to							
	owners of the parent		71,835,226	24	70,045,779	23	67,510,797	23
36XX	Non-controlling interest		3,471,865	1	 3,549,067	1	3,878,204	1
3XXX	Total equity		75,307,091	25	 73,594,846	24	71,389,001	24
	Significant Contingent Liabilities	9						
	And Unrecognized Contract							
	Commitments							
	Significant Events After The	11						
	Balance Sheet Date							
	Total liabilities and equity		\$ 307,274,335	100	306,595,638	100	\$ 300,869,655	

EVERGREEN MARINE CORPORATION (TAIWAN) LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (The balance sheets as of June 30, 2020 and 2019 are reviewed, not audited)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

EVERGREEN MARINE CORPORATION (TAIWAN) LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except earnings (loss) per share)

(Reviewed, not audited)

Xk7					nonths end	ed June 30		Six months ended June 30				
			_	2020		2019		2020	·	2019		
	Items	Notes		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	
4000	Operating revenue	6(21) and 7	\$	43,870,746	100 \$	47,111,741	100 \$	87,346,001	100 \$	92,808,793	100	
5000	Operating costs	6(27)(28) and 7	(36,307,092)(83) (43,413,264) (92) (76,837,670)(88)(85,697,394)(92)	
5900	Gross profit			7,563,654	17	3,698,477	8	10,508,331	12	7,111,399	8	
5910	Unrealized (profit) loss from sales		(440)	-	3,653	-	2,370	-	12,207	-	
5920	Realized profit on from sales			2,691		3,114		5,417		6,396	-	
5950	Gross profit			7,565,905	17	3,705,244	8	10,516,118	12	7,130,002	8	
	Operating expenses	6(27)(28) and 7										
6100	Selling expenses		(440,866)(1) (388,138) (1)(814,414) (1)(756,560)(1)	
6200	General and administrative expenses		(1,935,353) (4) (2,218,756) (4)(4,012,006) (5) (4,332,595) (4)	
6450	Impairment loss (impairment gain and reversal of impairment loss)											
	determined in accordance with IFRS 9			58		589		2,834		13,778	-	
6000	Operating expenses		(2,376,161)(5) (2,606,305)(5)(4,823,586) (6) (5,075,377)(5)	
6500	Other gains - net	6(22) and 7		4,445		10,129	- (1,932)		357,520	-	
6900	Operating profit			5,194,189	12	1,109,068	3	5,690,600	6	2,412,145	3	
	Other non-operating revenue and expenses											
7100	Interest income	6(23)		87,392	-	192,201	-	225,471	-	385,574	1	
7010	Other income	6(24)		143,819	1	160,302	-	269,655	1	265,208	-	
7020	Other gains and losses	6(25)		17,790	- (56,126)	-	104,889	- (19,097)	-	
7050	Finance costs	6(26) and 7	(1,226,278) (3) (1,440,198)(3)(2,550,839) (3) (2,774,882)(3)	
7060	Share of loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for using											
	equity method			71,445	- (129,811)	- (69,059)		275,017	-	
7000	Total non-operating income and expenses		(905,832) (2) (1,273,632)(3) (2,019,883) (2) (1,868,180)(2)	
7900	Profit (loss) before income tax			4,288,357	10 (164,564)	-	3,670,717	4	543,965	1	
7950	Income tax expense	6(29)	(445,525) (1) (282,963)(1)(561,034) (1)(527,586)(1)	
8200	Profit (loss) for the period		\$	3,842,832	9 (\$	447,527) (1) \$	3,109,683	3 \$	16,379	-	

(Continued)

EVERGREEN MARINE CORPORATION (TAIWAN) LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except earnings (loss) per share) (Reviewed, not audited)

				Three months ended June 30				Six months ended June 30					
					2020			2019		2020		2019	
	Items		Notes	A	MOUNT	%	A	MOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
	Other comprehensive income (loss) Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss												
8316	Unrealised gains (losses) on valuation of investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	6(2)(20)		\$	16,190	_	\$	230,571	1 (\$	254,166)	- \$	240,821	_
8320	Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method, components of other			Ψ			Ψ	,	. (Ψ		Ŷ		
8349	comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that	6(29)			153,800	- ((25,075)	- (75,777)	-	41,050	-
8310	will not be reclassified to profit or loss Components of other comprehensive income that will not be				3,316	- ((8,967)	<u> </u>	10,039	(7,125)	
	reclassified to profit or loss Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified				173,306	-		196,529	1 (319,904)	<u> </u>	274,746	
	to profit or loss												
8361	Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign operations			(787,814)(2)		115,337	- (996,348) (1)	349,147	-
8368	Gains (losses) on hedging instrument	6(9)(20)			459,392	1 ((93,937)	-	332,265	- (158,841)	-
8370	Share of other comprehensive income (loss) of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method				323,904	1		1,491	- (9,079)	- (95,967)	-
8399	Income tax relating to the components of other comprehensive income (loss)	6(29)		(97,031)	-		15.035	- (68,463)	-	32,902	-
8360	Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss			` <u> </u>	101,549)			37,926	`	741,625) (1)	127,241	
8300	Other comprehensive (loss) income for the period, net of income tax			\$	71.757	<u> </u>	\$	234,455	1 (\$	1,061,529) (1) \$	401,987	
8500	Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period			\$	3,914,589	9 (\$	213,072)	- \$	2,048,154	2 \$	418,366	-
	Profit (loss), attributable to:				- , ,		` <u> </u>	/	<u>·</u>	_ , ,			
8610	Owners of the parent			\$	3,192,356	7 ((\$	354,766) (<u>1)</u> \$	2,750,779	3 \$	204,806	
8620	Non-controlling interest			\$	650,476	1 ((\$	92,761)	- \$	358,904	- (\$	188,427)	-
	Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:												
8710	Owners of the parent			\$	3,312,884	8 ((\$	48,566)	- \$	1,788,390	2 \$	675,491	-
8720	Non-controlling interest			\$	601,705	1 ((\$	164,506)	- \$	259,764	- (\$	257,125)	
0.5.5.0	Basic earnings (loss) per share (in dollars)	6(30)							0.00		0 55 t		
9750	Basic earnings (loss) per share			\$		0.66 (0.08) \$		0.57 \$		0.05
9850	Diluted earnings (loss) per share			\$		0.66 ((\$		0.08) \$		0.57 \$		0.05

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

EVERGREEN MARINE CORPORATION (TAIWAN) LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (Reviewed, not audited)

		Equity attributable to owners of the parent								_	
				Retained	earnings		Other equity interest Unrealised gains (losses) from				
	Notes	Common stock	Capital surplus, additional paid-in capital	Legal reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations	financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Gains (losses) on effective portion of cash flow hedges	Total	Non-controlling interest	Total equity
Six-month period ended June 30, 2019											
Balance at January 1, 2019	6(20)	\$ 45,129,738	\$ 11,059,145	\$ 5,685,548	\$ 3,776,643	\$ 17,580	\$ 1,234,225	(<u>\$ 58,649</u>)	\$ 66,844,230	\$ 4,123,606	\$ 70,967,836
Profit for the period		-	-	-	204,806	-	-	-	204,806	(188,427)	16,379
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period	6(20)					463,496	275,037	(267,848_)	470,685	(68,698)	401,987
Total comprehensive income (loss)					204,806	463,496	275,037	(267,848_)	675,491	(257,125)	418,366
Distribution of 2018 earnings:											
Legal capital reserve		-	-	29,392	(29,392)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustments to share of changes in equity of associates and joint venture	s 6(18)(20)	-	(6,230)	-	(2)	-	2	-	(6,230)	-	(6,230)
Changes in non-controlling interests			(2,694_)						(2,694_)	11,723	9,029
Balance at June 30, 2019		\$ 45,129,738	\$ 11,050,221	\$ 5,714,940	\$ 3,952,055	\$ 481,076	\$ 1,509,264	(\$ 326,497)	\$ 67,510,797	\$ 3,878,204	\$ 71,389,001
Six-month period ended June 30, 2020											
Balance at January 1, 2020	6(20)	\$ 48,129,738	\$ 11,407,437	\$ 5,714,940	\$ 3,659,042	(<u>\$856,773</u>)	\$ 1,411,638	\$ 579,757	\$ 70,045,779	\$ 3,549,067	\$ 73,594,846
Profit for the period		-	-	-	2,750,779	-	-	-	2,750,779	358,904	3,109,683
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period	6(20)				3,024	(992,000_)	(323,514_)	350,101	(962,389	(99,140)	(1,061,529)
Total comprehensive income (loss)					2,753,803	(992,000_)	(323,514_)	350,101	1,788,390	259,764	2,048,154
Adjustments to share of changes in equity of associates and joint venture	s 6(18)(20)	-	1,019	-	-	-	-	-	1,019	-	1,019
Other changes in capital surplus	6(18)	-	38	-	-	-	-	-	38	-	38
Changes in non-controlling interests										(336,966_)	(336,966_)
Balance at June 30, 2020		\$ 48,129,738	\$ 11,408,494	\$ 5,714,940	\$ 6,412,845	(\$ 1,848,773)	\$ 1,088,124	\$ 929,858	\$ 71,835,226	\$ 3,471,865	\$ 75,307,091

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

EVERGREEN MARINE CORPORATION (TAIWAN) LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (Reviewed, not audited)

(Reviewed,	not	audited)
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			Six-month periods ended June 30				
	Notes		2020		2019		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Profit before tax		\$	3,670,717	\$	543,965		
Adjustments			- , ,		,		
Income and expenses having no effect on cash flows							
Depreciation	6(8)(9)(10)(25)(27)		10,497,210		9,962,521		
Amortization	6(27)		153,654		156,742		
Expected credit gain	12(2)	(2,834)	(13,778		
Rental expense	(-)	(1,540)	(-		
Other income		(368)		-		
Interest income	6(23)	(225,471)	(385,574		
Interest expense	6(26)	(2,550,839	(2,774,882		
Dividend income	6(24)	(73,247)	(89,638		
Share of profit of associates and joint ventures accounted for	0(24)	C	15,247)	C	07,050		
using equity method			69,059	(275,017		
Gains arising from lease modification	6(25)	(465)	(2,306		
Net gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	6(22)	(1,932	(
		,		(357,520		
Net gain on disposal of right-of-use assets	6(25) 6(25)	(33,677)	(14,158		
Net gain on disposal of investments	6(25)	(161)	(22		
Realized income with affliated companies		(5,417)	(6,396		
Unrealized loss with affliated companies		(2,370)	(12,207		
Changes in assets/liabilities relating to operating activities							
Changes in operating assets							
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss			-		189		
Current contract assets			483,272		604,444		
Notes receivable, net			32,030		65,603		
Accounts receivable, net		(337,422)		709,736		
Accounts receivable, net - related parties			184,318	(316,708		
Other receivables			130,949		675,434		
Other receivables - related parties		(168,851)	(425,594		
Inventories			1,836,404		391,875		
Prepayments			417,402		412,752		
Other current assets		(1,642,732)	(711,963		
Other non-current assets		(408)	(3,171		
Net changes in liabilities relating to operating activities							
Current contract liabilities			309,784		378,668		
Notes payable			15,982		-		
Accounts payable		(902,026)	(2,909,439		
Accounts payable - related parties			81,459	(14,146		
Other payables			147,903	,	254,432		
Other payables - related parties			8,244	(32,702		
Other current liabilities		(614,116)	(22,184		
Other non-current liabilities		(28,203)	(27,759		
Cash inflow generated from operations		۱ <u> </u>	16,551,850	۱ <u> </u>	11,310,961		
Interest received			225,471		385,574		
Interest paid		(2,785,742)	(2,924,024		
Income tax paid		(585,626)	(812,920		
*		(· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(<u> </u>			
Net cash flows from operating activities			13,405,953		7,959,591		

(Continued)

EVERGREEN MARINE CORPORATION (TAIWAN) LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

(Reviewed, not audited)

			Six-month periods ended June 30			
	Notes		2020		2019	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Decrease in financial assets at amortised cost		\$	1,351,731	\$	546,785	
Decrease (Increase) in other receivables - related parties			73,607	(253,442)	
Acquisition of investments accounted for using equity method			-	(512,708)	
Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for using equity	·					
method			148,573		-	
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(32)	(3,658,661)	(3,222,746)	
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment			783,040		889,392	
Acquisition of right-of-use assets		(10,921)		-	
Proceeds from disposal of right-of-use assets			54,433		75,592	
Acquisition of intangible assets		(9,727)	(14,005)	
Increase in guarantee deposits paid		(6,949)	(965)	
Increase in other non-current assets	6(32)	(10,378,323)	(5,754,666)	
Effect of initial consolidation of subsidiaries			4,082		5,648	
Cash dividend received			187,159		896,087	
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(11,461,956)	(7,345,028)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Increase in short-term loans			3,262,200		100,000	
Decrease in short-term loans		(3,262,200)	(100,000)	
Decrease in other payables - related parties		(515,190)	(446,746)	
Increase in long-term loans	6(33)		17,421,211		16,232,472	
Decrease in long-term loans	6(33)	(11,956,234)	(9,666,687)	
Payments of lease liabilities	6(9)(33)	(5,693,482)	(5,450,061)	
Net change in non-controlling interest		(336,966)		9,029	
Decrease in guarantee deposits received	6(33)	(39,553)	(9,719)	
Other financing activities			38		-	
Net cash flows (used in) from financing activities		(1,120,176)		668,288	
Effect of exchange rate changes		(436,978)		43,664	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents			386,843		1,326,515	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period			37,871,889		35,836,635	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		\$	38,258,732	\$	37,163,150	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

EVERGREEN MARINE CORPORATION (TAIWAN) LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

1. HISTORY AND ORGANISATION

Evergreen Marine Corporation (Taiwan) Ltd. (the "Company") was established in the Republic of China. The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred herein as the "Group") are mainly engaged in domestic and international marine transportation, shipping agency services, and the distribution of containers. The Company was approved by the Securities and Futures Bureau (SFB), Financial Supervisory Commission, Executive Yuan, R.O.C. to be a public company on November 2, 1982 and was further approved by the SFB to be a listed company on July 6, 1987. The Company's shares have been publicly traded on the Taiwan Stock Exchange since September 21, 1987.

2. <u>THE DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL</u> <u>STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORISATION</u> These consolidated financial statements were authorised by the Board of Directors on August 13, 2020.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

 (1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")
 New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by FSC effective from 2020 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8, 'Disclosure initiative-definition of material'	January 1, 2020
Amendments to IFRS 3, 'Definition of a business'	January 1, 2020
Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39 and IFRS7 , 'Interest rate benchmark reform'	January 1, 2020
Amendment to IFRS 16, 'Covid-19-related rent concessions'	June 1, 2020

Except for the following, the above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

A. Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8, 'Disclosure initiative-definition of material'

The amendments clarify the definition of material that information is material if omitting, misstating or obscuring it could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements, which provide financial information about a specific reporting entity.

- B. Amendments to IFRS 3, 'Definition of a business'
 - The amendments clarify the definition of a business that to be considered a business, an acquired set of activities and assets must include, at a minimum, an input and a substantive process that together; narrow the definitions of a business and of outputs by focusing on goods and services provided to customers and by removing the reference to an ability to reduce costs. Remove the assessment of whether market participants are capable of replacing any missing inputs or processes and continuing to produce outputs. Besides, add an optional concentration test that permits a simplified assessment of whether an acquired set of activities and assets is not a business. Related impact assessment is provided in Note 4(3).
- C. Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39 and IFRS 7, 'Interest rate benchmark reform'

The reliefs relate to hedge accounting and have the effect that IBOR reform should not generally cause hedge accounting to terminate. Also, the amendment requires disclosure about how the entity is impacted by IBOR reform and is managing the transition process.

D. Amendment to IFRS 16, 'Covid-19-related rent concessions'

This amendment provides a practical expedient for lessees from assessing whether a rent concession related to COVID-19, and that meets all of the following conditions, is a lease modification:

- (a) Changes in lease payments result in the revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change;
- (b) Any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before June 30 2021; and
- (c) There is no substantive change to other terms and conditions of the lease.

Related impact assessment is provided in Note 6(9).

(2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

None.

(3) Effect of IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 4, 'Extension of the temporary exemption from applying IFRS 9'	January 1, 2021
Amendments to IFRS 3, 'Reference to the conceptual framework'	January 1, 2022
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets	To be determined by
between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	International Accounting
	Standards Board
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2021
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023

New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Effective date by International Accounting Standards Board
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or non- current'	January 1, 2022
Amendments to IAS 16, 'Property, plant and equipment:proceeds before intended use'	January 1, 2022
Amendments to IAS 37, 'Onerous contracts-cost of fulfilling a	January 1, 2022
Annual improvements to IFRS Standards 2018–2020	January 1, 2022

Except for the following, the above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

A. Amendments to IFRS 3, 'Reference to the conceptual framework'

The amendments were made to IFRS 3, 'Business combinations' to update the references to the 2018 Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting, in determining what constitutes an asset or a liability in a business combination. In addition, the amendments added an exception in IFRS 3 for the recognition of liabilities and contingent liabilities. The exception specifies that, for some types of liabilities and contingent liabilities, an entity applying IFRS 3 should instead refer to IAS 37, 'Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets' or IFRIC 21, 'Levies', rather than the 2018 Conceptual Framework. The amendments also confirmed that contingent assets, as defined in IAS 37, should not be recognised by the acquirer at the acquisition date.

B. Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture'

The amendments resolve a current inconsistency between IFRS 10 and IAS 28. The gain or loss resulting from a transaction that involves sales or contribution of assets between an investor and its associates or joint ventures is recognised either in full or partially depending on the nature of the assets sold or contributed:

- (a) If sales or contributions of assets constitute a 'business', the full gain or loss is recognised;
- (b) If sales or contributions of assets do not constitute a 'business', the partial gain or loss is recognised only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate or joint venture.

C. Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-current' The amendments clarify that classification of liabilities depends on the rights that exist at the end of the reporting period. An entity shall classify a liability as current when it does not have a right at the end of the reporting period to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after

the reporting period to defer settlement of the hability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. Also, the amendments define 'settlement' as the extinguishment of a liability with cash, other economic resources or an entity's own equity instruments.

- D. Amendments to IAS 16, 'Property, plant and equipment: proceeds before intended use'
- This amendment to IAS 16 prohibits an entity from deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment any proceeds received from selling items produced while the entity is preparing the asset for its intended use (for example, the proceeds from selling samples produced when testing a machine to see if it is functioning properly). The proceeds from selling such samples and the costs relating to items produced are now recognised in profit or loss. This amendment also clarifies that an entity is 'testing whether the asset is functioning properly' when it assesses the technical and physical performance of the asset. The financial performance of the asset is not relevant to this assessment.
- E. Amendments to IAS 37, 'Onerous contracts-cost of fulfilling a contract'

The amendments clarify that the cost of fulfilling a contract comprises the costs that relate directly to the contract. Costs that relate directly to a contract consist of the incremental costs of fulfilling the contract and an allocation of other costs directly related to fulfilling contracts.

The impact of the above standards and interpretations is still under management's assessment.

4. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and the International Accounting Standard 34, 'Interim Financial Reporting' as endorsed by the FSC.

- (2) <u>Basis of preparation</u>
 - A. Except for the following items, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
 - (a) Financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.
 - (b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
 - (c) Defined benefit liabilities recognised based on the net amount of pension fund assets less present value of defined benefit obligation.
 - B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs") requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

(3) Basis of consolidation

- A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:
 - (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
 - (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
 - (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the noncontrolling interests having a deficit balance.
 - (d) Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity.
 - (e) When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value. That fair value is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or the cost on initial recognition of the associate or joint venture. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the related assets or liabilities were disposed of. That is, when the Group loses control of a subsidiary, all gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary should be reclassified from equity to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss when the related assets or liabilities are disposed of.

Name of	Name of	Main business	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,	
Investor	Subsidiary	activities	2020	2019	2019	Description
The Company	TTSC	Cargo loading and discharging	55.00	55.00	55.00	
The Company	Peony	Investments in transport-related business	100.00	100.00	100.00	
The Company	ETS	Terminal Services	94.43	94.43	94.43	
The Company	EGH	Container shipping and agency services dealing with port formalities	79.00	79.00	79.00	
The Company	EIL	Agency services dealing with port formalities	59.00	59.00	-	(b)
Peony	GMS	Container shipping	100.00	100.00	100.00	
Peony	Clove	Investments in container yards and port terminals	100.00	100.00	100.00	
Peony	EMU	Container shipping	51.00	51.00	51.00	
Peony	EHIC(M)	Manufacturing of dry steel containers and container parts	84.44	84.44	84.44	
Peony	Armand N.V.	Investments in container yards and port terminals	-	70.00	70.00	(f)
Peony	KTIL	Loading, discharging, storage, repairs and cleaning of containers	20.00	20.00	20.00	
Peony	MBPI	Containers storage and inspections of containers at the customs house	95.03	95.03	95.03	
Peony	MBT	Inland transportation, repairs and cleaning of containers	17.39	17.39	17.39	

B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

				Ownership (%)		
Name of Investor	Name of Subsidiary	Main business activities	June 30, 2020	December 31,2019	June 30, 2019	Description
Peony	EGK	Agency services dealing with port formalities	100.00	100.00	100.00	
Peony	EGT	Agency services dealing with port formalities	85.00	85.00	85.00	
Peony	EGI	Agency services dealing with port formalities	99.99	99.99	99.99	
Peony	EMA	Agency services dealing with port formalities	100.00	100.00	100.00	
Peony	EIT	Agency services dealing with port formalities	55.00	55.00	55.00	
Peony	EES	Agency services dealing with port formalities	100.00	100.00	100.00	
Peony	ERU	Agency services dealing with port formalities	51.00	51.00	51.00	
Peony	EEU	Agency services dealing with port formalities	100.00	100.00	100.00	
Peony	ESA	Agency services dealing with port formalities	55.00	55.00	55.00	
Peony	EGB	Real estate leasing	95.00	95.00	95.00	
Peony	EGM	Agency services dealing with port formalities	100.00	100.00	100.00	
Peony	EGH	Container shipping and agency services dealing with port formalities	1.00	1.00	1.00	
Peony	EGV	Agency services dealing with port formalities	100.00	100.00	100.00	
EGH	Ever shine (Shanghai)	Management consultancy and self-owned property leasing	100.00	100.00	100.00	
EGH	Ever shine (Ningbo)	Management consultancy and self-owned property leasing	100.00	100.00	100.00	

			Ownership (%)				
Name of	Name of	Main business	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,	Decomintion	
Investor	Subsidiary	activities	2020	2019	2019	Description	
EGH	ЕКН	Agency services dealing with port formalities	100.00	100.00	100.00		
EGH	EPE	Agency services dealing with port formalities	60.00	60.00	60.00		
EGH	ECO	Agency services dealing with port formalities	75.00	75.00	75.00		
EGH	ECL	Agency services dealing with port formalities	60.00	60.00	60.00		
EGH	EMX	Agency services dealing with port formalities	60.00	60.00	60.00		
EGH	EGRC	Agency services dealing with port formalities	60.00	60.00	60.00		
EGH	НМН	Agency services dealing with port formalities	-	-	-	(a)	
EGH	Ever shine (Shenzhen)	Management consultancy and self-owned property leasing	100.00	100.00	100.00	(a)	
EGH	Ever shine (Qingdao)	Management consultancy and self-owned property leasing	100.00	100.00	100.00	(a)	
EGH	ECN	Agency services dealing with port formalities	52.00	52.00	49.00	(a) \ (c)	
EGH	KTIL	Loading, discharging, storage, repairs and cleaning of containers	20.00	20.00	20.00	(a)	
EGH	EIL	Agency services dealing with port formalities	1.00	1.00	-	(b)	
EGH	ELA	Management consultancy	100.00	16.50	16.50	(d)	
EGH	EBR	Agency services dealing with port formalities	60.00	-	-	(e)	

				Ownership (%)		
Name of Investor	Name of Subsidiary	Main business activities	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019	June 30, 2019	Description
ETS	Whitney	Investments and leases of operating machinery and equipment of port terminals	100.00	100.00	100.00	
EMU	KTIL	Loading, discharging, storage, repairs and cleaning of containers	20.00	20.00	20.00	
Clove	ETS	Terminal Services	5.57	5.57	5.57	
Armand N.V.	Armand B.V.	Investments in container yards and port terminals	0.00	100.00	100.00	(g)
MBPI	MBT	Inland transportation, repairs and cleaning of containers	72.95	72.95	72.95	

- (a) On August 13, 2018, shareholders of the subsidiary, EGH, during their meeting resolved to make an equity transaction. EGH acquired a 100% equity interest of HMH and its indirect investees, wholly-owned Ever Shine (Shenzhen), wholly-owned Ever Shine (Qingdao), 49% owned MAC and 20% owned KTIL from other related party, Chestnut Estate B.V.. The transaction amount was US \$105,808. The applicable transactions were approved by the Investment Commission of the Ministry of Economic Affairs. The acquisition date was December 14, 2018. On December 21, 2018, shareholders of EGH during their meeting resolved to merge its subsidiary, HMH. EGH will be the surviving company and HMH will be dissolved after the merger. The liquidation process of HMH was completed by January 10, 2020.
- (b) On March 22, 2019, the Board of Directors of the Company and the subsidiary, EGH, resolved to establish a subsidiary, EIL, in Israel. The capital for establishment is ILS 1,800 (approx. USD 500), and the subsidiary is primarily engaged in container shipping and agency services dealing with port formalities.
- (c) On October 28, 2019, shareholders of the subsidiary, EGH, during their meeting resolved to make an equity transaction. EGH acquired the 3% ownership of MAC from Ningbo Jiang Dong Ever Elite Investment Consulting Ltd.. The transaction amount was CNY \$150. The applicable transactions were approved by the Investment Commission of the Ministry of Economic Affairs. The acquisition date was December 10, 2019.

- (d) On December 20, 2019, the Board of Directors of the subsidiary, EGH, approved the ELA equity transaction and acquired 83.50% equity interests from EMC

 EMU and other related parties, the transaction date was March 1, 2020 and the transaction amount was USD 544. After the transaction, the shareholding ratio which was the equity of ELA held by EGH increase from 16.50% to 100%. The company primarily engaged in management consultancy in Latin America. Because the transaction did not meet the requirements of IFRS 3, 'Definition of a business', the accounting treatment of this equity transaction would be accounted as acquired assets and liabilities based on the principle.
- (e) On August 13, 2019, the Board of Directors of the subsidiary, EGH, approved to establish a subsidiary, EBR, in Brazil, the initial capital amounted to BRL 1,200 (approx. USD 247), the date of the capital injection completion was March 16, 2020, this company primarily engaged in freight and shipping agent.
- (f) On March 18, 2020, the shareholders of the subsidiary, Armand N.V., during their meeting approved the accelerated liquidation. At the same day, the investment amount returned to the shareholder, Peony Investment S.A, and non-controlling interests amounted to \$339,638 (approx. USD 11,237) and \$145,909 (approx. USD 4,827), respectively, based on local regulations. The liquidation process of Armand N.V. was completed by June 30, 2020.
- (g) On March 17, 2020, the shareholders of the subsidiary, Armand B.V., during their meeting approved the accelerated liquidation. At the same day, the investment amount returned to Armand N.V. amounted to \$491,294 (approx. USD16,257) based on local regulations. The liquidation process of Armand B.V. was completed by June 25, 2020.
- C. Subsidiary not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- E. Significant restrictions: None.
- F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group:

As of June 30, 2019, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2020, the non-controlling interest amounted to \$3,878,204, \$3,549,067 and \$3,471,865, respectively. The information of non-controlling interest and respective subsidiaries is as follows:

			Non-controlling interest					
		June 30	, 2020	December	31, 2019			
Name of	Principal place		Ownership		Ownership			
subsidiary	of business	Amount	(%)	Amount	(%)	Description		
EMU	U.K.	\$ 830,366	49%	\$ 768,414	49%			
EGH	Hong Kong	2,073,073	20%	2,021,999	20%			

		Non-controlling interest June 30, 2019	
	Principal place	Ownership	
subsidiary	of business	Amount (%)	Description
EMU	U.K.	\$ 1,157,178 49%	
EGH	Hong Kong	1,977,450 20%	

Summarised financial information of the subsidiaries:

Balance sheets

	EMU					
		June 30, 2020	De	ecember 31, 2019		June 30, 2019
Current assets	\$	6,457,266	\$	6,866,440	\$	7,534,587
Non-current assets		44,310,045		46,043,283		48,835,466
Current liabilities	(15,677,761)	(16,584,869)	(16,622,642)
Non-current liabilities	(33,394,926)	(34,756,663)	(37,385,823)
Total net assets	\$	1,694,624	\$	1,568,191	\$	2,361,588
				EGH		
		June 30, 2020	De	ecember 31, 2019		June 30, 2019
Current assets	\$	11,452,030	\$	12,300,364	\$	9,099,921
Non-current assets		32,944,372		29,181,330		27,694,228
Current liabilities	(12,458,777)	(12,496,762)	(11,728,553)
Non-current liabilities	(21,990,763)	(19,659,040)	(15,694,044)
Total net assets	\$	9,946,862	\$	9,325,892	\$	9,371,552

Statements of comprehensive income

	EMU					
	Three-month period ended 7 June 30, 2020			ee-month period ended June 30, 2019		
Revenue	\$	9,093,521	\$	10,466,207		
Profit (loss) before income tax	\$	810,926	(\$	224,640)		
Income tax expense	(6,123)	()	4,933)		
Profit (loss) for the period from continuing operations		804,803	(229,573)		
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax		209	(1,927)		
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period	\$	805,012	(\$	231,500)		
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interest	\$	394,456	(<u>\$</u>	113,435)		

		EMU	
	Six-month period June 30, 20		x-month period ended June 30, 2019
Revenue		548,751 \$	21,014,448
Profit (loss) before income tax		172,734 (\$	654,954)
Income tax expense	(13,316) (9,541)
Profit (loss) for the period from continuing operations		159,418 (664,495)
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	(1,240) (189)
Total comprehensive income (loss)			
for the period	\$	<u>158,178</u> (<u>\$</u>	664,684)
Comprehensive income (loss)			
attributable to non-controlling interest	\$	77,507 (\$	325,695)
		EGH	
	Three-month period June 30, 20		ee-month period ended June 30, 2019
Revenue	\$ 8,4	460,509 \$	6,859,907
Profit (loss) before income tax		150,598 (\$	117,041)
Income tax expense	(103,967) (133,857)
Profit (loss) for the period from continuing operations	1,0	046,631 (250,898)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax			-
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period	<u>\$ 1,</u>	046,631 (\$	250,898)
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interest	\$	209,326 (\$	50,180)
		EGH	
	Six-month period June 30, 20	d ended Six	x-month period ended June 30, 2019
Revenue	\$ 15,4	474,660 \$	12,513,107
Profit before income tax		082,307 \$	268,836
Income tax expense		148,147) (245,605)
Profit for the period from		934,160	23,231
		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period	\$	934,160 \$	23,231
Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interest	\$	186,832 \$	4,646
continuing operations Other comprehensive income, net of tax Total comprehensive income for the period Comprehensive income	\$		23,23

Statements of cash flows

		EM	1 U			
	Six	-month period ended June 30, 2020	Six	x-month period ended June 30, 2019		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	2,184,322	\$	556,533		
Net cash used in investing activities	(883,804)	(17,573)		
Net cash used in financing activities Effect of exchange rates on cash	(1,390,893)	(841,211)		
and cash equivalents	(28,407)		18,315		
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents,	(118,782)	(283,936)		
beginning of period		1,610,984		1,787,358		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	1,492,202	\$	1,503,422		
		EGH				
	Six	-month period ended June 30, 2020	Six	x-month period ended June 30, 2019		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	3,967,986	\$	3,457,310		
Net cash used in investing activities Net cash (used in) provided by	(2,380,134)	(6,719,613)		
financing activities	(2,312,254)		2,460,742		
Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents	(70,645)		28,755		
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(795,047)	(772,806)		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		4,542,951		3,166,065		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	3,747,904	\$	2,393,259		

(4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan Dollars, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

A. Foreign currency transactions and balances

(a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise, except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges and qualifying net investment hedges.

- (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are retranslated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognised in profit or loss.
- (c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.
- (d) All other foreign exchange gains and losses based on the nature of those transactions are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains and losses'.
- B. Translation of foreign operations
 - (a) The operating results and financial position of all the group entities and associates that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:
 - i. Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
 - ii. Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
 - iii. All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.
 - (b) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is an associate, exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on sale. In addition, even when the Group retains partial interest in the former foreign associate after losing significant influence over the former foreign associate, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in these foreign operations.
 - (c) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is a subsidiary, cumulative exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately transferred to the non-controlling interest in this foreign operation. In addition, even when the Group retains partial interest in the former foreign subsidiary after losing control of the former foreign subsidiary, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in the foreign operation.
 - (d) Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing exchange rates at the balance sheet date.

- (5) Classification of current and non-current items
 - A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
 - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realised, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
 - (c) Assets that are expected to be realised within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.
 - B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:
 - (a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
 - (c) Liabilities that are to be settled within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.
- (6) <u>Cash equivalents</u>

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits with original maturities of three months or less that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

- (7) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss
 - A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are not measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income.
 - B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
 - C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value and recognises the transaction costs in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value, and recognises the gain or loss in profit or loss.
 - D. The Group recognises the dividend income when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

- (8) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income
 - A. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise equity securities which are not held for trading, and for which the Group has made an irrevocable election at initial recognition to recognise changes in fair value in other comprehensive income and debt instruments which meet all of the following criteria:
 - (a) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
 - (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
 - B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
 - C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value:
 - (a) The changes in fair value of equity investments that were recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to retained earnings and are not reclassified to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends are recognised as other income when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.
 - (b) Except for the recognition of impairment loss, interest income and gain or loss on foreign exchange which are recognised in profit or loss, the changes in fair value of debt instruments are taken through other comprehensive income. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss.
- (9) Financial assets at amortised cost
 - A. Financial assets at amortised cost are those that meet all of the following criteria:
 - (a) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows.
 - (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
 - B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at amortised cost are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
 - C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest method. A gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired.
 - D. The Group's time deposits which do not fall under cash equivalents are those with a short maturity period and are measured at initial investment amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(10) Notes, accounts and other receivables

- A. Notes and account receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services. Receivables arising from transactions other than the sale of goods or service are classified as other receivables.
- B. The short-term notes receivable, accounts receivable and other receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(11) Impairment of financial assets

For debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets at amortised cost including accounts receivable or contract assets that have a significant financing component at each reporting date, the Group recognises the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognises the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognises the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

(12) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset when one of the following conditions is met:

- A. The contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset expire.
- B. The contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset.
- C. The contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset have been transferred; however, the Group has not retained control of the financial asset.
- (13) Operating leases (lessor) operating leases

Lease income from an operating lease (net of any incentives given to the lessee) is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(14) Inventories

Inventories refer to fuel inventories and steel inventories. Fuel inventories are physically measured by the crew of each ship and reported back to the Head Office through telegraph for recording purposes at balance sheet date. Valuation of inventories is based on the exchange rate prevailing at balance sheet date.

The perpetual inventory system is adopted for steel inventory recognition. Steel inventories are stated at cost. The cost is determined using the weighted-average method. At the end of period, inventories are evaluated at the lower of cost or net realisable value, and the individual item approach is used in the comparison of cost and net realisable value. The calculation of net realisable value should be based on the estimated selling price in the normal course of business, net of estimated costs of completion and estimated selling expenses.

(15) Investments accounted for using equity method / associates

- A. Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control. In general, it is presumed that the investor has significant influence, if an investor holds, directly or indirectly 20 percent or more of the voting power of the investee. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are initially recognised at cost.
- B. The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.
- C. When changes in an associate's equity that are not recognised in profit or loss or other comprehensive income of the associate and such changes not affecting the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, the Group recognises the Group's share of change in equity of the associate in 'capital surplus' in proportion to its ownership.
- D. Unrealised gains and loss on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
- E. In the case that an associate issues new shares and the Group does not subscribe or acquire new shares proportionately, which results in a change in the Group's ownership percentage of the associate but maintains significant influence on the associate, then 'capital surplus' and 'investments accounted for using equity method' shall be adjusted for the increase or decrease of its share of equity interest. If the above condition causes a decrease in the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, in addition to the above adjustment, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.
- F. Upon loss of significant influence over an associate, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former associate at its fair value. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.
- G. When the Group disposes its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate, are reclassified to profit or loss, on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of. If it retains significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately in accordance with the aforementioned approach.

- H. When the Group disposes its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognised as capital surplus in relation to the associate are transferred to profit or loss. If it still retains significant influence over this associate, then the amounts previously recognised as capital surplus in relation to the associate are transferred to profit or loss proportionately.
- (16) Property, plant and equipment
 - A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalised.
 - B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
 - C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
 - D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year-end. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Buildings	$20 \sim 135$ years
Loading and unloading equipment	$5 \sim 20$ years
Ships (Except for docking repair and scrubber)	18 ~ 25 years
Ship (Docking repair)2	2.5 ~ 5 years
Ship (Scrubber)	$7 \sim 10$ years
Transportation equipment	$5 \sim 10$ years
Other equipment	$2 \sim 20$ years

- (17) Leasing arrangements (lessee) right-of-use assets/ lease liabilities
 - A. Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.
 - B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate.

Lease payments are comprised of the following:

- (a) Fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable;
- (b) Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate; and
- (c) The exercise price of a purchase option, if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option.

The Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortised cost using the interest method and recognises interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.

- C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost comprising the following:
 - (a) The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
 - (b) Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date;
 - (c) Any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee; and
 - (d) An estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

- D. For lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the lessee shall decrease the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognise the difference between remeasured lease liability in profit or loss.
- (18) Investment property

An investment property is stated initially at its cost and measured subsequently using the cost model. Except for land, investment property is depreciated on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of $20 \sim 60$ years.

(19) Intangible assets

A. Computer software

Computer software is stated at cost and amortised on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 3 years.

B. Goodwill

Goodwill arises in a business combination accounted for by applying the acquisition method.

C. Customer relationship

Customer relationship arises from the business combination is measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. Customer relationship has a finite useful life and are amortised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of 8.05 to 10 years.

(20) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. Except for goodwill, when the circumstances or reasons for recognizing impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortised historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognised.

(21) Borrowings

- A. Borrowings comprise long-term and short-term bank borrowings and other long-term and short-term loans. Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.
- B. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a pre-payment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

(22) Accounts payable

- A. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services.
- B. The short-term notes and accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

- (23) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss
 - A. Financial liabilities are classified in this category of held for trading if acquired principally for the purpose of repurchasing in the short-term. Derivatives are also categorised as financial liabilities held for trading unless they are designated as hedges or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are designated as at fair value through profit or loss at initial recognition:
 - (a) Hybrid (combined) contracts; or
 - (b) They eliminate or significantly reduce a measurement or recognition inconsistency; or
 - (c) They are managed and their performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management policy.
 - B. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial liabilities at fair value. All related transaction costs are recognised in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures these financial liabilities at fair value with any gain or loss recognised in profit or loss.
- (24) Bonds payable

Ordinary corporate bonds issued by the Group are initially recognised at fair value less transaction costs. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is presented as an addition to or deduction from bonds payable, which is amortised to profit or loss over the period of bond circulation using the effective interest method as an adjustment to 'finance costs'.

(25) Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is either discharged or cancelled or expires.

(26) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and reported in the net amount in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

- (27) Hedge accounting
 - A. At the inception of the hedging relationship, there is formal designation and documentation of the hedging relationship and the Group's risk management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge. That documentation shall include identification of the hedging instrument, the hedged item, the nature of the risk being hedged and how the Group will assess whether the hedging relationship meets the hedge effectiveness requirements.
 - B. The Group designates the hedging relationship as follows: Cash flow hedge:

A hedge of the exposure to variability in cash flows that is attributable to a particular risk associated with a recognised asset or liability or a highly probable forecast transaction.

C. Cash flow hedges

- (a)The cash flow hedge reserve associated with the hedged item is adjusted to the lower of the following (in absolute amounts):
 - i. the cumulative gain or loss on the hedging instrument from inception of the hedge; andii. the cumulative change in fair value of the hedged item from inception of the hedge.
- (b)The effective portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument is recognised in other comprehensive income. The gain or loss on the hedging instrument relating to the ineffective portion is recognised in profit or loss.
- (c)The amount that has been accumulated in the cash flow hedge reserve in accordance with item(a) is accounted for as follows:
 - i. If a hedged forecast transaction subsequently results in the recognition of a non-financial asset or non-financial liability, or a hedged forecast transaction for a non-financial asset or non-financial liability becomes a firm commitment for which fair value hedge accounting is applied, the Group shall remove that amount from the cash flow hedge reserve and include it directly in the initial cost or other carrying amount of the asset or liability.
 - ii. For cash flow hedges other than those covered by item i. above, that amount shall be reclassified from the cash flow hedge reserve to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment in the same period or periods during which the hedged expected future cash flows affect profit or loss.
 - iii. If that amount is a loss and the Group expects that all or a portion of that loss will not be recovered in one or more future periods, it shall immediately reclassify the amount that is not expected to be recovered into profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment.
- (d) When the hedging instrument expires, or is sold, terminated, exercised or when the hedging relationship ceases to meet the qualifying criteria, if the forecast transaction is still expected to occur, the amount that has been accumulated in the cash flow hedge reserve shall remain in the cash flow hedge reserve until the forecast transaction occurs; if the forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, the amount shall be immediately reclassified from the cash flow hedge reserve to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment.

(28) Employee benefits

A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognised as expense in that period when the employees render service.

B. Pensions

(a) Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognised as pension expense when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

- (b) Defined benefit plans
 - i. Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with the Group in current period or prior periods. The liability recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets. The net defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The rate used to discount is determined by using interest rates of high-quality corporate bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related pension liability; when there is no deep market in high-quality corporate bonds, the Group uses interest rates of government bonds (at the balance sheet date) instead.
 - ii. Remeasurements arising on defined benefit plans are recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and are recorded as retained earnings.
 - iii. Past service costs are recognised immediately in profit or loss.
 - iv. Pension cost for the interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the pension cost rate derived from the actuarial valuation at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off events. And, the related information is disclosed accordingly.
- C. Termination benefits

Termination benefits are employee benefits provided in exchange for the termination of employment as a result from either the Group's decision to terminate an employee's employment before the normal retirement date, or an employee's decision to accept an offer of redundancy benefits in exchange for the termination of employment. The Group recognises expense as it can no longer withdraw an offer of termination benefits or it recognises relating restructuring costs, whichever is earlier. Benefits that are expected to be due more than 12 months after balance sheet date shall be discounted to their present value.

D. Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration

Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration are recognised as expense and liability, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates. If employee compensation is paid by shares, the Group calculates the number of shares based on the closing price at the previous day of the board meeting resolution.

(29) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or items recognised directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- C. Deferred income tax is recognised, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.
- D. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. At each balance sheet date, unrecognised and recognised deferred income tax assets are reassessed.
- E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.
- F. A deferred tax asset shall be recognised for the carryforward of unused tax credits resulting from acquisitions of equipment or technology, research and development expenditures and equity investments to the extent that it is possible that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax credits can be utilised.
- G. The interim period income tax expense is recognised based on the estimated average annual effective income tax rate expected for the full financial year applied to the pretax income of the interim period, and the related information is disclosed accordingly.

H. If a change in tax rate is enacted or substantively enacted in an interim period, the Group recognises the effect of the change immediately in the interim period in which the change occurs. The effect of the change on items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity while the effect of the change on items recognised in profit or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

(30) Dividends

Dividends are recorded in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are resolved by the Company's shareholders. Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities; stock dividends are recorded as stock dividends to be distributed and are reclassified to ordinary shares on the effective date of new shares issuance.

(31) <u>Revenue recognition</u>

A. Sales of services

Revenue from delivering services is recognised under the percentage-of-completion method when the outcome of services provided can be estimated reliably. The stage of completion of a service contract is measured by the percentage of the actual services performed as of the financial reporting date to the total services to be performed. If the outcome of a service contract cannot be estimated reliably, contract revenue should be recognised only to the extent that contract costs incurred are likely to be recoverable. The customer pays at the time specified in the payment schedule. If the services rendered exceed the payment, a contract asset is recognised. If the payments exceed the services rendered, a contract liability is recognised.

B. Rental revenue

The Group leases ships and shipping spaces under IFRS 16, 'Leases'. Lease assets are classified as finance leases or operating leases based on the transferred proportion of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the leased asset, and recognised in revenue over the lease term.

(32) **Business combinations**

A. The Group uses the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets transferred, liabilities incurred or assumed and equity instruments issued at the acquisition date, plus the fair value of any assets and liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. All acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. For each business combination, the Group measures at the acquisition date components of non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to the proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation at either fair value or the present ownership instruments' proportionate share in the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other non-controlling interests should be measured at the acquisition-date fair value.

- B. The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed is recorded as goodwill at the acquisition date. If the total of consideration transferred, non-controlling interest in the acquiree recognised and the fair value of previously held equity interest in the acquiree is less than the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed, the difference is recognised directly in profit or loss on the acquisition date.
- (33) Operating segments

The Group's operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker. The Chief Operating Decision-Maker is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF

ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the related information is addressed below:

- (1) <u>Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies</u> None.
- (2) <u>Critical accounting estimates and assumptions</u>
 - A. Revenue recognition

Revenue from freight services of the Group is recognised under the percentage-of-completion method for each vessel of which the service has been provided during the reporting period. The adjustments to the estimated amount may be required as the transit days and the freight revenue are subject to estimation.

B. Impairment assessment of tangible assets

The Group assesses impairment based on its subjective judgement and determines the separate cash flows of a specific group of assets, useful lives of assets and the future possible income and expenses arising from the assets depending on how assets are utilized and industrial characteristics. Any changes of economic circumstances or estimates due to the change of Group strategy might cause material impairment on assets in the future.

As of June 30, 2020, the Group recognised property, plant, equipment and cargo handling equipment, transport equipment and ship equipment, which are recognised in right-of-use asset, amounting to \$103,481,284 and \$67,298,884, respectively.

6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	June 30, 2020		Dece	ember 31, 2019	June 30, 2019	
Cash on hand and petty cash	\$	30,939	\$	28,964	\$	30,769
Checking accounts and demand						
deposits		8,142,358		6,903,864		7,646,771
Time deposits		30,085,435		30,939,061		29,485,610
	\$	38,258,732	\$	37,871,889	\$	37,163,150

A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.

B. The Group has no cash and cash equivalents pledged to others.

(2) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Items	Jı	June 30, 2020		December 31, 2019		June 30, 2019	
Non-current items:							
Equity instruments							
Listed (TSE) stocks	\$	490,801	\$	490,801	\$	490,801	
Unlisted stocks		206,403		208,570		212,636	
		697,204		699,371		703,437	
Valuation adjustment		761,213		1,020,052		1,194,278	
	\$	1,458,417	\$	1,719,423	\$	1,897,715	

- A. The Group has elected to classify these investments that are considered to be strategic investments as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. The fair value of such investments amounted to \$1,458,417, \$1,719,423 and \$1,897,715 at June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019 respectively.
- B. Amounts recognised in profit or loss and other comprehensive income in relation to the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are listed below:

Three-month period ended Three-month period ende							
Jun	e 30, 2020		June 30, 2019				
\$	16,190	\$	230,571				
\$	3,316	(<u>\$</u>	8,967)				
\$	73,247	\$	89,638				
		June 30, 2020 <u>\$ 16,190</u> <u>\$ 3,316</u>	June 30, 2020 \$ 16,190 \$ 3,316 (\$				

	Six-month period ended		Six	-month period ended
		June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019
Equity instruments at fair value through				
other comprehensive income				
Fair value change recognised in other				
comprehensive income	(<u>\$</u>	254,166)	\$	240,821
Income tax recognised in other				
comprehensive income	\$	10,198	(<u>\$</u>	7,125)
Dividend income recognised in profit or				
loss - Held at end of period	\$	73,247	\$	89,638

C. Information relating to fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income is provided in Note 12(3).

(3) Financial assets at amortised cost

Items	June 30, 2020		Dece	mber 31, 2019	June 30, 2019	
Current items:						
Time deposits exceeding 3 months	\$	423,185	\$	1,727,796	\$	1,825,075
Pledged time deposits		239,295		290,740		293,748
	\$	662,480	\$	2,018,536	\$	2,118,823
Non-current items:						
Financial bonds	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	100,000

A. Amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to financial assets at amortised cost are listed below:

Three-month period ended	Three-month period ended
--------------------------	--------------------------

	June	June 30, 2020				
Interest income	\$	4,561	\$	9,062		
	Six-month	n period ended	Six-month period ended			
	June	June 30, 2020				
Interest income	\$	23,047	\$	32,087		

- B. As at June 30, 2020 December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019 without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the financial assets at amortised cost held by the Group was \$762,480, \$2,118,536 and 2,218,823, respectively.
- C. Details of the Group's financial assets at amortised cost pledged to others as collateral are provided in Note 8.
- D. Information relating to credit risk of financial assets at amortised cost is provided in Note 12(2).

(4) Notes and accounts receivable

	Ju	ine 30, 2020 Dec	cember 31, 2019	Ju	ine 30, 2019
Notes receivable	\$	95,133 \$	129,547	\$	90,185
Less: Allowance for bad debts	(9) (2)	()	2)
	<u>\$</u>	95,124 \$	129,545	\$	90,183
Accounts receivable (including					
related parties)	\$	14,655,262 \$	14,772,158	\$	15,303,988
Less: Allowance for bad debts	(9,481) (12,345)	()	16,308)
	\$	14,645,781 \$	14,759,813	\$	15,287,680
Overdue receivables (recorded					
as other non-current assets)	\$	264,667 \$	269,506	\$	278,585
Less: Allowance for bad debts	(264,667) (269,506)	()	278,585)
	\$	- \$	-	\$	_

A. The ageing analysis of accounts receivable and notes receivable are as follows:

	Jı	June 30, 2020		December 31, 2019		ne 30, 2019						
	Acco	Accounts receivable		Accounts receivable Ac		Accounts receivable		unts receivable				
Not past due	\$	12,411,939	\$	12,094,901	\$	10,625,541						
Up to 30 days		2,030,759		2,450,297		3,501,570						
31 to 180 days		141,699		226,960		1,176,877						
Over 180 days		335,532		269,506		278,585						
	\$	14,919,929	\$	15,041,664	\$	15,582,573						
	Jı	June 30, 2020		June 30, 2020		June 30, 2020		June 30, 2020		mber 31, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2019
	No	tes receivable	Not	tes receivable	No	tes receivable						
Not past due	\$	95,133	\$	129,547	\$	90,185						
Up to 30 days		-		-		-						
31 to 180 days		-				-						
	\$	95,133	\$	129,547	\$	90,185						

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

- B. As of June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019, June 30, 2019, and January 1, 2019, the balances of receivables (including notes receivable) from contracts with customers amounted to \$13,601,225, \$13,084,484, \$13,205,755 and \$14,202,068, respectively.
- C. The Group has no notes and accounts receivable held by the Group pledged to others.
- D. As at June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the Group's notes receivable were \$95,124, \$129,545 and \$90,183, respectively; and the amount that best represents the Group's accounts receivable were \$14,645,781, \$14,759,813 and \$15,287,680, respectively.
- E. Information relating to credit risk of notes receivable and accounts receivable is provided in Note 12(2).

(5) Inventories

	June 30, 2020						
				wance for			
		Cost	valı	uation loss	E	Book value	
Ship fuel	\$	2,294,431	\$	-	\$	2,294,431	
Steel and others		351,207				351,207	
	\$	2,645,638	\$	-	\$	2,645,638	
			Decem	nber 31, 2019			
			Allo	owance for			
		Cost	valı	uation loss	E	Book value	
Ship fuel	\$	4,273,258	\$	-	\$	4,273,258	
Steel and others		274,661		-		274,661	
	\$	4,547,919	\$	-	\$	4,547,919	
			June	e 30, 2019			
			Allo	owance for			
		Cost	valı	uation loss	E	Book value	
Ship fuel	\$	4,370,815	\$	-	\$	4,370,815	
Steel and others		378,698	_	-		378,698	
	\$	4,749,513	\$	-	\$	4,749,513	
(6) Other current assets							
	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Decem	nber 31, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2019	
Shipowner's accounts	\$	789,879	\$	28,957	\$	1,357,669	
Agency accounts		2,357,361		1,502,487		1,186,767	
Temporary debits		804,702		837,183		1,075,994	
	\$	3,951,942	\$	2,368,627	\$	3,620,430	

A. Shipowner's accounts:

Temporary accounts, between the Group and other related parties – Evergreen International S.A., Gaining Enterprise S.A., Italia Marittima S.p.A., and Evergreen Marine (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. incurred due to foreign port formalities and pier rental expenses.

B. Agency accounts:

The Group entered into agency agreements with its related parties, whereby the related parties act as the Group's agents to deal with domestic and foreign port formalities, such as arrival and departure of the Group's ships, cargo stevedoring and forwarding, freight collection, and payment of expenses incurred in domestic and foreign ports.

C. Temporary debits are mainly subject to the account of settlements between other carriers and the OCEAN Alliance, which the Group formed in response to market competition and enhancement of global transportation network to provide better logistics services to customers with Cosco Container Lines Co., Ltd., CMA CGM, Ltd., and the Orient Overseas Container Line, Ltd. on March 31, 2017 for trading of shipping space.

(7) Investments accounted for using equity method

A. Details of long-term equity investments accounted for using equity method are set forth below:

	J	une 30, 2020	Dec	ember 31, 2019	 June 30, 2019
Evergreen International Storage	\$	8,891,012	\$	9,039,677	\$ 9,010,267
and Transport Corporation					
EVA Airways Corporation		10,959,263		11,399,909	10,665,767
Taipei Port Container Terminal Corporation		1,481,822		1,583,427	1,544,108
Charng Yang Development Co., Ltd.		522,864		553,210	518,498
Luanta Investment					
(Netherlands) N.V.		1,849,171		1,884,647	1,954,792
Balsam Investment (Netherlands) N.V.		407,923		525,226	228,779
Colon Container Terminal S.A.		3,130,412		3,193,300	3,273,425
Others		1,166,201		1,221,529	 1,069,753
	\$	28,408,668	\$	29,400,925	\$ 28,265,389

B. Associates

(a) The basic information of the associates that are material to the Group is as follows:

	Principal					
	place of				Nature of	Methods of
Company name	business	C	Ownership(%)		relationship	measurement
		June 30,	December	June 30,		
		2020	31, 2019	2019		
Evergreen International Storage and Transport Corporation	TW	40.36%	40.36%	40.36%	With a right over 20% to vote	Equity method
EVA Airways Corporation	TW	16.00%	16.00%	16.00%	Have a right to vote in the Board of Directors	Equity method

(b) The summarised financial information of the associates that are material to the Group is as follows:

Balance sheet

		Evergreen Intern	sport Corporation			
	Ju	ne 30, 2020	De	cember 31, 2019	June 30, 2019	
Current assets	\$	5,826,424	\$	6,121,815	\$	5,815,106
Non-current assets		27,985,138		28,889,987		29,336,203
Current liabilities	(3,987,072)	(2,703,450)	(3,202,673)
Non-current liabilities	(7,539,570)	(9,485,576)	(9,152,926)
Total net assets	\$	22,284,920	\$	22,822,776	\$	22,795,710
Share in associate's net assets	\$	8,942,240	\$	9,098,692	\$	9,088,507
Unrealized income with affiliated companies	(51,228)	(59,015)	(78,240)
Carrying amount of the associate	\$	8,891,012	\$	9,039,677	\$	9,010,267

	EVA Airways Corporation							
	J	une 30, 2020	Dec	cember 31, 2019	June 30, 2019			
Current assets	\$	58,764,144	\$	77,199,776	\$	78,366,845		
Non-current assets		273,917,530		279,051,918		277,348,200		
Current liabilities	(58,997,524)	(82,441,715)	(76,813,237)		
Non-current liabilities	(198,798,761)	(195,667,963)	(205,687,710)		
Total net assets	\$	74,885,389	\$	78,142,016	\$	73,214,098		
Share in associate's net assets	\$	10,959,263	\$	11,399,909	\$	10,665,767		

Statement of comprehensive income

	Evergreen International Storage and Transport Corporation						
	Three-month period ended Three-month period ended						
	Ju	ne 30, 2020	June 30, 2019				
Revenue	\$	1,704,030	\$	1,977,258			
Profit for the period	\$	205,252	\$	254,346			
Other comprehensive income,							
net of tax		4,210		51,374			
Total comprehensive income	\$	209,462	\$	305,720			
Dividends received from associates	\$	129,208	\$	150,742			

	Evergreen International Storage and Transport Corporation						
		onth period ended ane 30, 2020	Six-month period ended June 30, 2019				
Revenue	\$	3,492,829	\$	3,895,130			
Profit for the period	\$	366,002	\$	448,264			
Other comprehensive (loss) income,							
net of tax	(433,956)		189,952			
Total comprehensive (loss) income	(\$	67,954)	<u>\$</u>	638,216			
Dividends received from associates	\$	129,208	\$	150,742			
		EVA Airways	Corpor	ation			
	Three-month period ended Three-month period ended						
	Jı	une 30, 2020	Ju	ine 30, 2019			
Revenue	\$	19,288,932	\$	43,864,832			
(Loss) profit for the period	(\$	705,895)	\$	284,757			
Other comprehensive income (loss),							
net of tax		2,326,445	(735,485)			
Total comprehensive income (loss)	\$	1,620,550	(<u>\$</u>	450,728)			
Dividends received from associates	\$	194,135	\$	376,987			
	EVA Airways Corporation						
	Six-mo	onth period ended	Six-mo	onth period ended			
	Jı	une 30, 2020	Ju	ine 30, 2019			
Revenue	\$	49,522,030	\$	88,177,559			
(Loss) profit for the period	(\$	1,800,477)	\$	2,387,247			
Other comprehensive income (loss),		207 402	(
net of tax		287,483	(669,471)			
Total comprehensive (loss) income	(<u>\$</u>	1,512,994)	\$	1,717,776			
Dividends received from associates	\$	194,135	\$	376,987			

Evergreen International Storage and Transport Corporation

(c) The carrying amount of the Group's interests in all individually immaterial associates and the Group's share of the operating results are summarised below:

As of June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019, the carrying amount of the Group's individually immaterial associates amounted to \$8,558,393, \$8,961,339 and \$8,589,355, respectively.

	Six-1	month period ended June 30, 2020	x-month period ended June 30, 2019	
Income (loss) for the period	\$	303,272	(\$	303,056)
Other comprehensive income,				
net of tax		-		
Total comprehensive (loss)	\$	303,272	(<u></u>	303,056)

- C. Above stated certain investments accounted for using equity method are based on the financial statements of associates which were not reviewed by the independent accountants or reviewed by the associates' independent accountants.
- D. The fair value of the Group's associates which have quoted market price was as follows:

	June 30, 2020		December 31, 2019		June 30, 2019	
Evergreen International Storage and Transport Corporation	\$	5,878,948	\$	6,180,433	\$	6,137,364
EVA Airways Corporation		8,697,260	_	10,677,440		11,271,926
	\$	14,576,208	\$	16,857,873	\$	17,409,290

- E. To integrate the investment structure, on November 13, 2019, the shareholders of the subsidiary, Armand B.V., during their meeting approved to dispose 9.73% equity interests of Taipei Port Container Terminal Corporation. On February 7, 2020, the Company acquired 6.81% equity interests at par value of NT\$9.941 per share, consisting of 35,421 thousand shares, the transaction amounting to \$352,123. Additionally, other related party, EIS, also acquired 2.92% equity interests at par value of NT\$9.941 per share, consisting of 15,181 thousand shares, the transaction amounting to \$150,464. After the transaction, the shareholding ratio of the Group to Taipei Port Container Terminal Corporation decreased from 30.76% to 27.84%, still valued using equity method.
- F. The Board of Directors of the Company during its meeting on December 21, 2018 adopted a resolution to participate in the capital increase raised by EVA Airways Corporation amounting to 39,150 thousand shares, subscription price of NT\$13 (in dollars) per share, whose total price of \$508,944. In addition, the effective date was set on January 24, 2019 and after the acquisition, the Company's share interest was decreased to 16.10%. Moreover, the Company purchased 70 thousand shares as specific person, the purchasing proceeds amounted to \$700, and the share interest further decreased to 16% as of June 30, 2020 after many conversions from corporate bonds to stocks took place in EVA Airways Corporation for the year ended December 31, 2019.
- G. On November 10, 2019, the Board of Directors of the subsidiary, Peony, has resolved to participate in the capital increase of the investee, Balsam Investment (Netherlands) N.V., as the original shareholder. The amount of capital increase was USD 24,500. After the capital increase, Peony's shareholding ratio is still 49%.

(8) Property, plant and equipment, net

						2020					
				Loading and	Computer and						
			Machinery	unloading	communication	Transportation		Office	Leasehold		
	Land	Buildings	equipment	equipment	equipment	equipment	Ships	equipment in	nprovements	Others	Total
At January 1											
Cost	\$ 823,377	\$ 7,589,613	\$ 653,005	\$ 11,587,972	\$ 1,317,804	\$ 28,726,237	\$ 122,361,439	\$ 581,306 \$	852,610 \$	221,576 \$	174,714,939
Accumulated											
depreciation		((518,595)	(8,182,213)	(807,079)) (9,328,119)	(45,014,883)	(454,356) (583,950) (11,358) (66,321,428)
	\$ 823,377	\$ 6,168,738	\$ 134,410	\$ 3,405,759	\$ 510,725	<u>\$ 19,398,118</u>	\$ 77,346,556	<u>\$ 126,950</u> <u>\$</u>	268,660 \$	210,218 \$	108,393,511
Opening net book											
amount as at January 1	\$ 823,377	\$ 6,168,738	\$ 134,410	\$ 3,405,759	\$ 510.725	\$ 19,398,118	\$ 77,346,556	\$ 126,950 \$	268,660 \$	210,218 \$	108,393,511
Additions	φ 023,311 -	¢ 0,100,730 6,975	¢ 131,110 510	15,625	103,023	2,822,688	381,183	¢ 126,930 ¢ 25,739	635,228	210,210 ¢	4,012,726
Disposals	-		-	· · · · · · · ·	,		· · · · · ·	·	-	- (785,533)
Reclassifications	18,209	10,132	_	-	5,938	,	5,989,593	14,639	510,292 (21,085)	6,644,013
Depreciation	-	(76,967)	(7,143)	(260,132)	(136,263)) (1,341,124)	(2,462,479)		74,377) (2,221) (4,383,782)
Net exchange		~ ~ ~ ~	· · · ·	· · · ·					, , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,
differences	(10,093)	(<u>138,841</u>)	(((8,418)) (279,089)	(836,153)	(4,489) (13,999) (5,099) (1,334,519)
Closing net book											
amount as at June 30	\$ 921 402	\$ 5,970,037	\$ 119,722	\$ 3,130,852	\$ 474,976	\$ 20,702,701	\$ 79,647,731	\$ 139,532 \$	1,325,804 \$	203,568 \$	112,546,416
Julie 50	<u>\$ 831,493</u>	\$ 3,970,037	\$ 119,722	\$ 3,130,832	\$ 474,970	\$ 20,702,701	\$ 79,047,731	<u>\$ 139,332</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>φ</u>	205,508 \$	112,340,410
At June 30											
Cost	¢ 921 402	¢ 7 407 054	\$ 612 409	¢ 11 400 572	¢ 1 209 220	¢ 21 179 076	¢ 120 140 020	¢ 601 702 ¢	1001414 \$	217140 \$	175 000 526
Accumulated	\$ 831,493	\$ 7,427,254	\$ 613,498	\$ 11,499,572	\$ 1,398,339	\$ 31,178,076	\$ 120,140,039	\$ 601,703 \$	1,981,414 \$	217,148 \$	175,888,536
depreciation	-	(1,457,217)	(493,776)	(8,368,720)	(923,363)) (10,475,375)	(40,492,308)	(462,171) (655,610) (13,580) (63,342,120)
1	\$ 831,493	\$ 5,970,037	\$ 119,722	\$ 3,130,852	\$ 474,976	` <u>````````````````````````````````````</u>	\$ 79,647,731	\$ 139,532 \$	1,325,804 \$	`````````````````	112,546,416
			· ; ·			, , , 1	, ,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	<u> </u>	_,,

						20)19				
				Loading and	Computer and						
			Machinery	unloading	communication	Transportation		Office	Lease	Leasehold	
	Land	Buildings	equipment	equipment	equipment	equipment	Ships	equipment	assets in	nprovements Others	Total
At January 1											
Cost	\$ 822,076	\$ 7,436,436	\$ 640,766	\$ 10,823,844	\$ 1,245,653	\$ 22,567,926	\$ 126,866,151	\$ 543,931 \$	20,242,368 \$	605,782 \$ 166,460	\$ 191,961,393
Accumulated											
depreciation		((511,626)	(7,327,291)	(617,547)	(7,371,302)	(50,041,877)	(423,622) (6,703,192) (480,658) (7,011)	(74,742,208)
	\$ 822,076	\$ 6,178,354	\$ 129,140	\$ 3,496,553	\$ 628,106	\$ 15,196,624	\$ 76,824,274	<u>\$ 120,309</u> <u>\$</u>	13,539,176 \$	<u>5 125,124</u> <u>\$ 159,449</u>	\$ 117,219,185
Opening net book											
amount as at											
January 1	\$ 822,076		\$ 129,140	\$ 3,496,553			\$ 76,824,274	\$ 120,309 \$	13,539,176 \$		\$ 117,219,185
Additions	-	68,571	319	4,174	10,205	4,611,610	144,653	14,419	-	6,940 65,057	4,925,948
Disposals	-	-	(197)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·) (7,114)		· /	-		
Reclassifications	-	88,162	-	99,426	16,173	-	2,835,137	12,879 (13,539,176)	223,791 (30,707)	
Depreciation	-	(77,465)	6,772)	(259,414)	(114,620)) (1,005,690)	(2,508,681)	(21,594)	- (45,906) (2,138)	(4,042,280)
Net exchange differences	7,880	71,012	1,841	16,715	5,744	114,160	465,926	2,001		402 416	686,097
Closing net book	7,880	/1,012	1,041	10,715		114,100	403,920	2,001		402 410	080,097
amount as at											
June 30	\$ 829,956	\$ 6,328,634	\$ 124,331	\$ 3,356,508	\$ 545,141	\$ 18,909,590	\$ 77,230,915	\$ 127,778 \$	- \$	310,351 \$ 192,077	\$ 107,955,281
At June 30											
Cost	\$ 829,956	\$ 7,660,223	\$ 648,060	\$ 10,968,504	\$ 1,269,170	\$ 27,326,997	\$ 123,217,723	\$ 569,788 \$	- \$	841,546 \$ 201,227	\$ 173,533,194
Accumulated											
depreciation		(1,331,589)	(523,729)	(7,611,996)	(724,029)	(8,417,407)	(45,986,808)	(- (531,195) (9,150)	(65,577,913)
	\$ 829,956	\$ 6,328,634	\$ 124,331	\$ 3,356,508	\$ 545,141	\$ 18,909,590	\$ 77,230,915	<u>\$ 127,778</u> <u>\$</u>	- \$	310,351 \$ 192,077	\$ 107,955,281

A. The Group has issued a negative pledge to granting banks for drawing borrowings within the credit line to purchase the above transportation equipment.B. Information about the property, plant and equipment that were pledged to others as collaterals is provided in Note 8.

(9) Leasing arrangements-lessee/Financial liabilities for hedging

- A. The Group leases various assets including land, buildings, loading and unloading equipment, transportation equipment, ships, and business vehicles. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 1 to 90 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.
- B. Short-term leases with a lease term of 12 months or less comprise buildings and ships. Low-value assets comprise office equipment and other equipment.
- C. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

	June 30, 2020		Dece	ember 31, 2019	June 30, 2019		
	Carrying amount		Carrying amount		Carrying amount		
Land	\$	11,091,284	\$	12,228,498	\$	13,562,696	
Buildings		734,233		865,940		916,096	
Loading and unloading equipment		49,811		101,493		431,126	
Transportation equipment		1,707,473		2,230,717		3,282,506	
Ships		65,541,600		67,134,641		60,174,602	
Office equipment		32,392		39,930		38,418	
Other equipment	11,318		22,967			35,598	
	\$ 79,168,111		\$	82,624,186	\$	78,441,042	

Three-month period ended Three-month period ended

	June 30, 2020 Depreciation charge		Jui	June 30, 2019 Depreciation charge	
			Depre		
Land	\$	475,776	\$	488,668	
Buildings		71,021		65,846	
Loading and unloading equipment		25,268		38,796	
Transportation equipment		168,079		265,652	
Ships		2,221,805		2,072,173	
Office equipment		4,303		4,506	
Other equipment		5,695		5,933	
	\$	2,971,947	\$	2,941,574	
	Six-mo	nth period ended	Six-mor	nth period ended	
	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Jui	ne 30, 2019	
	Depre	eciation charge	Depre	eciation charge	
Land	\$	953,895	\$	969,805	
Buildings		143,285		131,271	
Loading and unloading equipment		50,726		77,200	
Transportation equipment		350,817		532,795	
Ships		4,516,357		4,105,164	
Office equipment		8,756		8,557	
Other equipment		11,433		11,806	
	\$	6,035,269	\$	5,836,598	

- D. For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the additions to right-of-use assets were \$3,387,497 and \$9,969,137, respectively.
- E. For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the disposals to right-of-use assets were \$20,757 and \$61,434, respectively.
- F. The information on income and expense accounts relating to lease contracts is as follows:

	Three-month period ended Three-month period ended					
	Ju	June 30, 2020		ne 30, 2019		
Items affecting profit or loss						
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$	676,447	\$	676,490		
Expense on short-term lease contracts		975,459		1,726,058		
Expense on leases of low-value assets		3,379		4,179		
Expense on variable lease payments		1,063		1,462		
Gains arising from lease modifications		464		2,306		
	Six-mo	nth period ended	Six-mo	nth period ended		
	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019		
Items affecting profit or loss						
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$	1,445,085	\$	1,351,641		
Expense on short-term lease contracts		2,313,749		3,461,291		
Expense on leases of low-value assets		7,513		8,176		
Expense on variable lease payments		2,180		2,872		

- G. For six-month period ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Group's total cash outflow for leases amounted to \$9,462,009 and \$10,274,041, respectively.
- H. As of June 30, 2020, the Group had entered into lease agreements that contained non-lease service component. Based on the fair value of the lease and non-lease component, the future commitment payment allocated to service component amounted to \$10,643,805.
- I. The Group has applied the practical expedient to "Covid-19-related rent concessions", and recognised the gain from changes in lease payments arising from the rent concessions amounting to \$1,908 by decreasing rent expense in \$1,540 and increasing other income in \$368 for the sixmonth period ended June 30, 2020.
- J. To hedge the impact of expected variable exchange rate risk arising from US dollar denominated lease liabilities payable, the Company designated US dollar denominated lease contracts as the hedging instruments for hedging the foreign exchange variation of future US dollar denominated marine freight income and adopted cash flow hedge accounting. Moreover, the effective portion with respect to the changes in cash flows of the hedging instruments is deferred to recognise in gains (loss) on hedging instruments, which is under other equity interest, and will be directly included in the marine freight income when the hedged items are highly probable realised. Details of relevant transactions are as follows:

		June 30, 2020	
Hedged items	Designated as hedging instruments	Contract period	Book value
Expected US dollar denominated marine freight income transaction	US dollar denominated lease liabilities	2019.1.1~2034.8.15	\$ 18,850,478
		December 31, 2019	
Hedged items Expected US dollar denominated marine freight income transaction	Designated as hedging instruments US dollar denominated lease liabilities	Contract period 2019.1.1~2034.8.15	Book value \$ 20,188,942
		June 30, 2019	
Hedged items Expected US dollar denominated marine freight income	Designated as hedging instruments US dollar denominated lease liabilities	Contract period 2019.1.1~2027.6.12	Book value \$ 16,012,394
transaction			

(a) Lease liabilities designated as hedges (recorded as financial liabilities for hedging)

	Ju	ine 30, 2020	Dece	ember 31, 2019	Ju	ine 30, 2019
Cash flow hedges :						
Exchange rate risk						
Lease liability contracts						
designated as hedges						
Current liabilities	\$	1,904,770	\$	1,861,026	\$	1,635,308
Non-current liabilities		16,945,708		18,327,916		14,377,086
	\$	18,850,478	\$	20,188,942	\$	16,012,394

(b) Other equity - cash flow hedge reserve

	2020		2019
\$	333,011	(\$	64,904)
	470,291	(99,031)
(10,899)		5,094
\$	792,403	(\$	158,841)
	2020		2019
\$	460,138	\$	-
	351,704	(167,963)
(19,439)		9,122
\$	792,403	(\$	158,841)
	($\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

(c) For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, there are no cash flow hedges transactions of ineffective portion should be recognized in profit or loss.

(d) Information relating to the fair values of abovementioned hedging financial liabilities is provided in Note 12(3).

K. The amounts of lease liabilities (net of the lease liabilities designated as hedges) of the Group on June 30, 2019, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2020 are as follows:

	J	une 30, 2020	Dec	ember 31, 2019	Jı	une 30, 2019
Current lease liabilities	\$	8,288,247	\$	8,479,576	\$	9,232,238
Current lease liabilities - related parties		552,689		596,000		594,515
Non-current lease liabilities		49,818,344		51,284,350		50,104,936
Non-current lease liabilities - related parties		403,221		682,967		1,000,509
-	\$	59,062,501	\$	61,042,893	\$	60,932,198

(10) Investment property, net

	2020					
		Land		Buildings		Total
At January 1						
Cost	\$	1,415,029	\$	4,788,141	\$	6,203,170
Accumulated depreciation		_	(748,100)	(748,100)
	\$	1,415,029	\$	4,040,041	\$	5,455,070
Opening net book amount as at	\$	1,415,029	\$	4,040,041	\$	5,455,070
January 1	+ /		·		-	
Reclassifications	(18,209)		24,312	/	6,103
Depreciation	(-		78,159)		78,159)
Net exchange differences	(19)		91,529)	(91,548)
Closing net book amount as at June 30	\$	1,396,801	\$	3,894,665	\$	5,291,466
At June 30						
Cost	\$	1,396,801	\$	4,703,614	\$	6,100,415
Accumulated depreciation		-	(808,949)	(808,949)
	\$	1,396,801	\$	3,894,665	\$	5,291,466
				2019		
		Land		Buildings		Total
At January 1						
Cost	\$	1,415,054	\$	5,048,676	\$	6,463,730
Accumulated depreciation			(628,656)	(628,656)
	\$	1,415,054	\$	4,420,020	\$	5,835,074
Opening net book amount as at January 1	\$	1,415,054	\$	4,420,020	\$	5,835,074
Reclassifications		-		168		168
Depreciation		-	(83,643)	(83,643)
Net exchange differences		10		74,104		74,114
Closing net book amount as at June 30	\$	1,415,064	\$	4,410,649	\$	5,825,713
June 50		, , , - ,	-	, -,	<u> </u>	- , ,
At June 30		.				
Cost	\$	1,415,064	\$	5,143,029	\$	6,558,093
Accumulated depreciation		-	(732,380)	(732,380)
	\$	1,415,064	\$	4,410,649	\$	5,825,713

A. Rental income from the investment property and direct operating expenses arising from the investment property are shown below:

		month period June 30, 2020		-month period June 30, 2019
Rental revenue from the lease of the investment property	\$	50,300	\$	50,166
Direct operating expenses arising from the investment property that generated rental income in the period	\$	38,743	\$	42,262
Direct operating expenses arising from the investment property that did not generate rental income in	<u>.</u>		<u>.</u>	
the period	\$	433	\$	175
		onth period June 30, 2020		nonth period June 30, 2019
Rental revenue from the lease of the investment property		*		-
	ended .	June 30, 2020	ended	June 30, 2019

- B. The fair value of the investment property held by the Group as at June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019 was \$6,919,205, \$7,195,945 and \$7,921,672, respectively. The fair value measurements were based on the market prices of recently sold properties in the immediate vicinity of a certain property, and were classified as Level 2.
- C. Information about the investment property that were pledged to others as collaterals is provided in Note 8.
- (11) Other non-current assets

	Ju	ine 30, 2020	Dece	mber 31, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2019
Prepayments for equipment	\$	13,077,677	\$	9,308,236	\$	7,335,600
Refundable deposits		231,793		229,095		229,710
Others		72,709		101,051		98,731
	\$	13,382,179	\$	9,638,382	\$	7,664,041

Movement analysis of prepayments for equipment are as follows:

		2020	2019		
At January 1	\$	9,308,236 \$	4,619,738		
Additions		10,609,573	5,914,049		
Reclassification to property,					
plant and equipment	(6,507,359) (3,244,964)		
Reclassification to intangible assets	(1,867)	-		
Net exchange differences	(330,906)	46,777		
At June 30	\$	13,077,677 \$	7,335,600		

Amount of borrowing costs capitalised as part of prepayment for equipment and the range of the interest rates for such capitalisation are as follows:

		Three-mon	-				onth period
A		ended Jun				ea ju	ne 30, 2019
Amount capitalised		\$		62,567	\$		44,965
Interest rate		0.86%	~4.10	%	C).86%	~4.70%
		Six-mont	-				nth period
		ended Jun	e 30,	2020	ende	ed Ju	ne 30, 2019
Amount capitalised		\$	1	32,097	\$		104,431
Interest rate		0.86%	~4.10	%	C).86%	~4.70%
(12) Other current liabilities							
	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Dece	ember 31	1, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2019
Receipt in advance	\$	21,584	\$	5	6,522	\$	36,869
Long-term liabilities - current portion		25,244,379		22,84	1,596		21,771,914
Corporate bonds - current portion		4,000,000			-		-
Shipowner's accounts		2,260,331		2,36	6,770		1,682,782
Agency accounts		1,812,228		2,45	3,406		2,603,691
Others		49,668		4	6,015		75,294
	\$	33,388,190	\$	27,76	54,309	\$	26,170,550
(13) Corporate bonds payable							
	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Dece	ember 31	l, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2019
Domestic secured corporate bonds	\$	10,000,000	\$	10,00	0,000	\$	10,000,000
Less: Current portion or exercise							
of put options	(4,000,000)			_		-
	\$	6,000,000	\$	10,00	0,000	\$	10,000,000

- A. On April 25, 2017, the Company issued its thirteenth domestic secured corporate bonds (referred herein as the "Thirteenth Bonds"), totaling \$8,000,000. The Thirteenth Bonds are categorized into Bond A, B, C, D, E, F and G, depending on the guarantee institution. Bond A totals \$2,000,000, and the rest total \$6,000,000, with each par value of \$1,000,000. The major terms of the issuance are set forth below:
 - (a) Period: 5 years (April 25, 2017 to April 25, 2022)
 - (b) Coupon rate: 1.05% fixed per annum
 - (c) Principal repayment and interest payment

Repayments for the Thirteenth Bonds are paid annually on coupon rate, starting a year from the issuing date. For each category of the bonds mentioned above, half the principal must be paid at the end of the fourth year, and another half at the maturity date.

(d) Collaterals

The Thirteenth Bonds are secured. Bond A is guaranteed by Hua Nan Bank, Bond B is guaranteed by First Bank, Bond C is guaranteed by Mega International Commercial Bank, Bond D is guaranteed by Land Bank of Taiwan, Bond E is guaranteed by Chang Hwa Bank, Bond F is guaranteed by Taiwan Cooperative Bank, and Bond G is guaranteed by Bank Sinopac.

- B. On June 27, 2018, the Company issued its fourteenth domestic secured corporate bonds (referred herein as the "Fourteenth Bonds"), totaling \$2,000,000 at face value. The major terms of the issuance are set forth below:
 - (a) Period: 5 years (June 27, 2018 to June 27, 2023)
 - (b) Coupon rate: 0.86% fixed per annum
 - (c) Principal repayment and interest payment

Repayments for the Fourteenth Bonds are paid annually at coupon rate, starting a year from the issuing date. The principal of the Fourteenth Bonds shall be repaid in lump sum at maturity.

(d) Collaterals

The Fourteenth Bonds are secured and are guaranteed by First Commercial Bank.

(14) Long-term loans

	J	une 30, 2020	Dec	ember 31, 2019	Jı	une 30, 2019
Secured bank loans	\$	57,411,696	\$	55,633,704	\$	59,063,409
Unsecured bank loans		53,560,621		51,053,234		47,204,027
Add : Unrealised foreign exchange						
(losses) gains	(26,139)		49,713		267,193
Less: Hosting fee credit	(38,042)	(35,083)	(35,895)
		110,908,136		106,701,568		106,498,734
Less: Current portion (recorded as						
other current liabilities)	(25,244,379)	(22,841,596)	(21,771,914)
	\$	85,663,757	\$	83,859,972	\$	84,726,820
Borrowing period	202	20.08~2030.06	202	20.01~2029.11	201	9.08~2028.12
Interest rate	0	.93%~5.15%	1.	.12%~5.15%	0.	95%~5.15%

Please refer to Note 8 for details of the collaterals pledged for the above long-term loans.

(15) Other non-current liabilities

	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Dece	mber 31, 2019	Ju	ine 30, 2019
Accrued pension liabilities	\$	2,971,137	\$	3,028,061	\$	2,921,712
Guarantee deposits received		280,254		325,987		340,629
Unrealised gain on sale and leaseback		3,645		14,517		13,317
	\$	3,255,036	\$	3,368,565	\$	3,275,658

(16) Pension

A. (a) The Company and its domestic subsidiary-TTSC have a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Act ("the Act"), covering all regular employees' service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of employees who chose to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Act. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement. The Company and its domestic subsidiary-TTSC contribute monthly an amount equal to 15% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent retirement fund committee. Also, the Company and its domestic subsidiary-TTSC would assess the balance in the aforementioned labor pension reserve account by December 31, every year. If the account balance is insufficient to pay the pension calculated by the aforementioned method to the employees expected to qualify for retirement in the following year, the Company and its domestic subsidiary-TTSC will make contributions for the deficit by next March.

- (b) The employees with R.O.C. nationality of the Group's subsidiaries, EGH, GMS and EMU, adopted the Act. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement.
- (c) For the aforementioned pension plan, the Group recognised pension costs and expenses of, \$52,629, \$84,824, \$97,854 and \$145,442 for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2019 and 2020, respectively.
- (d) Expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plans of the Company and its subsidiary-TTSC for the six-month period ended June 30, 2020 amounts to \$98,628.
- B. (a) Effective July 1, 2005, the Company and its domestic subsidiary-TTSC have established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the"Act"), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company and its domestic subsidiary-TTSC contribute monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
 - (b) The pension costs and expenses under defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 were \$72,651, \$67,740, \$150,297 and \$130,115, respectively.
- (17) Capital stock
 - A. As of June 30, 2020, the Company's authorized capital was \$50,000,000, and the paid-in capital was \$48,129,738, consisting of 4,812,974 thousand shares of common stocks with a par value of NT\$10 (in dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.
 - B. On June 24, 2020, the shareholders meeting of the Company resolved to increase authorized capital from \$50,000,000 to \$70,000,000. All proceeds from share issuance was completed on July 22, 2020.
 - C. On August 13, 2019, the Board of Directors of the Company resolved to increase capital by \$3,000,000 by issuing 300,000 thousand shares at a par value of NT\$10 (in dollars) per share, of which 30,000 thousand shares are reserved for employee preemption. The proposal of capital increase has been reported and became effective on December 3, 2019. The total amount of shares was \$3,333,934. All proceeds from share issuance was completed on December 31, 2019.

(18) Capital surplus

Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Law requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalised mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

			2020		
			Adjustments to		
		Employe	share of changes		
		stock	in equity of		
	Share	options	associates and	Donated	
	premium	exercised	joint ventures	assets	Others
At January 1	\$ 9,167,217	\$ 110,956	\$ 2,122,105	\$ 446	\$ 6,713
Expired unclaimed					• •
dividends	-	-	-	-	38
Recognition of change in equity of associates in proportion to					
the Company's ownership			1,019		
At June 30	\$ 9,167,217	\$ 110,956	\$ 2,123,124	\$ 446	\$ 6,751
			2019		
			Adjustments to		
		Employe	share of changes		
		stock	in equity of		
	Share	options	associates and	Donated	
	premium	exercised	joint ventures	assets	Others
At January 1	\$ 8,833,283	\$ 93,890	\$ 2,124,813	\$ 446	\$ 6,713
Recognition of change in equity of associates in proportion to					
the Company's ownership			(8,924)	
At June 30	\$ 8,833,283	\$ 93,890	\$ 2,115,889	\$ 446	\$ 6,713

(19) <u>Retained earnings</u>

- A. According to the Company's Articles of Incorporation, if there is any profit for a fiscal year, the Company shall first make provision for all taxes and cover prior years' losses and then appropriate 10% of the residual amount as legal reserve. Dividends shall be proposed by the Board of Directors and resolved by the stockholders.
- B. Dividend policy

In order to facilitate future expansion plans, dividends to stockholders are distributed mutually in the form of both cash and stocks with the basic principle that the ratio of cash dividends to total stock dividends shall not be lower than 10%.

C. Legal reserve

Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the distribution of the reserve is limited to the portion in excess of 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.

- D. In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.
- E. The appropriation of earnings of year 2018 as resolved by the shareholders meeting of the Company on June 21, 2019 is as follows:

	Year ended		
	December 31, 201		
Accrual of legal reserve	\$	29,392	

F. For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Company's net income after tax plus other items including current unappropriated retained earnings are negative, thus the Company will not provision legal reserve. Additionally, the shareholders meeting of the Company during its meeting on June 24, 2020 adopted a resolution to participate will retain attributable earnings for future operating plan, thus the Company will not appropriate shareholders' bonus.

(20) Other equity items

	2020							
	J	Jnrealised						
	ga	gains (losses)		Hedging		Currency		
	01	n valuation		reserve	tı	ranslation		Total
At January 1	\$	1,411,638	\$	579,757	(\$	856,773)	\$	1,134,622
Revaluation – gross	(254,166)		-		-	(254,166)
Revaluation – tax		10,198		-		-		10,198
Revaluation – associates	(79,546)		-		-	(79,546)
Cash flow hedges:								
- Fair value loss in the period								
– Group		-		332,265		-		332,265
– Group – tax		-	(68,476)		-	(68,476)
– Associates		-		86,312		-		86,312
Currency translation differences:								
– Group		-		-	(897,208)	(897,208)
– Group – tax		-		-		13		13
– Associates		-		-	(94,805)	(94,805)
At June 30	\$	1,088,124	\$	929,858	(<u></u>	1,848,773)	\$	169,209
	2019							
	Un	realised						
	gain	s (losses)	He	edging	Cu	irrency		

	gains (losses)			Hedging		Currency		
	0	n valuation		reserve	tra	anslation		Total
At January 1	\$	1,234,225	(\$	58,649)	\$	17,580	\$	1,193,156
Revaluation – gross		240,821		-		-		240,821
Revaluation – tax	(7,125)		-		-	(7,125)
Revaluation – associates		41,341		-		-		41,341
Revaluation transferred to								
retained earnings – associates		2		-		-		2
Cash flow hedges:								
- Fair value loss in the period								
– Group		-	(158,841)		-	(158,841)
– Group – tax		-		32,907		-		32,907
– Associates		-	(141,914)		-	(141,914)
Currency translation differences:								
– Group		-		-		417,845		417,845
– Group – tax		-		-	(5)	(5)
– Associates		-		-		45,656		45,656
At June 30	\$	1,509,264	(\$	326,497)	\$	481,076	\$	1,663,843

(21) Operating revenue

		e-month period d June 30, 2020	Three-month period ended June 30, 2019		
Revenue from contracts with customers	\$	43,316,204	\$	46,396,725	
Other - ship rental and slottage income		554,542		715,016	
	\$	43,870,746	\$	47,111,741	
	Six-month period		Six-month period		
	ended	d June 30, 2020	ended June 30, 2019		
Revenue from contracts with customers	\$	86,218,244	\$	91,834,139	
Other - ship rental and slottage income		1,127,757		974,654	
	\$	87,346,001	\$	92,808,793	

A. Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of services over time and at a point in time (terminal and other services) in the following major businesses (Ship-owners, agent and terminal are classified as transportation department) :

-					
Three-month period					
ended June 30, 2020	Ship-owners	Agent	Terminal	Other	Total
Total segment revenue	\$ 44,038,669	\$1,960,651	\$ 3,336,415	\$ 287,567	\$ 49,623,302
Inter-segment revenue	(3,468,237)	(_1,206,055)	((6,307,098)
Revenue from external					
customer contracts	\$ 40,570,432	\$ 754,596	\$ 1,703,609	\$ 287,567	\$ 43,316,204
Three-month period					
ended June 30, 2019	Ship-owners	Agent	Terminal	Other	Total
Total segment revenue	\$ 47,345,936	\$2,284,318	\$ 3,761,186	\$ 485,226	\$ 53,876,666
Inter-segment revenue	(4,032,804)	(_1,446,135)	(-	(7,479,941)
Revenue from external					
customer contracts	\$ 43,313,132	\$ 838,183	\$ 1,760,184	\$ 485,226	\$ 46,396,725
Six-month period					
ended June 30, 2020	Ship-owners	Agent	Terminal	Other	Total
Total segment revenue	\$ 87,817,570	\$4,047,265	\$ 6,308,322	\$ 498,800	\$ 98,671,957
Inter-segment revenue	(6,897,359)	(_2,434,772)	(-	(12,453,713)
Revenue from external					
customer contracts	\$ 80,920,211	\$1,612,493	\$ 3,186,740	\$ 498,800	\$ 86,218,244
Six-month period					
ended June 30, 2019	Ship-owners	Agent	Terminal	Other	Total
Total segment revenue	\$ 93,315,079	\$4,524,967	\$ 7,330,236	\$ 973,860	\$106,144,142
Inter-segment revenue	(7,568,772)	(2,819,738)	(3,921,493)	-	(14,310,003)
Revenue from external					
customer contracts	\$ 85,746,307	\$1,705,229	\$ 3,408,743	\$ 973,860	\$ 91,834,139

B. Contract assets and liabilities

The Group has recognised the following revenue-related contract assets and liabilities:

	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019	June 30, 2019	January 1, 2019				
Contract assets:								
Contract assets								
relating to marine								
freight income	\$ 1,186,338	\$ 1,693,497	\$ 1,654,853	\$ 2,244,065				
Contract liabilities:								
Contract liabilities -								
unearned marine								
freight income	(<u>\$ 2,492,427</u>)	(\$ 2,213,538)	(<u>\$ 2,166,031</u>)	(<u>\$ 1,774,392</u>)				
Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the								

period:

	Three-month per		Three-month	-
Marine freight income	ended June 30, 2 \$		ended June 3	30, 2019
Warme neight income	Ψ		Ψ	
	Six-month peri-	od	Six-month	period
	ended June 30, 2	2020	ended June	30, 2019
Marine freight income	\$ 2,213	,538	\$ 1	,774,392
(22) Other income and expenses, net				
	Three-month p	eriod	Three-mon	th period
	ended June 30,	2020	ended June	30, 2019
Net gains on disposal of property, plant				
and equipment	\$	4,445	\$	10,129
	Six-month per	riod	Six-montl	n period
	ended June 30,	2020	ended June	30, 2019
Net gains on disposal of property, plant				
and equipment	(<u>\$</u>	1,932)	\$	357,520
(23) Interest income				
	Three-month p	eriod	Three-mon	th period
	ended June 30,		ended June	-
Interest income from bank deposits	\$ 8	2,831	\$	183,139
Interest income from financial assets measured				
at amortised cost		4,561		9,062
	\$ 8	7,392	\$	192,201

		onth period		onth period
	ended.	June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019
Interest income from bank deposits	\$	202,424	\$	353,487
Interest income from financial assets measured		22.045		22.005
at amortised cost		23,047		32,087
	\$	225,471	\$	385,574
(24) Other income				
	Three-1	month period	Three-	month period
		June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019
Rent income	\$	52,278	\$	50,215
Dividend income	Ψ	73,247	Ψ	57,526
Other income, others		18,294		52,561
other meenie, ethers	\$	143,819	\$	160,302
		onth period		onth period
		June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019
Rent income	\$	109,908	\$	100,449
Dividend income		73,247		89,638
Other income, others		86,500		75,121
	\$	269,655	\$	265,208
(25) Other gains and losses				
	T 1		T	.1 • 1
		month period		month period
		June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019
Net losses on disposal of investments	\$	-	(\$	206)
Gains arising from lease modifications		464		2,306
Net currency exchange gains		63,901		8,405
Net gains on disposal of right-of-use assets	(18,676	(10,600
Depreciation on investment property	(38,875)	(41,924)
Other non-operating expenses	¢	26,376)	(<u> </u>	35,307)
	\$	17,790	` <u> </u>	56,126)
		onth period		onth period
	-	June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019
Net gains on disposal of investments	\$	161	\$	22
Gains arising from lease modifications		465		2,306
Net currency exchange gains		209,769		113,840
Net gains on disposal of right-of-use assets	/	33,677	/	14,158
Depreciation on investment property	(78,159)		83,643)
Other non-operating expenses	(61,024)		65,780)
	\$	104,889	(<u>\$</u>	19,097)

(26) <u>Finance costs</u>

		e-month period 1 June 30, 2020	Three-month period ended June 30, 2019		
Interest expense:					
Bank loans	\$	587,445	\$	783,442	
Corporate bonds		24,953		25,231	
Lease liabilities		676,447		676,490	
		1,288,845		1,485,163	
Less: Capitalized borrowing costs	(62,567)	(44,965)	
	\$	1,226,278	\$	1,440,198	
		month period 1 June 30, 2020		month period June 30, 2019	
Interest expense:					
Bank loans	\$	1,187,667	\$	1,477,488	
Corporate bonds		50,184		50,184	
Lease liabilities		1,445,085		1,351,641	
		2,682,936		2,879,313	
Less: Capitalized borrowing costs	(132,097)	(104,431)	
	\$	2,550,839	\$	2,774,882	
(27) Expenses by nature					
	Three	Three-month period		-month period	
		l June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019	
Employee benefit expense	\$	2,328,108	\$	2,425,005	
Depreciation charges on property,					
plant and equipment		2,222,081		2,037,091	
Depreciation charges on right-of-use assets		2,971,947		2,941,574	
Amortisation charges on intangible assets		76,648		79,098	
Other operating costs and expenses		31,084,469		38,536,801	
	\$	38,683,253	\$	46,019,569	
	Six-	month period	Six-	month period	
		l June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019	
Employee benefit expense	\$	4,634,307	\$	4,779,551	
Depreciation charges on property,					
plant and equipment		4,383,782		4,042,280	
Depreciation charges on right-of-use assets		6,035,269		5,836,598	
Amortisation charges on intangible assets		153,654		156,742	
		CC AEA OAA		75 057 (00	

Other operating costs and expenses

\$

66,454,244

81,661,256

\$

75,957,600

90,772,771

(28) Employee benefit expense

	Three-month period			-month period
	ended June 30, 2020			June 30, 2019
Wages and salaries	\$	1,941,786	\$	1,952,921
Labor and health insurance fees		163,617		133,622
Pension costs		125,280		152,564
Other personnel expenses		97,425		185,898
	\$	2,328,108	\$	2,425,005
	с.	nonth period	Siv_r	nonth period
	S1X-I	nonth period	DIA-I	nonun perioa
		June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019
Wages and salaries		1		1
Wages and salaries Labor and health insurance fees	ended	June 30, 2020	ended	June 30, 2019
6	ended	June 30, 2020 3,852,692	ended	June 30, 2019 3,848,131
Labor and health insurance fees	ended	June 30, 2020 3,852,692 332,839	ended	June 30, 2019 3,848,131 351,115

- A. According to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, when distributing earnings, the Company shall distribute bonus to the employees that account for no less than 0.5% and pay remuneration to the directors and supervisors that account for no more than 2% of the total distributed amount.
- B. (a) In accordance with the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, based on the profit for the six-month period ended June 30, 2020, employees' compensation and directors' remunerations were accrued at \$14,691 and \$4,585, respectively. The aforementioned amount was recognised in salary expenses.
 - (b) For the six-month period ended June 30, 2019, employees' compensation was accrued at \$830, while directors' remunerations was accrued at \$233. The aforementioned amount was recognised in salary expenses.

Information about the appropriation of employees', directors' and supervisors' remuneration by the Company as proposed by the Board of Directors will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(29) Income tax

- A. Income tax expense
 - (a) Components of income tax expense:

		month period June 30, 2020	Three-month period ended June 30, 2019		
Current tax:					
Current tax on profits for the period	\$	261,357	\$	336,938	
Prior year income tax underestimation (overestimation)		48,658	(1,979)	
Total current tax		310,015		334,959	
Deferred tax:					
Origination and reversal of					
temporary differences		135,510	(51,996)	
Total deferred tax		135,510	(51,996)	
Income tax expense	\$	445,525	\$	282,963	
	Six-month period ended June 30, 2020		Six-month period ended June 30, 201		
Current tax:					
Current tax on profits for the period	\$	428,206	\$	632,956	
Prior year income tax underestimation		,		,	
(overestimation)		51,199	(11,089)	
Total current tax		479,405		621,867	
Deferred tax:					
Origination and reversal of					
temporary differences		81,629	(94,281)	
Total deferred tax		81,629	(94,281)	
Income tax expense	\$	561,034	\$	527,586	

(b) The income tax (charge)/credit relating to components of other comprehensive income is as	
follows:	

		month period June 30, 2020		onth period ane 30, 2019
Changes in fair value of financial	(\$	3,316)		8,967
assets at fair value through other		, ,		,
comprehensive (loss) income				
Exchange differences on translating				
the financial statements of foreign				
operations		-		3
Remeasurement of defined benefit				
obligations		-	(-
Cash flow hedges		97,031	(15,038)
	\$	93,715	(<u>\$</u>	6,068)
	Six-n	nonth period	Six-mo	onth period
	ended	June 30, 2020	ended Ju	une 30, 2019
Changes in fair value of financial	(\$	10,198)	\$	7,125
assets at fair value through other				
comprehensive (loss) income				
Exchange differences on translating				
the financial statements of foreign	/	10)		-
operations	(13)		5
Remeasurement of defined benefit		159		
obligations Cash flow hedges		68,476	(- 32,907)
Cash now nedges	\$	58,424	((\$	25,777)
			<u></u>	23,111)
(c) The income tax charged/(credited) to equity	e	1		
		month period		nonth period
	ended	June 30, 2020	ended Ju	une 30, 2019
Reduction in capital surplus caused				
by recognition of foreign investees	(¢	22)	(¢	2
based on the shareholding ratio	(<u>\$</u>	22)	(<u>\$</u>	26)
	Six-n	onth period	Six-mo	onth period
	ended	June 30, 2020	ended Ju	une 30, 2019
Reduction in capital surplus caused				
by recognition of foreign investees	(b		(b	
based on the shareholding ratio	(\$	46)	(\$	52)

B. The Company and its subsidiary-TTSC's income tax returns through 2017 and 2018 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority, respectively.

(30) Earnings (loss) per share

	Three-month period ended June 30, 2020				
			Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding	Earnin	igs per share
	Amo	ount after tax	(share in thousands)	(in	dollars)
Basic earnings per share Net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the					
parent	\$	3,192,356	4,812,974	\$	0.66
Diluted earnings per share Net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary	\$	3,192,356	4,812,974		
shares Employees' compensation Net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the		<u>-</u>	1,793		
parent	\$	3,192,356	4,814,767	\$	0.66
	Three-month period ended June 30, 2019				
	Amo	ount after tax	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)	Loss	s per share dollars)
Basic loss per share Net loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the				(iii	
parent	(\$	354,766)	4,512,974	(<u></u>	0.08)
Diluted loss per share Net loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the					
parent	(<u>\$</u>	354,766)	4,512,974	(\$	0.08)

	Six-month period ended June 30, 2020				
			Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding	Earnings per share	
	Amo	ount after tax	(share in thousands)	(in dollars)
Basic earnings per share Net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$	2,750,779	4,812,974	\$	0.57
Diluted earnings per share	Ψ	2,750,777	4,012,974	Ψ	0.37
Net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$	2,750,779	4,812,974		
Employees' compensation		-	1,793		
Net profit attributable to					
ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$	2,750,779	4,814,767	\$	0.57
parent	Ψ				
	Six-month period ended June 30, 2019				
	Weighted average				
	number of ordinary shares outstanding Earnings per sha				
	Amo	ount after tax	(share in thousands)		in dollars)
Basic earnings per share					
Net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$	204,806	4,512,974	\$	0.05
Diluted earnings per share		<u> </u>			
Net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent		204,806	4,512,974		
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares					
Employees' compensation			85		
Net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive					
potential ordinary shares	\$	204,806	4,513,059	\$	0.05

(31) Transactions with non-controlling interest

A. Acquisition of additional equity interest in a subsidiary

Subsidiary, EGH, purchased 3% of outstanding shares of ECN for cash of \$650 (approx. USD 21) on December 10, 2019. The carrying amount of non-controlling interest in ECN was \$2,019 at the acquisition date. This transaction resulted in a decrease in the non-controlling interest by \$2,019 and an increase in the equity attributable to owners of the parent by \$1,369.

B. The Group did not participate in the capital increase raised by a subsidiary proportionally to its interest to the subsidiary

Indirect subsidiary, ECO, of the Group increased its capital by issuing new shares on May 31, 2019. The subsidiary, EGH, did not acquire shares proportionally to its interest. As a result, the Group decreased its share interest by 25%. The transaction increased non-controlling interest by \$6,387 and decreased the equity attributable to owners of parent by \$3,006.

- C. For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020, the amount of cash dividends paid to non-controlling interests was \$197,085.
- (32) Supplemental cash flow information
 - A. Investing activities with partial cash payments
 - (a) Property, plant and equipment

		Six-month period ended June 30, 2020		Six-month period ended June 30, 2019	
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	\$	4,012,726	\$	4,925,948	
Add: Opening balance of payable					
on equipment		455,427		34,258	
Less: Ending balance of payable					
on equipment	(809,492)	(1,737,460)	
Cash paid during the period	\$	3,658,661	\$	3,222,746	
(b) Prepayments for equipment (recorded as other non-current assets)					
	Six-month period		Six-month period		
	ended June 30, 2020 ended June 30		d June 30, 2019		

	ended June 30, 2020		ended June 30, 2019	
Purchase of prepayments for equipment	\$	10,609,573	\$	5,914,049
Add: Opening balance of payable on				
prepayments for equipment		-		194
Less: Ending balance of payable on				
prepayments for equipment	(99,153)	(55,146)
Capitalized borrowing costs	()	132,097)	()	104,431)
Cash paid during the period	\$	10,378,323	\$	5,754,666

(33) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

	Long-term			
	borrowings		Lease liabilities and	Liabilities from
	(including curren	t Guarantee	Financial liabilities for	financing
	portion)	deposits receive	d hedging	activities-gross
At January 1, 2020	\$ 106,701,568	3 \$ 325,98	7 \$ 81,231,835	\$ 188,259,390
Changes in cash flow from financing activities	5,464,977	7 (39,55	3) (5,693,482)	(268,058)
Changes in other non-cash items		-	- 3,486,154	3,486,154
Impact of changes in foreign exchange rate	(1,258,409	9) (6,18	0) (1,111,528)	(2,376,117)
At June 30, 2020	\$ 110,908,136	5 \$ 280,25	<u>4</u> <u>\$ 77,912,979</u>	\$ 189,101,369
	Long-term			
	borrowings		Lease liabilities (lease	Liabilities from
	(including curren	t Guarantee	payable) and Financial	financing
	portion)	deposits receive	d liabilities for hedging	activities-gross
At January 1, 2019	\$ 99,360,501	\$ 347,11	5 \$ 11,639,698	\$ 111,347,314
Adjustments under new standards		-	- 60,563,079	60,563,079
Changes in cash flow from financing activities	6,565,785	5 (9,71	9) (5,450,061)	1,106,005
Changes in other non-cash items		-	- 9,498,280	9,498,280
Impact of changes in foreign exchange rate	572,448	3,23	3 693,596	1,269,277
	* *****			* *** ***

\$ 106,498,734 \$

340,629 \$

76,944,592 \$ 183,783,955

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

At June 30, 2019

(1) Names of related parties and their relationship with the Group

Names of related parties	Relationship with the Group
Evergreen International Storage and Transport Corp. (EITC)	Associate
Eva Airways Corp. (EVA)	Associate
Evergreen Security Corp. (ESC)	Associate
Charng Yang Development Co., Ltd. (CYD)	Associate
Taipei Port Container Terminal Corp. (TPCT)	Associate
Ningbo Victory Container Co. Ltd. (NVC)	Associate
Qingdao Evergreen C&T Co., Ltd. (QECT)	Associate
Green Peninsula Agencies Sdn. Bhd. (GPP)	Associate
Luanta Investment (Netherlands) N.V. (Luanta)	Associate
Balsam Investment (Netherlands) N.V. (Balsam)	Associate
Italia Marittima S.p.A. (ITS)	Associate
Colon Container Terminal S.A. (CCT)	Associate
PT. Evergreen Shipping Agency Indonesia (EMI)	Associate
Evergreen Shipping Agency Co. (U.A.E) LLC (UAE)	Associate

Names of related parties	Relationship with the Group
	Associate
Evergreen Shipping Agency Lanka (Private) Limited (ELK)	(An associate since
	March 1, 2019)
VIP Greenport Joint Stock Company (VGP)	Associate
Ics Depot Services Sdn. Bhd. (IDS)	Associate
	Associate
Evergreen Marine (Latin America) S.A. (ELA)	(An subsidiary since
	March 1, 2020)
Evergreen International Corp. (EIC)	Other related party
Evergreen Airline Service Corp. (EGAS)	Other related party
Chang Yung-Fa Charity Foundation (CYFC)	Other related party
Chang Yung-Fa Foundation (CYFF)	Other related party
Evergreen Steel Corp. (EGST)	Other related party
Eever Accord Construction Corporation (EAC)	Other related party
Evergreen Aviation Technologies Corporation (EGAT)	Other related party
Evergreen Sky Catering Corporation (EGSC)	Other related party
Evergreen Air Cargo Services Corporation (EGAC)	Other related party
	Other related party
Evergreen Aviation Precision Corporation (EGAP)	(Has been merged with EGAT
	on Febuary 28, 2019)
Central Reinsurance Corporation(CRC)	Other related party
Evergreen International S.A.(EIS)	Other related party
Evergreen Marine (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.(EMS)	Other related party
Gaining Enterprise S.A. (GESA)	Other related party
Evergreen Insurance Company Ltd. (EINS)	Other related party
Evergreen Shipping Agency (America) Corporation (EGA)	Other related party
Evergreen Shipping Agency (Japan) Corporation (EGJ)	Other related party
Evergreen Shipping Agency Philippines Corporation (EGP)	Other related party
Evergreen International Myanmar Co., Ltd. (EIM)	Other related party
Chestnut Estate B.V. (Chestnut)	Other related party
Advanced Business Process, Inc. (ABPI)	Other related party
Unigreen Marine S.A.(UMS)	Other related party
Directors, General manager and Vice General Manager	Key management

(2) Significant related party transactions and balances

A. Operating revenue:

		Three-month period ended June 30, 2020		e-month period I June 30, 2019
Sales of services:				
Associates	\$	419,233	\$	540,493
Other related pa	rties	2,982,932		3,418,571
	\$	3,402,165	\$	3,959,064
	Six-	month period	Six-	month period
	ende	d June 30, 2020	ended	l June 30, 2019
Sales of services:				
Associates	\$	928,459	\$	1,165,258
Other related pa	rties	5,849,768		6,571,421
	\$	6,778,227	\$	7,736,679

The business terms on which the Group transacts with related parties are of no difference from those with non-related parties.

B. Purchases:

	Three-month period ended June 30, 2020		Three-month periodended June 30, 201	
Purchases of services:				
Associates	\$	862,705	\$	888,002
Other related parties		1,591,156		1,909,627
	\$	2,453,861	\$	2,797,629
	Six-r	nonth period	Six-	month period
	ended	June 30, 2020	ended	June 30, 2019
Purchases of services:				
Associates	\$	1,720,663	\$	1,511,826
Other related parties		3,242,808		3,752,257
	\$	4,963,471	\$	5,264,083

Goods and services are purchased from associates and other related parties on normal commercial terms and conditions.

C. Receivables from related parties:

	J	une 30, 2020 December 31, 2019		Ju	ne 30, 2019	
Accounts receivable:						
Associates	\$	56,810	\$	121,156	\$	79,451
Other related						
parties		526,681		659,406		744,522
Subtotal	\$	583,491	\$	780,562	\$	823,973
Other receivables:						
Associates						
-EVA	\$	194,407	\$	-	\$	377,266
-EITC		130,757		-		63,784
-Other		98,486		1,818		150,797
Other related parties						
-Other		54,518		18,796	_	25,907
Subtotal	\$	478,168	\$	20,614	\$	617,754
Total	\$	1,061,659	\$	801,176	\$	1,441,727

The receivables from related parties arise mainly from sale transactions. The receivables are unsecured in nature and bear no interest. The receivables include provisions against receivables from related parties.

D. Payables to related parties:

	Jun	e 30, 2020	Decen	nber 31, 2019	Jun	e 30, 2019
Accounts payable:						
Associates	\$	115,875	\$	143,074	\$	57,476
Other related		250 (00		a (0, 0 a 0		100 100
parties		370,609		268,028		188,403
Subtotal	\$	486,484	\$	411,102	\$	245,879
Other payables:						
Associates	\$	19,683	\$	31,825	\$	35,122
Other related						
parties		157,396		149,671		76,463
Subtotal	\$	177,079	\$	181,496	\$	111,585
Total	\$	663,563	\$	592,598	\$	357,464

The payables to related parties arise mainly from purchase transactions. The payables bear no interest.

E. Property transactions:

(a) Acquisition of property, plant and equipment:

	Three-month period ended June 30, 2020			
Associates	\$ 8,570	\$	1,903	
Other related parties	 763			
	\$ 9,333	\$	1,903	
	onth period une 30, 2020	Six-month period ended June 30, 2019		
Associates	\$ 8,570	\$	2,018	
Other related parties	 73,333			
-	\$ 81,903	\$	2,018	

(b) Disposal of property, plant and equipment:

		nth period e 30, 2020	Three-month period ended June 30, 2019			
	Disposal proceeds	Gain on disposal	Disposal proceeds	Gain on disposal		
Associates	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>		
		th period		nth period		
	ended Jun	e 30, 2020	ended Ju	ne 30, 2019		
	Disposal	Gain on	Disposal	Gain on		
	proceeds	disposal	proceeds	disposal		
Associates	\$	\$	\$ 149	\$ 14		

- F. Leasing arrangements lessee
 - (a) The Group leases buildings, ships as well as loading and unloading equipment from associates and other related parties. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 2 to 10 years, rents are paid in accordance with the contract terms.
 - (b) Acquisition of right-of-use assets:

The Group leases buildings, ships as well as loading and unloading equipment from associates and other related parties under IFRS 16 'Leases'. Accordingly, on January 1, 2019, the Group increased 'right-of-use asset' by \$3,196,381.

(c) Lease liabilities:

i. Outstanding balance:

	Jun	June 30, 2020		December 31, 2019		ne 30, 2019
Associates	\$	580,080	\$	791,302	\$	1,021,103
Other related parties		375,831		487,665		573,921
	\$	955,911	\$	1,278,967	\$	1,595,024

ii. Interest expense:

				-		ee-month period ed June 30, 2019
Associates		\$		6,985 \$		13,163
Other related parties		Ŷ		3,693 (2,707)
Suier remied parties		\$		10,678 \$		10,456
		Siv-m	onth	period	Siv	-month period
				-		ed June 30, 2019
Associates		\$		15,144	1100	22,314
Other related parties		Ψ		7,690		10,259
Other related puries		\$		22,834 \$		32,573
(d) Lease liabilities designated as l	hedge	s:				
	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Dec	ember 31, 201	9	June 30, 2019
Associates	\$	69,992	\$	94,049	\$	6 120,669
Other related parties		423,947		610,456		972,619
	\$	493,939	\$	704,505	\$	5 1,093,288
G. Agency accounts:					_	
	In	ne 30, 2020	Dec	ember 31, 201	9	June 30, 2019
Debit balance of agency accounts:	<u> </u>	10 30, 2020	<u></u>	201		Julie 30, 2017
Associates	\$	61	\$	513	\$	-
Other related	Ψ	01	Ψ	515	4	,
parties						
-EIC		686,585		337,038		-
-EGA		1,113,290		-		150,880
-Other		14,537		98,580		16,182
	\$	1,814,473	\$	436,131	\$	5 167,062
	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Dec	ember 31, 201	9	June 30, 2019
Credit balance of agency accounts:						
Associates	(\$	55,954)	(\$	135,281) (\$	5 112,359)
Other related						
parties						
-EGJ	(386,923)	(523,778	· `	442,940)
-Other		_	(49,274		5,238)
	(\$	442,877)	(<u>\$</u>	708,333) (§	560,537)

H. Shipowner's accounts:

I		June 30, 2020	December	31 2019	Iune	30, 2019
Debit balance of shipowner's		June 30, 2020	December	51, 2017		50, 2017
accounts:						
Associates						
-ITS	\$	770,786	\$	-	\$	130,652
Other relate		,				,
parties						
-EIS		-		-		1,194,260
-GESA		19,093		28,957		32,757
	\$	789,879	\$	28,957	\$	1,357,669
		June 30, 2020	December	31, 2019	June	30, 2019
Credit balance of shipowner's						
accounts:						
Associates						
-ITS	\$	-	(\$	277,877)	\$	-
Other relate	d					
parties						
-EIS	(689,412)		027,141)	,	-
-EMS	(1,570,919)		061,752)		1,682,782)
	(<u>\$</u>	2,260,331)	(<u>\$</u> 2,	366,770)	(<u>\$</u>	1,682,782)
I. Loans to/from related parties:						
(a) Loans to related parties:						
i. Outstanding balance:						
		June 30, 2020	December	31, 2019	June	e 30, 2019
Associates	\$	796,533	\$	722,926	\$	662,685
ii. Interest income:						
		Three-n	nonth perio	d Th	ree-moi	nth period
		ended J	une 30, 202	ence enc	led Jun	e 30, 2019
Associates		\$	2,8	94 \$		3,419
	Six-month period Six-month period					
			une 30, 202			e 30, 2019
Associates		\$	7,7			8,553

The loans to associates carry interest at floating rates for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2019 and 2020.

- (b) Loans from related parties:
 - i. Outstanding balance:

	June	e 30, 2020	December 31, 2019		June 30, 2019	
Other related parties	\$	9,553	\$	524,743	\$	607,072

ii. Interest expense:

		onth period ne 30, 2020	Three-month period ended June 30, 2019		
Other related parties	\$	2,946	\$	7,283	
		nth period ne 30, 2020	Six-month period ended June 30, 2019		
Other related parties	<u>\$</u>	7,470	\$	18,101	

The loans from associates carry interest at floating rates for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2019 and 2020.

J. Endorsements and guarantees provided to related parties:

	June	June 30, 2020		nber 31, 2019	June 30, 2019		
Associates	\$	2,246,148	\$	3,674,191	\$	3,173,361	

- K. The Board of Directors of the Company during its meeting on December 21, 2018 adopted a resolution to participate in the capital increase raised by EVA Airways Corporation amounting to 39,150 thousand shares, with a subscription price of NT\$13 (in dollars) per share and total price of \$508,944. The effective date was set on January 24, 2019. Moreover, the Company purchased 70 thousand shares as specific person and the purchase amounted to \$700.
- L. On November 10, 2019, the Board of Directors of the subsidiary, Peony, has resolved to participate in the capital increase of the investee, Balsam, accounted for using equity method, as the original shareholder. The amount of capital increase was USD 24,500. The effective date was set on November 14, 2019.
- M. On November 13, 2019, the shareholders at the shareholders' meeting of the subsidiary, Armand B.V., approved to sell 2.92% equity interests of the associate, Taipei Port Container Terminal Corporation, to other related party, EIS. The transaction date was set on February 1, 2020, and the transaction price amounted to \$150,464 (approx. USD 4,997).
- N. On December 20, 2019, the Board of Directors of the subsidiary, EGH, approved to acquire 16.50% equity interests of ELA from the associate, ITS, and each other related party, EIS and EMS. The transaction date was set on March 1, 2020, and the transaction price amounted to \$9,712 (approx. USD 323).

(3) Key management compensation

	Three-r ended J	Three-month period ended June 30, 2019		
Salaries and other short-term				
employee benefits	\$	44,132	\$	33,472
Post-employment benefits		722		591
Salaries and other long-term				
employee benefits		107		-
	\$	44,961	\$	34,063
	Six-me	onth period	Six-mo	onth period
		onth period June 30, 2020		onth period une 30, 2019
Salaries and other short-term		-		1
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits		-		1
	ended J	une 30, 2020	ended Ju	une 30, 2019
employee benefits	ended J	<u>fune 30, 2020</u> 99,357	ended Ju	une 30, 2019 82,666
employee benefits Post-employment benefits	ended J	<u>fune 30, 2020</u> 99,357	ended Ju	une 30, 2019 82,666

8. PLEDGED ASSETS

The Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

Pledged assets	Ju	ine 30, 2020	Dec	cember 31, 2019	 June 30, 2019	Purpose
Financial assets at amortised cost						Performance
- Pledged time deposits	\$	239,295	\$	290,740	\$ 293,748	guarantee
Refundable deposits						
- Pledged time deposits		2,000		2,000	2,000	"
Property, plant and equipment						
-Land		514,312		514,312	514,312	Long-term loan
-Buildings		5,460,691		5,631,364	5,752,582	"
-Loading and unloading equipment		1,693,910		1,900,801	1,984,915	"
-Ships		77,518,231		71,742,174	71,789,557	"
-Computer and communication equipment		221,981		314,161	416,078	"
Investment property						
-Land		1,285,781		1,285,781	1,285,781	Long-term loan
-Buildings		3,837,805		3,972,653	 4,346,133	"
	\$	90,774,006	\$	85,653,986	\$ 86,385,106	

9. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNISED CONTRACT

COMMITMENTS

(1) Contingencies

None.

(2) Commitments

- A. As of June 30, 2020, the Company had delegated DBS Bank to issue Standby Letter of Credit amounting to USD 5,000.
- B. As of June 30, 2020, the long-term and medium-term loan facilities granted by the financial institutions with the resolution from the Board of Directors to finance the Group's purchase of new ships and general working capital requirement amounted to \$138,422,180 and the unutilized credit was \$27,476,002.
- C. As of June 30, 2020, the amount of guaranteed notes issued by the Company for loans borrowed was \$88,896,197.
- D. To meet its operational needs, the Company signed the shipbuilding contracts with Samsung Heavy Industries, Hyundai Mipo Dockyard Co., Ltd, Jiangnan Shipyard (Group) Co., Ltd. and China Shipbuilding Trading Company Ltd.. As of June 30, 2020, the total price of the contracts, wherein the vessels have not yet been delivered amounted to USD 2,298,832, USD 1,897,744 of which remain unpaid.
- E. To meet its operational needs, the Company signed the transportation equipment purchase contracts. As of June 30, 2020, the total price of the contracts, wherein the equipment have not yet been delivered, amounted to USD 86,920, USD 22,632 of which remain unpaid.
- F. In response to international regulations on sulfur content in shipping fuel, the Group entered into sulfur emission abatement equipment purchase contracts with Wartsila Finland Oy. The total contract prices are USD 32,716 and USD 18,920 remain unpaid. The Group signed installation contracts with Huarun Dadong Dockyard Co., Ltd., COSCO Shipping Heavy Industry (Zhoushan) Co., Ltd. and Global Oil And Gas Services. As of June 30, 2020, the total price of the contracts amounted to USD 58,874, USD 42,953 of which remain unpaid.
- G. To meet its operational needs, the Company signed the loading and unloading equipment purchase contracts. As of June 30, 2020, the total price of the contracts amounted to \$98,932, \$89,039 of which remain unpaid.
- H. For the Group's lease contract which was entered into but not completed construction. As of June 30, 2020, the expected minimum lease payment in the future was \$110,580,353.
- I. As of June 30, 2020, the Group had entered into a service contract which was not belonging to lease component. The amount of future commitment payment is provided in Note 6(9).

10. SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS

None.

11. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

A. On June 30, 2020, the Board of Directors of the subsidiary, EGH, resolved to make an equity transaction. EGH acquired 40% and 60% equity interests of EGP from the other related party, EIS, and a non-related party, respectively, and obtained the control over EGP. The transaction date was July 1, 2020 and the transaction amount was PHP 239,500 (approx. \$141,760).

(a) The following table based on an unconfirmed acquisition of EGP report summarises the consideration paid and the fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date:

	Ju	ly 1, 2020
Purchase Concideration		
Cash paid	\$	141,760
Fair value of the identifiable assets		
Cash and cash equivalents		413,198
Notes receivable		3,742
Accounts receivable		200,995
Prepayments		40,386
Other current assets		203,821
Property, plant and equipment, net		117,256
Right-of-use assets		2,419
Intangible assets		7,022
Other non-current assets		5,383
Accounts payable	(119,922)
Current income tax liabilities	(2,462)
Other current liabilities	(297,601)
Deferred income tax liabilities	(41,430)
Lease liabilities	(1,012)
Other non-current liabilities	(384,422)
Total identifiable net assets		147,373
Gain from bargain purchase	(\$	5,613)

- (b) The fair value of the acquired identifiable intangible assets customer relationship of \$6,640 is provisional pending receipt of the final valuations for those assets.
- (c) Had EGP been acquired from January 1, 2020, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the six-month period ended June 30, 2020 would show operating revenue and profit before income tax of \$16,325 and \$21,556, respectively.
- B. On July 9, 2020, the Board of Directors of the Company resolved to issue the maximum amount of USD 300,000, 0% first unsecured overseas convertible bonds due in 5 years.
- C. To fully maximize markets in Malaysia, on August 13, 2020, the Board of Directors of the secondtier subsidiary, EGM, resolved to make a property transaction. EGM would purchase properties located in Shah Alam City, Johor Bahru City and Port of Tanjung Pelepas (PTP), Malaysia from the associate, GPP, for the appraised amount of MYR 46,000.

12. <u>OTHERS</u>

(1) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders and issue new shares to maintain an optimal capital.

(2) <u>Financial instruments</u>

A. Financial instruments by category

	June 30, 2020		December 31, 2019		June 30, 2019	
Financial assets						
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income						
Designation of equity instrument	\$	1,458,417	\$	1,719,423	\$	1,897,715
Financial assets at amortised cost						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	38,258,732	\$	37,871,889	\$	37,163,150
Financial assets at amortised cost		762,480		2,188,536		2,218,823
Notes receivables		95,124		129,545		90,183
Accounts receivable		14,645,781		14,759,813		15,287,680
Other accounts receivable		1,422,304		1,027,279		1,495,489
Guarantee deposits paid		231,793		229,095		229,710
	\$	55,416,214	\$	56,206,157	\$	56,485,035
	J	une 30, 2020	Dec	ember 31, 2019	Jı	une 30, 2019
Financial liabilities						
Financial liabilities at amortised cost						
Accounts payable	\$	15,523,040	\$	16,580,812	\$	17,293,161
Other accounts payable		5,022,490		5,113,118		6,339,398
Bonds payable		10,000,000		10,000,000		10,000,000
Lease payable (including current						
portion)		59,062,501		61,042,893		60,932,198
Long-term borrowings (including						
current portion)		110,908,136		106,701,568		106,498,734
Guarantee deposits received		280,254		325,987		340,629
	\$	200,796,421	\$	199,764,378	\$	201,404,120
Financial liabilities for hedging						
(including current portion)	\$	18,850,478	\$	20,188,942	\$	16,012,394

- B. Financial risk management policies
 - (a) The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Group's financial position and financial performance.
 - (b) Risk management is carried out by the Group's Finance Department under policies approved by the Board of Directors. The Group's Finance Department identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close co-operation with the Group's Operating Department. The Board of Directors provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas and matters, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.
- C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks
 - (a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

- i. The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to the USD and CNY. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions, recognised assets and liabilities and net investment in foreign operations.
- ii. The Group's management has set up a policy to require group companies to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currency. The group companies are required to hedge their entire foreign exchange risk exposure with the Group's Finance Department. To manage their foreign exchange risk arising from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities, entities in the Group use forward foreign exchange contracts, transacted with Group's Finance Department. Foreign exchange risk arises when future commercial transactions or recognised assets or liabilities are denominated in a foreign currency that is not the entity's functional currency.
- iii. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's and certain subsidiaries' functional currency: NTD; other certain subsidiaries' functional currency: USD, GBP, EUR, CNY and others). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

			June 30, 2020		
		Foreign			
	currency				
		amount		Book value	
	(Ir	n Thousands)	Exchange rate		(NTD)
(Foreign currency: functional currency)					
Financial assets					
Monetary items					
USD:NTD	\$	691,095	29.4600	\$	20,359,659
EUR:NTD		5,446	1.1198		179,660
GBP:USD		3,261	1.2302		118,184
Financial liabilities					
Monetary items					
USD:NTD	\$	1,283,492	29.4600	\$	37,811,674
CNY:NTD		59,500	4.1604		247,544
HKD:USD		118,524	0.1290		450,431
GBP:USD		7,059	1.2302		255,830
EUR:USD		5,030	1.1198		165,936
CNY:USD		241,481	0.1412		1,004,501
		D	ecember 31, 20	19	
		Foreign			
		currency			
		amount		I	Book value
	(Ir	n Thousands)	Exchange rate		(NTD)
(Foreign currency: functional currency)					
Financial assets					
Monetary items					
USD:NTD	\$	582,814	30.0130	\$	17,491,997
GBP:USD		2,889	1.3118		113,743
Financial liabilities					
Monetary items					
USD:NTD	\$	1,080,163	30.0130	\$	32,418,932
HKD:USD		97,479	0.1284		375,652
GBP:USD		3,807	1.3118		149,886
EUR:USD		4,190	1.1233		141,260
CNY:USD		225,390	0.1431		968,019

			June 30, 2019	
		Foreign currency		
	(*	amount	P 1	Book value
	<u>(In</u>	Thousands)	Exchange rate	 (NTD)
(Foreign currency: functional currency)				
Financial assets				
Monetary items				
USD:NTD	\$	893,643	31.0505	\$ 27,748,062
Financial liabilities				
Monetary items				
USD:NTD	\$	1,414,098	31.0505	\$ 43,908,450
HKD:USD		104,379	0.1280	414,851
GBP:USD		5,421	1.2677	213,385
CNY:USD		216,392	0.1454	976,954
EUR:USD		3,691	1.1369	130,297

- iv. The total exchange (loss) gain, including realised and unrealised arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 amounted to \$63,901, \$8,405, \$209,769 and \$113,840, respectively.
- v. Analysis of foreign currency market risk arising from significant foreign exchange variation:

	Six-month period ended June 30, 2020						
	Sensitivity analysis						
		Effect on other					
	Degree of	E	Effect on	co	mprehensive		
	variation	pro	ofit or loss	income			
(Foreign currency: functional currency)							
Financial assets							
Monetary items							
USD:NTD	1%	\$	203,597	\$	-		
EUR:USD	1%		1,797		-		
GBP:USD	1%		1,182		-		
Financial liabilities							
Monetary items							
USD:NTD	1%	\$	189,611	\$	188,505		
CNY:NTD	1%		2,475		-		
HKD:USD	1%		4,504		-		
GBP:USD	1%		2,558		-		
EUR:USD	1%		1,659		-		
RMB:USD	1%		10,045		-		

	Six-month period ended June 30, 2019							
	Sensitivity analysis							
	Degree of variation	Degree of Effect on con		fect on other mprehensive income				
(Foreign currency: functional currency)								
Financial assets								
Monetary items								
USD:NTD	1%	\$	277,481	\$	-			
Financial liabilities								
Monetary items								
USD:NTD	1%	\$	278,960	\$	160,125			
HKD:USD	1%		4,149		-			
GBP:USD	1%		2,134		-			
CNY:USD	1%		9,770		-			
EUR:USD	1%		1,303		-			

Price risk

- i. The Group is exposed to equity securities price risk because of investments held by the Group and classified on the consolidated balance sheet at fair value through other comprehensive income. The Group is not exposed to commodity price risk. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Group diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of the portfolio is done in accordance with the limits set by the Group.
- ii. The Group's investments in equity securities comprise domestic listed and unlisted stocks. The prices of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. If the prices of these equity securities had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, equity would have increased/decreased by \$14,340 and \$18,470 for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively, as a result of other comprehensive income classified as equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

i. The Group's interest rate risk arises from long-term borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk which is partially offset by cash and cash equivalents held at variable rates. Borrowings issued at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk. During the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Group's borrowings at variable rate were denominated in the NTD, USD and GBP.

- ii. At June 30, 2020 and 2019, if interest rates on borrowings had been 1% higher/lower with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 would have been \$986,434 and \$935,857 lower/higher, respectively, mainly as a result of higher/lower interest expense on floating rate borrowings.
- (b) Credit risk
 - i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the accounts receivable based on the agreed terms.
 - ii. The Group manages their credit risk taking into consideration the entire group's concern. According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors.
 - iii. The Group adopts following assumptions under IFRS 9 to assess whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition:If the contract payments were past due over 30 days based on the terms, there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition.
 - iv. As the Group's historical credit losses experience does not show significantly different loss patterns for different customer segments which are worldwide and in a wide range without connection, so there is no credit risk concentration for notes and accounts receivable as well as contract assets. Therefore, the provision for losses is not further distinguished according to different segments of the Group's customer base.
 - v. The Group wrote-off the financial assets, which cannot be reasonably expected to be recovered, after initiating recourse procedures. However, the Group will continue executing the recourse procedures to secure their rights. As of June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019, the Group has no written-off financial assets that are still under recourse procedures.
 - vi. The Group used the forecastability to adjust historical, timely information, economic conditions of the industry, GDP forecast and trade growth rate to assess the default possibility of accounts receivable (including related parties), contract assets and overdue receivable. As of June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019, the loss rate methodology is as follows:

At June 30, 2020	Accounts receivable (including related parties) Total book value	Expected loss rate	Loss allowance
Not past due	\$ 12,411,939	·	\$ 6,871
Up to 30 days	2,030,759		1,326
31 to 180 days	141,699		171
Over 180 days	70,865	0.0349%~15.3460%	1,113
Total	\$ 14,655,262	•	\$ 9,481
	Contract assets		
At June 30, 2020	Total book value	Expected loss rate	Loss allowance
Not past due	\$ 1,186,452	0%~0.0067%	\$ 114
Total	\$ 1,186,452		\$ 114
	Overdue receivable		
At June 30, 2020	Total book value	Expected loss rate	Loss allowance
Over 180 days	\$ 264,667	100%	\$ 264,667
Total	\$ 264,667		\$ 264,667
	Accounts receivable (including related parties)		
December 31, 2019	Total book value	Expected loss rate	Loss allowance
Not past due	\$ 12,094,901	0.03%~0.08%	\$ 10,107
Up to 30 days	2,450,297	0.03%~0.08%	2,048
31 to 180 days	226,960	0.03%~0.08%	190
Total	\$ 14,772,158	-	\$ 12,345
	Contract assets		
December 31, 2019	Total book value	Expected loss rate	Loss allowance
Not past due	\$ 1,694,072	0.03%	\$ 575
Total	\$ 1,694,072		\$ 575
	Overdue receivable		
December 31, 2019	Total book value	Expected loss rate	Loss allowance
Over 180 days	\$ 269,506 \$ 269,506	100%	\$ 269,506
Total		-	

	I	Accounts receivable			
	(inc	cluding related parties)			
<u>At June 30, 2019</u>		Total book value	Expected loss rate	Loss	allowance
Not past due	\$	10,625,541	0.03%~0.10%	\$	11,323
Up to 30 days		3,501,570	0.03%~0.10%		3,731
31 to 180 days		1,176,877	0.03%~0.10%		1,254
Total	\$	15,303,988		\$	16,308
		Contract assets			
At June 30, 2019		Total book value	Expected loss rate	Loss	allowance
<u>At June 30, 2019</u> Not past due	\$		Expected loss rate 0.03%	Loss \$	allowance 546
	\$ \$	Total book value			
Not past due	\$	Total book value 1,655,399		\$	546
Not past due	\$	Total book value 1,655,399 1,655,399		\$ \$	546
Not past due Total	\$	Total book value1,655,3991,655,399Overdue receivable	0.03%	\$ \$	546 546
Not past due Total <u>At June 30, 2019</u>	\$	Total book value1,655,3991,655,3990verdue receivableTotal book value	0.03% Expected loss rate	\$ \$ Loss	546 546 allowance

vii. Movements in relation to the group applying the modified approach to provide loss allowance for notes receivable, accounts receivable (including related parties), contract assets and overdue receivable are as follows:

	2020						
	Notes		1	Accounts	Contract	Overdue	
	r	receivable		eceivable	assets	re	eceivable
At January 1	(\$	2)	(\$	12,345) (\$	5 575)	(\$	269,506)
Provision for impairment	(7)	(2,233)	-		-
Reversal of impairment loss		-		4,614	460		-
Reclassifications		-		-	-		-
Write-offs		-		-	-		-
Effect of foreign exchange		-		483	1		4,839
At June 30	(<u>\$</u>	9)	(<u>\$</u>	9,481) (§	<u> </u>	(<u>\$</u>	264,667)
				2019			
		Notes	1	Accounts	Contract	(Overdue
	r	eceivable	r	eceivable	assets	re	eceivable
At January 1	(\$	4)	(\$	96,468) (\$	692)	(\$	202,654)
Provision for impairment		-	(1,806)	25		-
Reversal of impairment loss		1		15,437	121		-
Reclassifications		-		66,913	-	(66,913)
Write-offs		-		1	-		-
Effect of foreign exchange		1	(385)	-	(9,018)
At June 30	(\$	2)	(\$	16,308) (\$	546)	(\$	278,585)

(c) Liquidity risk

- i. Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by Group's Finance Department. Group's Finance Department monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs.
- ii. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities and net-settled or gross-settled derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date for non-derivative financial liabilities.

rion derivative infanten	ar maonneies.					
		Between 3				
June 30, 2020	Less than 3	months and	Between 1	Between 2	Over 5	
	months	1 year	and 2 years	and 5 years	years	Total
Notes payable	\$ 15,982	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,982
Accounts payable Accounts payable	\$14,861,786	\$ 174,770				15,036,556
- related parties	426,927	59,557	-	-	-	486,484
Other payables Other payables	4,604,767	231,091	-	-	-	4,835,858
- related parties Bonds payable (including current	175,468	1,610	-	-	9,554	186,632
portion) Long-term loans (including current	-	4,101,200	4,059,200	2,017,200	-	10,177,600
portion)	4,577,714	22,207,124	24,955,466	46,662,531	17,216,154	115,618,989
Lease payable and financial liabilities for hedging (including current						
portion)	3,791,666	9,456,546	11,938,539	32,780,643	31,839,047	89,806,441

Non-derivative financial liabilities:

Non-derivative financial liabilities:

December 31, 2019	Less than 3	Between 3 months and	Between 1	Between 2	Over 5	
	months	1 year	and 2 years	and 5 years	years	Total
Accounts payable Accounts payable	\$16,165,426	\$ 4,284	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$16,169,710
- related parties	369,044	42,058	-	-	-	411,102
Other payables	4,115,041	288,335	3,503	-	-	4,406,879
Other payables - related parties	696,438		-	-	9,801	706,239
Bonds payable	-	101,200	4,101,200	6,076,400	-	10,278,800
Long-term loans (including current portion)	4,063,463	21,210,732	23,999,762	47,550,813	17,454,788	114,279,558
Lease payable and financial liabilities for hedging (including current						
portion)	3,815,715	9,799,502	12,274,193	34,201,995	34,848,315	94,939,720
Non-derivative financia	al liabilities:					

		Between 3				
June 30, 2019	Less than 3	months and	Between 1	Between 2	Over 5	
	months	1 year	and 2 years	and 5 years	years	Total
Accounts payable	\$17,039,471	\$ 7,811	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$17,047,282
Accounts payable						
- related parties	126,837	119,042	-	-	-	245,879
Other payables	5,396,809	216,869	4,508	460	2,095	5,620,741
Other payables						
- related parties	77,347	631,441	-	-	9,869	718,657
Bonds payable	-	101,200	4,101,200	6,076,400	-	10,278,800
Long-term loans (including current						
portion)	4,616,154	19,881,762	27,926,838	45,464,578	17,204,960	115,094,292
Lease payable and financial liabilities for hedging (including current						
portion)	3,598,369	8,335,180	10,006,334	29,186,053	19,217,613	70,343,549

iii. The Group does not expect the timing of occurrence of the cash flows estimated through the maturity date analysis will be significantly earlier, nor expect the actual cash flow amount will be significantly different.

(3) Fair value estimation

- A.The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:
 - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active if it meets all the following conditions: the items traded in the market are homogeneous; willing buyers and sellers can normally be found at any time; and prices are available to the public. The fair value of the Group's investment in listed stocks, beneficiary certificates and derivative instruments with quoted market prices is included in Level.
 - Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
 - Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.
- B. Fair value information of investment property at cost is provided in Note 6(10).
- C. Financial instruments not measured at fair value
 - (a) Except for those listed in the table below, the carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, accounts receivable, other receivables, financial assets measured at amortised cost, accounts payable and other payables are approximate to their fair values.

	June 30), 2020
		Fair value
	Book value	Level 3
Financial liabilities:		
Bonds payable (including current portion)	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 10,120,291
Long-term loans (including current portion)	110,908,136	115,456,902
	\$ 120,908,136	\$ 125,577,193
	December	31, 2019
		Fair value
	Book value	Level 3
Financial liabilities:		
Bonds payable	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 10,154,063
Long-term loans (including current portion)	106,701,568	114,134,001
	\$ 116,701,568	\$ 124,288,064
	June 30), 2019
		Fair value
	Book value	Level 3
Financial liabilities:		
Bonds payable	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 10,118,734
Long-term loans (including current portion)	106,498,734	114,913,675
	\$ 116,498,734	\$ 125,032,409

- D. The related information of financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities are as follows:
 - (a) The related information of natures of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

June 30, 2020	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets: <u>Recurring fair value</u> <u>measurements</u> Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Equity securities	\$ 930,010	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 528,407	\$ 1,458,417
Liabilities: <u>Recurring fair value measurements</u> Derivative financial liabilities for hedging	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 18,850,478</u>
December 31, 2019 Assets: <u>Recurring fair value</u> <u>measurements</u> Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Equity securities	\$ 989,850	\$ -	\$ 729,573	\$ 1,719,423
Liabilities: <u>Recurring fair value measurements</u> Derivative financial liabilities for hedging	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 20,188,942</u>
June 30, 2019	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets: <u>Recurring fair value</u> <u>measurements</u> Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Equity securities	\$ 892,610	\$-	\$1,005.105	\$ 1,897,715
Liabilities:	. , , - •	<u></u>	. , - ,	. , ,
Recurring fair value measurements Derivative financial liabilities for hedging	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 16,012,394</u>

- (b) The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are as follows:
 - i. The instruments the Group used market quoted prices as their fair values (that is, Level 1) are listed below by characteristics:

	Listed shares
Market quoted price	Closing price

- ii. Except for financial instruments with active markets, the fair value of other financial instruments is measured by using valuation techniques or by reference to counterparty quotes. The fair value of financial instruments measured by using valuation techniques can be referred to current fair value of instruments with similar terms and characteristics in substance, discounted cash flow method or other valuation methods, including calculated by applying model using market information available at the consolidated balance sheet date (i.e. yield curves on the Taipei Exchange, average commercial paper interest rates quoted from Reuters).
- iii. When assessing non-standard and low-complexity financial instruments, the Group adopts valuation technique that is widely used by market participants. The inputs used in the valuation method to measure these financial instruments are normally observable in the market.
- iv. The valuation of derivative financial instruments is based on valuation model widely accepted by market participants, such as present value techniques and option pricing models. Forward exchange contracts are usually valued based on the current forward exchange rate. Structured interest derivative instruments are measured by using appropriate option pricing models (i.e. Black-Scholes model) or other valuation methods, such as Monte Carlo simulation.
- v. The output of valuation model is an estimated value and the valuation technique may not be able to capture all relevant factors of the Group's financial and non-financial instruments. Therefore, the estimated value derived using valuation model is adjusted accordingly with additional inputs, for example, model risk or liquidity risk and etc. In accordance with the Group's management policies and relevant control procedures relating to the valuation models used for fair value measurement, management believes adjustment to valuation is necessary in order to reasonably represent the fair value of financial and non-financial instruments at the consolidated balance sheet. The inputs and pricing information used during valuation are carefully assessed and adjusted based on current market conditions.
- vi. The Group takes into account adjustments for credit risks to measure the fair value of financial and non-financial instruments to reflect credit risk of the counterparty and the Group's credit quality.

- E. For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2.
- F. The following chart is the movement of Level 3 for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019:

		2020	2019		
At January 1	\$	729,573	\$	800,149	
Gains and losses recognised in other					
comprehensive income (Note 1)	(201,166)		204,956	
At June 30	\$	528,407	\$	1,005,105	

- Note 1: Recorded as unrealised gains or losses on valuation of investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and exchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign operations.
- G. For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, there was no transfer into or out from Level 3.
- H. The Group is in charge of valuation procedures for fair value measurements being categorised within Level 3, which is to verify independent fair value of financial instruments. Such assessment is to ensure the valuation results are reasonable by applying independent information to make results close to current market conditions, confirming the resource of information is independent, reliable and in line with other resources and represented as the exercisable price, and frequently calibrating valuation model, performing back-testing, updating inputs used to the valuation model and making any other necessary adjustments to the fair value.
- I. The following is the qualitative information of significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

	Fair value at June 30, 2020	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Non-derivative equity instrument:					
Unlisted shares	\$ 521,635	Market comparable companies	Price to earnings ratio multiple	7.50~48.56	The higher the multiple and control premium, the higher the fair value
			Price to book ratio multiple	0.53~2.89	The higher the multiple and control premium, the higher the fair value
			Discount for lack of marketability	20%~30%	The higher the weighted average cost of capital and discount for lack of control, the lower the fair value
Venture capital shares Private equity fund investment	6,772	Net asset value	Net asset value		The higher the net asset value, the higher the fair value
	Fair value at		Significant	Range	
	December	Valuation	Significant unobservable	Range (weighted	Relationship of inputs
Non-derivative equity instrument:			-	-	Relationship of inputs to fair value
	December	Valuation	unobservable	(weighted	
instrument:	December 31, 2019	Valuation technique Market comparable	unobservable input Price to earnings ratio	(weighted average)	to fair value The higher the multiple and control premium,
instrument:	December 31, 2019	Valuation technique Market comparable	unobservable input Price to earnings ratio multiple Price to book	(weighted average) 8.82~46.24	to fair value The higher the multiple and control premium, the higher the fair value The higher the multiple and control premium,

	ir value at June 30, 2019	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Non-derivative equity instrument:					
Unlisted shares	\$ 998,333	Market comparable companies	Price to earnings ratio multiple	11.28~43.40	The higher the multiple and control premium, the higher the fair value
			Price to book ratio multiple	0.52~2.44	The higher the multiple and control premium, the higher the fair value
			Discount for lack of marketability	20%~30%	The higher the weighted average cost of capital and discount for lack of control, the lower the fair value
Venture capital shares Private equity fund investment	6,772	Net asset value	Net asset value		The higher the net asset value, the higher the fair value

J. The Group has carefully assessed the valuation models and assumptions used to measure fair value. However, use of different valuation models or assumptions may result in difference measurement. The following is the effect of profit or loss or of other comprehensive income from financial assets categorised within Level 3 if the inputs used to valuation models have changed:

			June 30, 2020						
			Recognise	ed in profit or	Recognised in other comprehensive income				
			1	OSS					
			Favourable	Unfavourable	Favourable	Unfavourable			
	Input	Change	change	change change		change			
Financial assets									
	Price to earnings								
Equity	ratio/ price to book	±1%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,216	\$ 5,216			
instrument	ratio/ discount for lack of marketability								
	Net asset value	±1%	_	-	68	68			
			\$-	\$ -	\$ 5,284	\$ 5,284			
			·		. ,	. ,			

				Decembe	r 31, 2019			
			Recognised in profit or Recognised in other					
			1	oss	comprehe	nsive income		
			Favourable	Unfavourable	Favourable	Unfavourable		
	Input	Change	change	change	change	change		
Financial assets								
	Price to earnings							
Equity instrument	ratio/ price to book ratio/ discount for	±1%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,228	\$ 7,228		
	lack of marketability							
	Net asset value	$\pm 1\%$			68	68		
			<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 7,296	\$ 7,296		
				0, 2019				
			Recog	gnised in	Recognis	sed in other		
			profit	or loss	comprehensive income			
			Favourable	Unfavourable	Favourable	Unfavourable		
	Input	Change	change	change	change	change		
Financial assets								
	Price to earnings							
Equity instrument	ratio/ price to book ratio/ discount for	±1%	\$-	\$ -	\$ 9,983	\$ 9,983		
	lack of marketability							
	Net asset value	$\pm 1\%$			68	68		
			<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 10,051</u>	<u>\$ 10,051</u>		

13. <u>SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES</u>

- (1) Significant transactions information
 - A. Loans to others: Please refer to table 1.
 - B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Please refer to table 2.
 - C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Please refer to table 3.
 - D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: None.
 - E. Acquisition of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
 - F. Disposal of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
 - G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 4.
 - H. Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 5.
 - I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting periods: None.
 - J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods: Please refer to table 6.
- (2) <u>Information on investees (not including investees in Mainland China)</u>
 Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China) : Please refer to table 7.
- (3) Information on investments in Mainland China

A. Basic information: Please refer to table 8.

- B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area: None.
- (4) Information of major shareholder

Information of major shareholder: Please refer to table 9.

14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

(1) General information

Management has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the chief operating decision-maker that are used to make strategic decisions.

There is no material change in the basis for formation of entities and division of segments in the Group or in the measurement basis for segment information in this period.

(2) <u>Segment information</u>

The segment information provided to the chief operating decision-maker for the reportable segments is as follows:

	Six-month period ended June 30, 2020							
	Т	ransportation		Other	I	Adjustments and		
		Department		Departments		written-off		Total
Revenue from external customers Revenue from	\$	86,847,201	\$	498,800	\$	-	\$	87,346,001
internal customers		13,967,797		_	(13,967,797)		-
Segment revenue		100,814,998		498,800	(13,967,797)		87,346,001
Interest income		214,431		11,040		-		225,471
Interest expense	(2,547,096)	(3,743)		-	(2,550,839)
Depreciation and amortisation Share of income (loss) of associates and joint ventures accounted for	(10,525,637)	(125,227)		-	(10,650,864)
using equity method	(25,548)	(43,511)		-	(69,059)
Other items	(70,110,227)	(519,766)	_	-	()	70,629,993)
Segment profit (loss)	\$	17,820,921	(<u>\$</u>	182,407)	(<u></u>	13,967,797)	\$	3,670,717
Recognizable assets Investments accounted for	\$	270,102,210	\$	8,763,457	\$	-	\$	278,865,667
using equity method		22,844,616		5,564,052		-		28,408,668
Segment assets	\$	292,946,826	\$	14,327,509	\$		\$	307,274,335
Segment liabilities	\$	231,013,853	\$	953,391	\$		\$	231,967,244

	Six-month period ended June 30, 2019										
	Т	ransportation		Other	A	djustments and					
		Department		Departments		written-off		Total			
Revenue from external customers Revenue from	\$	91,834,933	\$	973,860	\$	-	\$	92,808,793			
internal customers		15,436,448			(15,436,448)					
Segment revenue		107,271,381		973,860	(15,436,448)		92,808,793			
Interest income		371,592		13,982		-		385,574			
Interest expense	(2,769,557)	(5,325)		-	(2,774,882)			
Depreciation and amortisation Share of loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for	(9,990,416)	(128,847)		-	(10,119,263)			
using equity method		581,111	(306,094)		-		275,017			
Other items	(79,016,214)	(1,015,060)		-	()	80,031,274)			
Segment profit (loss)	\$	16,447,897	(<u></u>	467,484)	(\$	15,436,448)	\$	543,965			
Recognizable assets	\$	262,850,637	\$	9,753,629	\$	-	\$	272,604,266			
Investments accounted for using equity method		22,246,054		6,019,335				28,265,389			
Segment assets	\$	285,096,691	\$	15,772,964	\$		\$	300,869,655			
Segment liabilities	\$	228,414,454	\$	1,066,200	\$	_	\$	229,480,654			

(3) <u>Reconciliation for segment income (loss)</u>

- A. Sales between segments are carried out at arm's length. The revenue from external parties reported to the chief operating decision-maker is measured in a manner consistent with that in the statement of comprehensive income.
- B. The amounts provided to the chief operating decision-maker with respect to total assets are measured in a manner consistent with that in the balance sheet.
- C. The amounts provided to the chief operating decision-maker with respect to total liabilities are measured in a manner consistent with that in the balance sheet.
- D. The amounts provided to the chief operating decision-maker with respect to segment profit (loss) are measured in a manner consistent with the income (loss) before tax from continuing operations.

Evergreen Marine Corporation (Taiwan) Ltd. Loans to others For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020

Number (Note	Number (Note		General ledger	Is a	Maximum outstanding balance	Balance at June 30,	Actual amount		Nature of loan	Amount of	Reason for short-term	Allowance for	Coll	ateral	Limit on loans granted to a	Ceiling on total	
1)	1) Creditor Borrow	Borrower	account (Note 2)	related party	during the six-month period ended June 30, 2020 (Note 3)	2020 (Note 8)	drawn down	Interest rate	(Note 4)	transactions with borrower (Note 5)	financing (Note 6)	doubtful accounts	Item	Value	single party (Note 7)	loans granted (Note 7)	Footnote
	Peony Investment S.A.	Luanta Investment (Netherlands) N.V.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	\$ 63,674	\$ 61,866	\$ 58,920	1.27375~ 1.27950	2	\$-	Working capital requirement	\$ -	None	\$ -	\$ 5,478,416	\$ 13,696,039	
	Peony Investment S.A.	Clove Holding Ltd.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	782,282	589,200	574,470	1.17663~ 1.29013	2	-	Working capital requirement	-	None	-	10,956,831	13,696,039	
		Colon Container Terminal S.A.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	241,572	241,572	241,572	1.27363~ 1.27663	2	-	Working capital requirement	-	None	-	5,478,416	13,696,039	
2	Clove Holding I td	Colon Container Terminal S.A.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	539,714	353,520	353,520	1.27663~ 1.29800	2	-	Working capital requirement	-	None	-	536,146	1,072,293	
3	U	Colon Container Terminal S.A.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	133,896	133,896	133,896	1.27363~ 1.29000	2	-	Working capital requirement	-	None	-	1,139,513	2,279,025	
4		Whitney Equipment LLC.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	265,140	265,140	265,140	2.555~ 2.555	2	-	Working capital requirement	-	None	-	408,718	1,021,794	

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the loans provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

(1)The Company is '0'.

(2)The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Fill in the name of account in which the loans are recognised, such as receivables-related parties, current account with stockholders, prepayments, temporary payments, etc.

Note 3: Fill in the maximum outstanding balance of loans to others during the six-month period ended June 30, 2020

Note 4: The column of Nature of loan' shall fill in 1. 'Business transaction' or 2. 'Short-term financing'.

Note 5: Fill in the amount of business transactions when nature of the loan is related to business transactions, which is the amount of business transactions occurred between the creditor and borrower in the current period.

Note 6: Fill in purpose of loan when nature of loan is for short-term financing, for example, repayment of loan, acquisition of equipment, working capital, etc.

Note 7: Fill in limit on loans granted to a single party and ceiling on total loans granted as prescribed in the creditor company's "Procedures for Provision of Loans", and state each individual party to which the loans have been provided and the calculation for ceiling on total loans granted in the footnote.

1. According to the Company's credit policy, the total amount of loans granted to a single company should not exceed 20% of the net worth stated in the latest financial statements.

PEONY: USD 929,806*29.4600*20%=5,478,416

Clove Holding Ltd. : USD 90,996*29.4600*20%=536,146

Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd. : USD 193,400*29.4600*20%=1,139,513

Everport Terminal Services : USD 69,368*29.4600*20%=408,718

The Company held 100% voting shares directly and indirectly in foreign company, that the total amount of loans granted to a single company should not exceed 40% of the net worth stated in the latest financial statements. PEONY: USD 929,806*29.4600*40%=10,956,831

2. According to the Company's credit policy, the total amount of loans granted should not exceed 40% of the net worth stated in the latest financial statements.

Clove Holding Ltd. : USD 90,996*29.4600*40%=1,072,293

Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd. : USD 193,400*29.4600*40%=2,279,025

The Company held 100% voting shares directly and indirectly in foreign company, that the total amount of loans granted should not exceed 50% of the net worth stated in the latest financial statements.

PEONY: USD 929,806*29.4600*50%=13,696,039

Everport Terminal Services : USD 69,368*29.4600*50%=1,021,794

Note 8: The amounts of funds to be loaned to others which have been approved by the Board of Directors of a public company in accordance with Article 14, Item 1 of the "Regulations Governing Loaning of Funds and Making of Endorsements/Guarantees by Public Companies" should be included in its published balance of loans to others at the end of the reporting period to reveal the risk of loaning the public company bears, even though they have not yet been appropriated. However, this balance should exclude the loans repaid when repayments are done subsequently to reflect the risk adjustment. In addition, if the Board of Directors of a public company has authorized the Chairman to loan funds in instalments or in revolving within certain lines and within one year in accordance with Article 14, Item 2 of the "Regulations Governing Loaning of Funds and Making of Endorsements/Guarantees by Public Companies", the published balance of loans to others at the end of the reporting period should also include these lines of loaning approved by the Board of Directors, and these lines of loaning should not be excluded from this balance even though the loans are repaid subsequently, for taking into consideration that they could be loaned again thereafter.

Note 9: This transaction was written off when the consolidated financial statements were prepared.

Table 1

Expressed in thousands of TWD

Evergreen Marine Corporation (Taiwan) Ltd. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020

		Party being endorsed/gu	aranteed		Maximum outstanding	Outstanding		Amount of	Ratio of accumulated endorsement/	Ceiling on total	Provision of	Provision of	Provision of	
Number (Note 1)	Endorser/Guarantor	Company name	Relationship with the endorser/ guarantor (Note 2)	Limit on endorsements/ guarntees provided for a single party (Note 3)	endorsement/ guarantee amount as of June 30, 2020 (Note 4)	endorsement/ guarantee amount at June 30, 2020 (Note 5)	Actual amount drawn down (Note 6)	endorsements/ guarantees secured with collateral	guarantee amount to net asset value of the endorser/ guarantor company	amount of endorsements/ guarantees provided (Note 3)	endorsements/ guarantees by parent company to subsidiary (Note 7)	endorsements/ guarantees by subsidiary to parent company (Note 7)	endorsements/ guarantees to the party in Mainland China (Note 7)	Footnote
0	Evergreen Marine Corporation	Greencompass Marine S.A.	2	\$ 143,670,451	\$ 52,023,307	\$ 50,057,492	\$ 29,835,036	\$ -	69.68%	\$ 179,588,063	Y	N	N	
	Evergreen Marine Corporation	Peony Investment S.A.	2	143,670,451	151,605	147,300	-	-	0.21%	179,588,063	Y	Ν	Ν	
	Evergreen Marine Corporation	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	2	143,670,451	34,362,054	33,728,921	29,074,125	-	46.95%	179,588,063	Y	Ν	Ν	
0	Evergreen Marine Corporation	Whitney Equipment LLC.	2	143,670,451	104,254	101,294	50,132	-	0.14%	179,588,063	Y	Ν	Ν	
0	Evergreen Marine Corporation	Colon Container Terminal S.A.	6	35,917,613	2,323,801	1,126,550	757,711	-	1.57%	179,588,063	Ν	Ν	Ν	
		Balsam Investment (Netherlands) N.V.	6	35,917,613	891,437	866,124	721,770	-	1.21%	179,588,063	Ν	Ν	Ν	
	Evergreen Marine Corporation	Everport Terminal Services Inc.	2	143,670,451	2,657,778	2,562,275	964,831	-	3.57%	179,588,063	Y	Ν	Ν	
0		Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	2	143,670,451	33,589,686	31,829,843	17,720,511	-	44.31%	179,588,063	Y	Ν	Ν	
	Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	Ever Shine (Shanghai) Enterprise Management Consulting Co., Ltd.	2	11,395,127	36,357	-	-	-	-	14,243,909	Y	Ν	Y	
1	Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	Colon Container Terminal S.A.	6	2,848,782	522,855	253,474	170,485	-	4.45%	14,243,909	Ν	Ν	Ν	
		Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	2	11,395,127	2,329,180	702,363	551,856	-	12.33%	14,243,909	N	Ν	Ν	

Table 2

Expressed in thousands of TWD

Evergreen Marine Corporation (Taiwan) Ltd. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020

Number (Note 1)	Endorser/Guarantor	Party being endorsed/guaranteed			Maximum outstanding	Outstanding		Amount of	Ratio of accumulated endorsement/	Ceiling on total	Provision of	Provision of	Provision of	
		Company name	Relationship with the endorser/ guarantor (Note 2)	Limit on endorsements/ guarntees provided for a single party (Note 3)	endorsement/ guarantee amount as of	endorsement/	Actual amount drawn	endorsements/	guarantee amount to net asset value of the endorser/ guarantor company	amount of endorsements/	endorsements/	endorsements/ guarantees by subsidiary to parent company (Note 7)	endorsements/ guarantees to the party in Mainland China (Note 7)	Footnote
· · · · ·	Greencompass Marine S.A.	Everport Terminal Services Inc.	1	\$ 7,366,452	\$ 150,065	\$ 147,300	\$ 147,300	\$-	1.00%	\$ 36,832,259	Ν	Ν	Ν	

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the endorsements/guarantees provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

(1)The Company is '0'.

(2)The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Relationship between the endorser/guarantor and the party being endorsed/guaranteed is classified into the following six categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to:

(1) Having business relationship.

(2) The endorser/guarantor parent company directly and indirectly owns more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed company.

(3) The endorsed/guaranteed parent company directly and indirectly owns more than 50% voting shares of the endorser/guarantor subsidiary.

(4) The parent company directly or indirectly owns more than 90% voting shares of the companies that make endorsements/guarantees for each other.

(5) The parent company fulfills its contractual obligations by providing mutual endorsements/guarantees for another company in the same industry or for joint builders for purposes of undertaking a construction project.

(6) Due to joint venture, all capital contributing shareholders make endorsements/guarantees to the endorsed/guaranteed company in proportion to its ownership.

(7) Companies in the same industry provide among themselves joint and several security for a performance guarantee of a sales contract for pre-construction homes pursuant to the Consumer Protection Act for each other.

Note 3: Fill in limit on endorsements/guarantees provided for a single party and ceiling on total amount of endorsements/guarantees provided as prescribed in the endorser/guarantor company's "Procedures for Provision of Endorsements and

Guarantees", and state each individual party to which the endorsements/guarantees have been provided and the calculation for ceiling on total amount of endorsements/guarantees provided in the footnote.

The calculation is as follows:

The Company: 71,835,225*250% = 179,588,063

Limit on endorsement or guarantees provided by the Company for a single entity is \$35,917,613 (Amounting to 50% of its net worth).

(When the Company owns more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed company, the limit on endorsement or guarantee provided by the Company should not exceed 200% of its net worth, which equals to \$143,670,451.) According to the credit policy of Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd., the calculation for total amount of endorsements/guarantees is as follows:

Ceiling on total amount of endorsements/guarantees: USD 193,400*29.46*250% = 14,243,909

Limit on endorsements or guarantees provided for a single entity : 2,848,782 (Amounting to 50% of its net worth).

(When the Company owns more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed company, the limit on endorsement or guarantee provided by the Company should not exceed 200% of its net worth, which equals to \$11,395,127.)

According to the credit policy of Greencompass Marine S.A., the calculation for total amount of endorsements/guarantees is as follows:

Ceiling on total amount of endorsements/guarantees: USD 500,099*29.46*250% = 36,832,259

Limit on endorsements or guarantees provided for a single entity : 7,366,452 (Amounting to 50% of its net worth).

Note 4: Fill in the year-to-date maximum outstanding balance of endorsements/guarantees provided as of the reporting period.

Note 5: Fill in the amount approved by the Board of Directors or the chariman if the chairman has been authorised by the Board of Directors.

Note 6: Fill in the actual amount of endorsements/guarantees used by the endorsed/guaranteed company.

Note 7: Fill in 'Y' for those cases of provision of endorsements/guarantees by listed parent company to subsidiary, provision by subsidiary to listed parent company, and provision to the party in Mainland China.

Table 2

Expressed in thousands of TWD

Evergreen Marine Corporation (Taiwan) Ltd.

Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020

Expressed in thousands of shares/thousands of TWD/thousands of foreign currency

		Relationship with the			Footnote (Note 4)				
Securities held by	Marketable securities (Note 1)	securities issuer (Note 2)	Genearl ledger account	Number of shares	Book value (Note 3)	Ownership (%)	Fair value	roomote (Note 4)	
Evergreen Marine Corporation	Stock:								
	Power World Fund Inc.		Financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	677	\$ 6,772	5.68%	\$ 6,772		
	Linden Technologies, Inc.		"	50	3,935	1.44%	3,935		
	TopLogis, Inc.		"	2,464	27,876	17.48%	27,876		
	Ever Accord Construction Corp.	Other related party	"	10,500	129,720	17.50%	129,720		
	Central Reinsurance Corp.		"	49,866	930,010	8.45%	930,010		
	Financial bonds:								
	Sunny Bank 2nd Subordinate Financial Debentures-B Issue in 2015		Financial asset measured at atmortised cost - non-current	-	50,000	-	50,000		
	Sunny Bank 3rd Subordinate Financial Debentures-B Issue in 2017		"	-	50,000	-	50,000		
Peony Investment S.A.	Hutchison Inland Container Depots Ltd.		Financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	0.75	USD 178	5.27%	USD 178		
	South Asia Gateway Terminals (Private) Ltd.		"	18,942	USD 12,035	5.00%	USD 12,035		
Evergreen Shipping Agency (Europe) GmbH	Zoll Pool Hafen Hamburg AG		"	10	EUR 10	2.86%	EUR 10		

Note 1: Marketable securities in the table refer to stocks, bonds, beneficiary certificates and other related derivative securities within the scope of IFRS9, 'Financial instruments: recognition and measurement'.

Note 2: Leave the column blank if the issuer of marketable securities is non-related party.

Note 3: Fill in the amount after adjusted at fair value and deducted by accumulated impairment for the marketable securities measured at fair value; fill in the acquisition cost or amortised cost deducted by accumulated impairment for the marketable securities not measured at fair value.

Note 4: The number of shares of securities and their amounts pledged as security or pledged for loans and their restrictions on use under some agreements should be stated in the footnote if the securities presented herein have such conditions.

Table 3

Evergreen Marine Corporation (Taiwan) Ltd.

Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching TWD 100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020

Table 4

Expressed in thousands of TWD/thousands of foreign currency

Purchaser/Seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the		Tran	saction		terms comp party tra	in transaction pared to third insactions pte 1)	Notes/account:	Footnote (Note 2)	
		counterparty	Purchases/ sales	Amount	Percentage of total purchases/ sales	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	Balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	
Evergreen Marine Corporation	Everport Terminal Services Inc.	Subsidiary	Purchases	\$ 688,889	3%	30~60 days	\$-	-	(\$ 95,922)	3%	
	Course Marine S.A.	C	Purchases	853,411	3%	30~60 days	-	-	(441)	-	
	Greencompass Marine S.A.	Subsidiary	Sales	1,128,686	4%	30~60 days	-	-	6,214	-	
	Taiwan Terminal Services Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Purchases	411,430	1%	30~60 days	-	-	(63,763)	2%	
	Italia Marittima S.p.A.	Associates	Purchases	142,587	1%	30~60 days	-	-	(4,550)	-	
			Sales	175,461	1%	30~60 days	-	-	233	-	
	Evergreen International Storage and Transport Corp.	Associates	Purchases	182,983	1%	30~60 days	-	-	(15,893)	-	
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (America) Corporation	Other related parties	Purchases	143,771	1%	30~60 days	-	-	-	-	
	Evergreen International Corp.	Other related parties	Purchases	269,658	1%	30~60 days	-	-	(41,996)	1%	
	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	Subsidiary	Purchases	304,344	1%	30~60 days	-	-	(44,853)	1%	
			Sales	373,578	2%	30~60 days	-	-	982	-	
	Evergreen Marine (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	Other related parties	Purchases	222,310	1%	30~60 days	-	-	(20,819)	1%	
	Evergreen warme (omgapore) i te. Etd.	outer related parties	Sales	837,420	4%	30~60 days	-	-	555	-	
	Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	Subsidiary	Purchases	427,321	2%	30~60 days	-	-	(18,158)	1%	
	Evergreen marme (Hong Kong) Ltd.	Subsidiary	Sales	426,997	2%	30~60 days	-	-	91	-	
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Europe) GmbH (EEU)	Subsidiary	Purchases	149,450	1%	30~60 days	-	-	-	-	

Purchaser/Seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty		Tra		terms comp party tra	in transaction pared to third unsactions ote 1)	Notes/accounts receivable (payable)			Footnote (Note 2)	
		counterparty	Purchases/ sales	Amount	Percentage of total purchases/ sales	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	Balar	nce	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	
Evergreen Marine Corporation	Evergreen International S.A.(EIS)	Other related parties	Sales	\$ 139,08	8 1%	30~60 days	\$-	-	\$	-	-	
	Gaining Enterprise S.A.	Other related parties	Purchases	299,79	5 1%	30~60 days	-	-		-	-	
Taiwan Terminal Services Co.,Ltd.	Evergreen Marine Corp.	The parent	Sales	411,43	0 100%	30~60 days	-	-		63,763	99%	(Note)
Everport Terminal Services Inc.	Evergreen Marine Corp.	The parent	Sales	USD 22,96	2 12%	30~60 days	-	-	USD	3,256	11%	(Note)
	Evergreen Marine (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	Investee of the Parent Company's major shareholder	Sales	USD 48,65	5 26%	30 days	-	-	USD	6,135	20%	
		Indirect subsidiary of the Parent Company	Sales	USD 12,94	2 7%	30 days	-	-	USD	1,329	4%	(Note)
	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	Indirect subsidiary of the Parent Company	Sales	USD 36,38	1 19%	30 days	-	-	USD	4,685	16%	(Note)
	Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	Subsidiary of the Parent Company	Sales	USD 17,65	5 9%	30 days	-	-	USD	2,412	8%	(Note)
Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	Evergreen Marine Corp.	The parent	Sales	USD 14,24	4 3%	30~60 days	-	-	USD	616	-	(Note)
			Purchases	USD 14,23	3 3%	30~60 days	-	-	(USD	3)	-	(Note)
		Indirect subsidiary of the Parent Company	Sales	USD 19,16	9 4%	30~60 days	-	-	USD	20	-	(Note)
	Greencompass Marine S.A.		Purchases	USD 14,69	2 3%	30~60 days	-	-	(USD	581)	1%	(Note)
		Investee of Balsam	Sales	USD 4,33	1 1%	30~60 days	-	-		-	-	
		Investment (NetherLands) N.V.	Purchases	USD 17,32	5 4%	30~60 days	-	-	(USD	763)	1%	
		Investee of the Parent	Sales	USD 23,37	4 5%	30~60 days	-	-		-	-	
	Evergreen Marine (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	Company's major shareholder	Purchases	USD 5,21	0 1%	30~60 days	-	-	(USD	36)	-	
	European Laboration 1.C	Investee of the Parent	Sales	USD 3,40	5 1%	30~60 days	-	-	USD	148	-	
		Company's major shareholder	Purchases	USD 6,75	5 2%	30~60 days	-	-		-	-	
	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	Indirect subsidiary of the Parent Company	Sales	USD 10,33	2 2%	30~60 days	-	-	USD	20	-	(Note)

Purchaser/Seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty		Tran	saction		terms comp party tra	in transaction pared to third insactions ote 1)	d Notes/accounts receivable (payable)			Footnote (Note 2)
		counceparty	Purchases/ sales	Amount	Percentage of total purchases/ sales	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	Bala	nce	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	
Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	Indirect subsidiary of the Parent Company	Purchases	USD 45,414	10%	30~60 days	\$-	-	(USD	436)	-	(Note)
	Everport Terminal Services Inc.	Subsidiary of the Parent Company	Purchases	USD 17,656	4%	30 days	-	-	(USD	2,412)	2%	(Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (America) Corporation	Investee of the Parent Company's major shareholder	Purchases	USD 4,217	1%	30~60 days	-	-	(USD	1)	-	
	Master International Shipping Agency Co., Ltd.	Indirect subsidiary of the Parent Company	Purchases	USD 14,047	3%	30~60 days	-	-	(USD	2,308)	2%	(Note)
Greencompass Marine S.A.	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	Indirect subsidiary of the	Sales	USD 16,537	1%	30~60 days	-	-	USD	1,033	1%	(Note)
	Evergreen Marine (OK) Einned	Parent Company	Purchases	USD 11,870	1%	30~60 days	-	-	(USD	439)	-	(Note)
	Evergreen Marine Corp.	The parent	Sales	USD 28,446	2%	30~60 days	-	-	USD	15	-	(Note)
	Evergreen Marine Corp.		Purchases	USD 37,622	3%	30~60 days	-	-	(USD	211)	-	(Note)
	Everport Terminal Services Inc.	Subsidiary of the Parent Company	Purchases	USD 12,942	1%	30 days	-	-	(USD	1,329)	1%	(Note)
	Evergreen Marine (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	Investee of the Parent	Sales	USD 39,448	3%	30~60 days	-	-	USD	1,701	1%	
	Evergreen Marine (Singapore) Fie. Ed.	Company's major shareholder	Purchases	USD 12,139	1%	30~60 days	-	-	(USD	3,270)	1%	
	Italia Marittima S.p.A.	Investee of Balsam Investment (NetherLands)	Sales	USD 9,820	1%	30~60 days	-	-		-	-	
	nana Maritunia 3.p.A.	N.V.	Purchases	USD 17,557	2%	30~60 days	-	-		-	-	
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (America) Corporation	Investee of the Parent Company's major shareholder	Purchases	USD 8,424	1%	30~60 days	-	-		-	-	
	Evergreen International Corp.	Investee of the Parent Company's major shareholder	Purchases	USD 6,015	1%	30~60 days	-	-		-	-	
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Europe) GmbH	Indirect subsidiary of the Parent Company	Purchases	USD 4,588	-	30~60 days	-	-		-	-	(Note)
	Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	Subsidiary of the Parent	Sales	USD 14,692	1%	30~60 days	-	-	USD	581	-	(Note)
	Evergreen marine (nong Kong) Eld.	Company	Purchases	USD 19,169	2%	30~60 days	-	-	(USD	20)	-	(Note)
Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	Greencompass Marine S.A.	Indirect subsidiary of the Parent Company	Sales	USD 11,870	2%	30~60 days	_	-	USD	439	-	(Note)

Purchaser/Seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty		Tra	nsaction		terms comp party tra	in transaction pared to third insactions ote 1)	Not	es/accounts	s receivable (payable)	Footnote (Note 2)
		counterparty	Purchases/ sales	Amount	Percentage of total purchases/ sales	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	Ba	lance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	
Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	Greencompass Marine S.A.	Indirect subsidiary of the Parent Company	Purchases	USD 16,53	7 3%	30~60 days	\$-	-	(USD	1,033)	1%	(Note)
	Evergreen Marine Corp.	The Parent	Sales	USD 10,14	4 2%	30~60 days	-	-	USD	1,523	1%	(Note)
			Purchases	USD 12,45	2 2%	30~60 days	-	-	(USD	33)	-	(Note)
	Everport Terminal Services Inc.	Subsidiary of the Parent Company	Purchases	USD 36,38	1 7%	30 days	-	-	(USD	4,685)	3%	(Note)
	Italia Marittima S.p.A.	Investee of Balsam Investment (NetherLands) N.V.	Purchases	USD 3,50	5 1%	30~60 days	-	-	(USD	185)	-	
	Evergreen Marine (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	Investee of the Parent	Sales	USD 15,55	5 3%	30~60 days	-	-	USD	342	-	
	Evergreen marine (Singapore) Fiel Ed.	Company's major shareholder	Purchases	USD 3,85	8 1%	30~60 days	-	-	(USD	1,179)	1%	
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (America) Corporation	Investee of the Parent Company's major shareholder	Purchases	USD 9,60	5 2%	30~60 days	-	-		-	-	
	Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	Subsidiary of the Parent	Sales	USD 45,41	4 8%	30~60 days	-	-	USD	436	-	(Note)
	E forgreen Marine (110ng 110ng) Etc.	Company	Purchases	USD 10,33	2 2%	30~60 days	-	-	(USD	20)	-	(Note)
Evergreen Heavy Industrial Corp.(Malaysia) Berhad	Gaining Enterprise S.A.	Investee of EITC	Sales	MYR 70,76	3 100%	45 days	-	-	MYR	25,523	100%	
Evergreen Shipping Agency (Europe) GmbH	Greencompass Marine S.A.	Indirect subsidiary of the Parent Company	Sales	EUR 4,16	3 21%	30~60 days	-	-		-	-	(Note)
E	Evergreen Marine (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	Investee of the Parent Company's major shareholder	Sales	EUR 5,26	9 27%	30~60 days	-	-	EUR	937	2%	
	Evergreen Marine Corp.	The Parent	Sales	EUR 4,52	0 23%	30~60 days	-	-		-	-	(Note)
Master International Shipping Agency Co. Ltd.	Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	Subsidiary of the Parent Company	Sales	CNY 98,82	6 100%	30~60 days	-	-	CNY	16,343	100%	(Note)

Note 1: If terms of related-party transactions are different from third-party transactions, explain the differences and reasons in the 'Unit price' and 'Credit term' columns.

Note 2: In case related-party transaction terms involve advance receipts (prepayments) transactions, explain in the footnote the reasons, contractual provisions, related amounts, and differences in types of transactions compared to third-party

transactions.

Note 3: Paid-in capital referred to herein is the paid-in capital of parent company.

Evergreen Marine Corporation (Taiwan) Ltd. Receivables from related parties reaching TWD 100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more June 30, 2020

Table 5

Expressed in thousands of TWD/thousands of foreign currency

~		Relationship with the	Balance as at		Overdue	receivables	Amount collected	Allowance for	_
Creditor	Counterparty	counterparty	June 30, 2020 (Note 1)	Turnover rate	Amount	Action taken	subsequent to the balance sheet date	doubtful accounts	Footnote
Clove Holding Ltd.	Colon Container Terminal, S.A.	Investee of Clove Holding Ltd. accounted for using equity method	USD 12,23:	-	\$ -	-	\$-	\$ -	
Evergreen Heavy Industrial Corp. (Malaysia) Berhad	Gaining Enterprise S.A.	Investee of EITC	MYR 25,52	-	-	-	MYR 25,523	-	
Peony Investment S.A.	Clove Holding Ltd.	Subsidiary	USD 19,813	-	-	-	-	-	Note
Peony Investment S.A.	Colon Container Terminal, S.A.	Investee of Clove Holding Ltd. accounted for using equity method	USD 8,20'	-	-	-	-	-	
Everport Terminal Services Inc.	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	Indirectly subsidiary of the Parent Company	USD 4,68:	-	-	-	USD 4,083	-	Note
Everport Terminal Services Inc.	Evergreen Marine (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	Other related party	USD 6,13:	-	-	-	USD 5,347	-	
Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	Colon Container Terminal, S.A.	Investee of Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Limited accounted for using equity method	USD 4,54'	-	-	-	-	-	

Note: This transaction was written off when the consolidated financial statements were prepared.

Note 1: Fill in separately the balances of accounts receivable-related parties, notes receivable-related parties, other receivables-related parties, etc.

Note 2: Paid-in capital referred to herein is the paid-in capital of parent company.

Evergreen Marine Corporation (Taiwan) Ltd. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020

Number (Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	General ledger account	Amount	Transaction terms	Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 3)
0	Evergreen Marine Corporation	Taiwan Terminal Services Co.,Ltd.	1	Operating cost	\$ 411,430	Note 4	0.47
0	Evergreen Marine Corporation	Greencompass Marine S.A.	1	Shipowner's account - credit	102,382	"	0.03
0	Evergreen Marine Corporation	Greencompass Marine S.A.	1	Operating revenue	1,128,686	"	1.29
0	Evergreen Marine Corporation	Greencompass Marine S.A.	1	Operating cost	853,411	"	0.98
0	Evergreen Marine Corporation	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	1	Shipowner's account - debit	217,328	"	0.07
0	Evergreen Marine Corporation	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	1	Operating revenue	373,578	"	0.43
0	Evergreen Marine Corporation	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	1	Operating cost	304,344	"	0.35
0	Evergreen Marine Corporation	Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	1	Shipowner's account - credit	370,095	"	0.12
0	Evergreen Marine Corporation	Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	1	Operating revenue	426,997	"	0.49
0	Evergreen Marine Corporation	Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	1	Operating cost	427,321	"	0.49
0	Evergreen Marine Corporation	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Europe) GmbH	1	Operating cost	149,450	"	0.17
0	Evergreen Marine Corporation	Everport Terminal Services Inc.	1	Operating cost	688,889	"	0.79
0	Evergreen Marine Corporation	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Europe) GmbH	1	Shipowner's account - debit	100,518	"	0.03
1	Greencompass Marine S.A.	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	3	Operating cost	356,118	"	0.41
1	Greencompass Marine S.A.	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Europe) GmbH	3	Operating cost	137,639	"	0.16
1	Greencompass Marine S.A.	Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	3	Operating cost	575,076	"	0.66
1	Greencompass Marine S.A.	Everport Terminal Services Inc.	3	Operating cost	388,266	"	0.44
1	Greencompass Marine S.A.	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	3	Shipowner's account - debit	303,831	"	0.10
2	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	Greencompass Marine S.A.	3	Operating cost	496,118	"	0.57
2	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	3	Operating revenue	1,362,465	"	1.56

					Transaction		
Number (Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	General ledger account	Amount	Transaction terms	Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 3)
2	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	3	Operating cost	\$ 309,967	Note 4	0.35
2	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Europe) GmbH	3	Shipowner's account - credit	112,422		0.04
2	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	Everport Terminal Services Inc.	3	Operating cost	1,091,474		1.25
2	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	Everport Terminal Services Inc.	3	Account payables	138,025		0.04
3	Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	Greencompass Marine S.A.	3	Operating cost	440,776		0.50
3	Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	Everport Terminal Services Inc.	3	Operating cost	529,682		0.61
3	Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	Evergreen Shipping Agency (China) Co., Ltd.	3	Operating cost	421,416		0.48
3	Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	3	Shipowner's account - credit	139,430		0.05
4	Peony Investment S.A.	Clove Holding Ltd.	3	Other receivables	583,684	"	0.19

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

(1) Parent company is '0'.

(2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories; Fill in the number of category each case belongs to (If transactions between parent company and subsidiaries or between

subsidiaries refer to the same transaction, it is not required to disclose twice. For example, if the parent company has already disclosed its transaction with a subsidiary, then the subsidiary is not required to disclose the transaction;

for transactions between two subsidiaries, if one of the subsidiaries has disclosed the transaction, then the other is not required to disclose the transaction.):

(1) Parent company to subsidiary.

(2) Subsidiary to parent company

(3) Subsidiary to subsidiary

Note 3: Regarding percentage of transaction amount to consolidated total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on period-end balance of transaction to consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on

accumulated transaction amount for the period to consolidated total operating revenues for income statement accounts.

Note 4: Terms are approximately the same as for general transactions.

Information on investees (not including investee company of Mainland China)

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020

Expressed in thousands	of shares/thousands of TWD
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				Initial invest	ment amount	Shares	held as of June	30, 2020		Investment income (less)	
Investor	Investee (Note 1 \ Note 2)	Location	Main business activities	Balance as of June 30, 2020	Balance as of December 31, 2019	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value	Net profit (loss) of the investee For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020 (Note 2(2))	Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020 (Note 2(3))	Footnote
Evergreen Marine Corp.	Peony Investment S.A.	Republic of Panama	Investment activities	\$ 14,301,195	\$ 14,301,195	4,765	100.00	\$ 27,307,366	\$ 1,607,717	\$ 1,624,788	Subsidiary of the Company (Note)
	Taiwan Terminal Services Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Loading and discharging operations of container yards	55,000	55,000	5,500	55.00	53,224	(2,366)	(1,301)	" (Note)
	Everport Terminal Services Inc. U.S.A Termi		Terminal services	3,001	3,001	1	94.43	1,778,968	118,044	111,467	" (Note)
	Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	Hong Kong	Marine transportation	6,283,222	6,283,222	6,320	79.00	7,775,366	987,171	737,986	" (Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Israel) Ltd.	Israel	Shipping agency	9,103	9,103	1,062	59.00	30,680	16,721	9,865	" (Note)
	Charng Yang Development Co.,Ltd.	Taiwan	Development, rental, sale of residential and commercial buildings	320,000	320,000	58,542	40.00	522,864	83,785	33,514	Investee accounted for using equity method
	Evergreen International Storage and Transport Corporation	Taiwan	Container transportation and gas stations	4,840,408	4,840,408	430,692	40.36	8,891,012	365,635	147,568	"
	Evergreen Security Corporation	Taiwan	General security guards services	25,000	25,000	6,336	31.25	107,571	20,923	6,538	"
	EVA Airways Corporation	Taiwan	International passengers and cargo transportation	11,276,823	11,276,823	776,541	16.00	10,959,263	(1,834,366)	(293,487)	"
	Taipei Port Container Terminal Corporation	Taiwan	Container distribution and cargo stevedoring	1,446,196	1,094,073	144,799	27.85	1,481,822	173,982	46,583	"
	Evergreen Marine (Latin America), S.A.	Republic of Panama	Management consultancy	-	3,151	-	-	-	443	39	"
	VIP Greenport Joint Stock Company	Vietnam	Terminal services	178,750	178,750	13,750	21.74	280,132	95,375	20,734	"
Peony Investment S.A.	Clove Holding Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding company	1,548,102	1,548,102	10	100.00	2,680,731	2,091	2,091	Indirect subsidiary of the Company (Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Europe) GmbH	Germany	Shipping agency	244,989	244,989	-	100.00	302,314	15,748	15,748	" (Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Korea) Corporation	South Korea	Shipping agency	71,470	71,470	121	100.00	45,585	12,446	12,446	" (Note)
	Greencompass Marine S.A.	Republic of Panama	Marine transportation	10,414,110	10,414,110	3,535	100.00	14,732,903	1,177,361	1,177,361	" (Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (India) Pvt. Ltd.	India	Shipping agency	34,666	34,666	100	99.99	166,093	18,518	18,517	" (Note)
	Evergreen Argentina S.A.	Argentina	Leasing	4,124	4,124	150	95.00	41,646	(1,431)	(1,360)	" (Note)

				Initial invest	ment amount	Shares	held as of June	2 30, 2020		Investment income (loss)	
Investor	Investee (Note 1 \ Note 2)	Location	Main business activities	Balance as of June 30, 2020	Balance as of December 31, 2019	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value	Net profit (loss) of the investee For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020 (Note 2(2))	recognised by the Company For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020 (Note 2(3))	Footnote
Peony Investment S.A.	PT. Multi Bina Pura International	Indonesia	Loading and discharging operations of container yards and inland transportation	\$ 251,174	\$ 230,994	17	95.03	\$ 612,644	\$ 41,847	\$ 39,768	Indirect subsidiary of the Company (Note)
	PT. Multi Bina Transport	Bina Transport Indonesia Container repair, cleaning transportation		23,695	23,695	2	17.39	13,473	(4,263)	(741)	" (Note)
	Evergreen Heavy Industrial Corp. (Malaysia) Berhad	Malaysia	Container manufacturing	804,106	804,106	42,120	84.44	901,382	4,975	4,201	" (Note)
	Evergreen Shipping (Spain) S.L.	Spain	Shipping agency	198,717	198,717	6	100.00	198,570	57,432	57,432	" (Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Italy) S.p.A.	Italy	Shipping agency	69,290	69,290	1	55.00	70,870	378	208	" (Note)
	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	U.K	Marine transportation	3,950,664	3,950,664	765	51.00	864,258	159,419	81,304	" (Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Australia) Pty. Ltd.	Australia	Shipping agency	50,329	50,329	1	100.00	34,900	28,015	28,015	" (Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Russia) Ltd.	Russia	Shipping agency	24,982	24,982	-	51.00	23,411	45,548	23,229	" (Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	Thailand	Shipping agency	66,079	66,079	680	85.00	63,221	25,204	21,424	" (Note)
	Evergreen Agency (South Africa) (Pty) Ltd.	South Africa	Shipping agency	17,116	17,116	5,500	55.00	64,364	15,418	8,480	" (Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Vietnam) Corp.	Vietnam	Shipping agency	36,265	36,265	-	100.00	428,155	89,032	89,032	" (Note)
	PT. Evergreen Shipping Agency Indonesia	Indonesia	Shipping agency	28,665	28,665	0.441	49.00	99,334	31,386	15,379	Investee company of Peony accounted for using equity method
	Luanta Investment (Netherlands) N.V.	Curaçao	Investment holding company	1,400,507	1,400,507	460	50.00	1,849,171	(1,528)	(764)	"
	Balsam Investment (Netherlands) N.V.	Curaçao	Investment holding company	12,305,042	12,305,042	0.451	49.00	407,923	(299,478)	(146,744)	"
	Evergreen Shipping Agency Co. (U.A.E.) LLC	United Arab Emirates	Shipping agency	61,336	61,336	-	49.00	83,174	91,780	44,972	"
	Greenpen Properties Sdn. Bhd. Malaysia Renting estate and storehou company		Renting estate and storehouse company	12,551	12,551	1,500	30.00	32,128	2,597	779	"
	Evergreen Marine Corp. (Malaysia) SDN.BHD. Malaysia Shipping agency		Shipping agency	277,342	277,342	500	100.00	921,823	118,505	118,505	Indirect subsidiary of the Company (Note)

				Initial invest	ment amount	Shares	held as of June	30, 2020		Investment income (loss)	
Investor	Investee (Note 1 \ Note 2)	Location	Main business activities	Balance as of June 30, 2020	Balance as of December 31, 2019	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value	Net profit (loss) of the investee For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020 (Note 2(2))	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020 (Note 2(3))	Footnote
Peony Investment S.A.	Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	Hong Kong	Marine transportation	\$ 78,069	\$ 78,069	80	1.00	\$ 98,422	\$ 987,171	\$ 9,342	Investee company of Peony accounted for using equity method
	Ics Depot Services Snd. Bhd.	Malaysia	Depot services	32,818	32,818	286	28.65	64,901	13,887	3,978	" (Note)
Clove Holding Ltd.	Colon Container Terminal, S.A.	Republic of Panama	Inland container storage and loading	673,456	673,456	22,860	40.00	2,538,757	(4,939)	(1,975)	Investee company of Clove Holding Ltd. accounted for using equity method
	Everport Terminal Services Inc.	U.S.A	Terminal services	191,606	191,606	0.059	5.57	264,619	118,044	6,577	Indirect subsidiary of the Company (Note)
Everport Terminal Services Inc.	Whitney Equipment LLC.	U.S.A	Equipment Leasing Company	5,892	5,892	-	100.00	225,552	9,751	9,751	" (Note)
PT. Multi Bina Pura International	PT. Multi Bina Transport	Indonesia	Container repair cleaning and inland transportation	97,260	97,260	8	72.95	56,519	(4,263)	(3,110)	" (Note)
Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Limited	Colon Container Terminal S.A.	Republic of Panama	Inland container storage and loading	459,576	459,576	5,144	9.00	591,655	(4,939)	(444)	Investee company of Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Limited accounted for using equity method
	Evergreen Marine (Latin America), S.A.	Republic of Panama	Management consultancy	17,676	2,917	600	100.00	18,293	443	443	Indirect subsidiary of the Company (Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Service (Cambodia) Co., Ltd.	Cambodia	Shipping agency	5,892	5,892	200	100.00	53,038	17,255	17,255	" (Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Peru) S.A.C.	Peru	Shipping agency	8,178	8,178	900	60.00	35,668	46,712	28,027	" (Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Colombia) S.A.S	Colombia	Shipping agency	10,341	10,341	80	75.00	31,820	32,080	24,060	" (Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency Mexico S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	Shipping agency	6,753	6,753	44	60.00	20,424	24,538	14,723	" (Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Chile) SPA.	Chile	Shipping agency	9,392	9,392	2	60.00	24,783	22,515	13,509	" (Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Greece) Societe Anonyme.	Greece	Shipping agency	7,963	7,963	2	60.00	29,169	19,524	11,715	" (Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Isrrael) Ltd. Shipping agency		Shipping agency	150	150	18	1.00	520	16,721	167	" (Note)

				Initial invest	ment amount	Shares	held as of June	: 30, 2020		Investment income (loss)	
Investor	Investee (Note 1 \ Note 2)	Location	Main business activities	Balance as of June 30, 2020	Balance as of December 31, 2019	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value	Net profit (loss) of the investee For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020 (Note 2(2))	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020 (Note 2(3))	Footnote
Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Limited	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Brazil) Ltd.	Brazil	Shipping agency	\$ 7,288	\$-	120	60.00	\$ 6,542	\$-	\$-	Indirect subsidiary of the Company (Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency Lanka (Private) Ltd.	Lanka	Shipping agency	3,571	3,571	2,160	40.00	10,296	33,338	13,335	Investee company of Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Limited accounted for using equity method

Note 1: If a public company is equipped with an overseas holding company and takes consolidated financial report as the main financial report according to the local law rules, it can only disclose the information of the overseas holding company about the disclosure of related overseas investee information.

Note 2: If situation does not belong to Note 1, fill in the columns according to the following regulations:

(1) The columns of 'Investee', 'Location', 'Main business activities', 'Initial investment amount' and 'Shares held as at June 30, 2020' should fill orderly in the Company's (public company's) information on investees and every directly or indirectly controlled investee's investment information, and note the relationship between the Company (public company) and its investee each (ex. direct subsidiary or indirect subsidiary) in the 'footnote' column.
 (2) The 'Net profit (loss) of the investee for the six-month period ended June 30, 2020' column should fill in amount of net profit (loss) of the investee for this period.

(3) The 'Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the six-month period ended June 30, 2020' column should fill in the Company (public company) recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised investment income (loss) of its investee accounted for under the equity method for this period. When filling in recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary, the Company (public company) should confirm that direct subsidiary's net profit (loss) for this period has included its investment income (loss) which shall be recognised by regulations.

Information on investments in Mainland China

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020

Table 8

Expressed in thousands of TWD

Investee in Mainland China	Main business activities	Paid-in capital	Investment method (Note 1)	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of	Mainland China/ back to Taiwan	d from Taiwan to Amount remitted for the six-month June 30, 2020	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of		· · ·	Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company. For the six-month period ended June	Book value of investments in Mainland China as of	Accumulted amount of investment income remitted back to Taiwan	Footnote
				January 1, 2020	Remitted to Mainland China	Remitted back to Taiwan	June 30, 2020	ended June 30, 2020	(%)	30, 2020 (Note 2(2)B)	June 30, 2020	as of June 30, 2020	
Ningbo Victory Container Co., Ltd.	Inland container transportation, container storage, loading, discharging, repair and related activities	\$ 519,942	(2)	\$ 210,978	\$ -	\$-	\$ 210,978	\$ 19,682	40.00	\$ 7,873	\$ 305,381	\$ -	
Qingdao Evergreen Container Storage & Transportation Co., Ltd.	Inland container transportation, storage, loading, discharging, repair, cleaning and related activities	176,817	(2)	41,740	-	-	41,740	75,820	40.00	30,328	183,281	-	
Kingtrans Intl. Logistics (Tianjin) Co., Ltd.	Inland container transportation, storage, loading, discharging, repair, cleaning and related activities	324,217	(2)	278,847	-	-	278,847	22,348	46.20	10,325	190,289	-	(Note)
Ever Shine (Shanghai) Enterprise Management Consulting Co., Ltd.	Management consultancy, self-owned property leasing	1,807,596	(2)	2,399,822	-	-	2,399,822	16,941	80.00	(23,267)	3,065,530	-	(Note)
Ever Shine (Ningbo) Enterprise Management Consulting Co., Ltd.	Management consultancy, self-owned property leasing	178,897	(2)	265,490	-	-	265,490	182	80.00	174	141,667	-	(Note)
Ever Shine (Shenzhen) Enterprise Management Consulting Co., Ltd.	Management consultancy, self-owned property leasing	255,226	(2)	461,947	-	-	461,947	2,065	80.00	(2,335)	385,466	-	(Note)
Ever Shine (Qingdao) Enterprise Management Consulting Co., Ltd.	Management consultancy, self-owned property leasing	206,938	(2)	376,569	-	-	376,569	1,767	80.00	77	234,925	-	(Note)

Investee in Mainland China	Main business activities	Paid-in capital	Investment method (Note 1)	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of January 1, 2020	Mainland China/ back to Taiwan period ended	for the six-month June 30, 2020 Remitted back to	remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of	the investee for the	Ownership held by the Company (direct of indirect)	the Company. For the six-month	Book value of investments in	Accumulted amount of investment income remitted back to Taiwan as of June 30, 2020	Footnote
Evergreen Shipping Agency (China) Co., Ltd.	Shipping agency	\$ 20,802	(2)	\$ 81,952	\$ -	\$-	\$ 81,952	\$ 21,509	41.60	(\$ 9,679)	\$ 14,123	\$ -	(Note)

Company name	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of June 30, 2020	Commission of the	Ceiling on investments in Mainland China imposed by the Investment Commission of MOEA
Evergreen Marine Corp.	\$ 4,117,345	\$ 4,660,623	\$ 45,184,254

Note 1: Investment methods are classified into the following three categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to:

(1) Directly invest in a company in Mainland China.

(2) Through investing in an existing company, Peony Investment S.A. and Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd., in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.

(3) Others

Note 2: In the 'Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the six-month period ended June 30, 2020' column:

(1) It should be indicated if the investee was still in the incorporation arrangements and had not yet any profit during this period.

(2) Indicate the basis for investment income (loss) recognition in the number of one of the following three categories:

A. The financial statements that are audited and attested by international accounting firm which has cooperative relationship with accounting firm in R.O.C.

B. The financial statements that are audited and attested by R.O.C. parent company's CPA.

C. Others.

Note 3: The numbers in this table are expressed in New Taiwan Dollars.

Evergreen Marine Corporation (Taiwan) Ltd. Major shareholders information For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020

Table 9

Name of major shareholders		Shares
Name of major shareholders	Name of shares held	Ownership (%)
Evergreen International S.A.(EIS)	391,786,816	8.14%
Chang, Kuo-Hua	319,646,157	6.64%
Evergreen International Corp.	262,411,866	5.45%

Note 1: The major shareholders information was from the data that the Company issued common shares (including treasury shares) and preference shares in dematerialised form which were registered and held by the shareholders above 5% on the last operating date of each quarter and was calculated by Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation. The share capital which was recorded in the financial statements may differ from the actual number of shares issued in dematerialised form because of a differenent calculation basis.

Note 2: If the aforementioned data contains shares which were kept in trust by the shareholders, the data disclosed was the settlor's separate account for the fund set by the trustee. As for the shareholder who reports share equity as an insider whose shareholding ratio is greater than 10% in accordance with Securities and Exchange Act, the shareholding ratio includes the self-owned shares and trusted shares, at the same time, persons who have power to decide how to allocate the trust assets. For the information of reported share equity of insider, please refer to Market Observation Post System. Evergreen Marine Corporation (Taiwan) Ltd. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020

		Party being endorsed/gu	aranteed		Maximum outstanding	Outstanding		Amount of	Ratio of accumulated endorsement/	Ceiling on total	Provision of	Provision of	Provision of	
Number (Note 1)	Endorser/Guarantor	Company name	Relationship with the endorser/ guarantor (Note 2)	Limit on endorsements/ guarntees provided for a single party (Note 3)	endorsement/ guarantee amount as of June 30, 2020 (Note 4)	endorsement/ guarantee amount at June 30, 2020 (Note 5)	Actual amount drawn down (Note 6)	endorsements/ guarantees secured with collateral	guarantee amount to net asset value of the endorser/ guarantor company	amount of endorsements/ guarantees provided (Note 3)	endorsements/ guarantees by parent company to subsidiary (Note 7)	endorsements/ guarantees by subsidiary to parent company (Note 7)	endorsements/ guarantees to the party in Mainland China (Note 7)	Footnote
0	Evergreen Marine Corporation	Greencompass Marine S.A.	2	\$ 143,670,451	\$ 52,023,307	\$ 50,057,492	\$ 29,835,036	\$ -	69.68%	\$ 179,588,063	Y	Ν	N	
	Evergreen Marine Corporation	Peony Investment S.A.	2	143,670,451	151,605	147,300	-	-	0.21%	179,588,063	Y	Ν	Ν	
	Evergreen Marine Corporation	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	2	143,670,451	34,362,054	33,728,921	29,074,125	-	46.95%	179,588,063	Y	Ν	Ν	
0	Evergreen Marine Corporation	Whitney Equipment LLC.	2	143,670,451	104,254	101,294	50,132	-	0.14%	179,588,063	Y	Ν	Ν	
0	Evergreen Marine Corporation	Colon Container Terminal S.A.	6	35,917,613	2,323,801	1,126,550	757,711	-	1.57%	179,588,063	Ν	Ν	Ν	
		Balsam Investment (Netherlands) N.V.	6	35,917,613	891,437	866,124	721,770	-	1.21%	179,588,063	Ν	Ν	Ν	
	Evergreen Marine Corporation	Everport Terminal Services Inc.	2	143,670,451	2,657,778	2,562,275	964,831	-	3.57%	179,588,063	Y	Ν	Ν	
0		Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	2	143,670,451	33,589,686	31,829,843	17,720,511	-	44.31%	179,588,063	Y	Ν	Ν	
	Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	Ever Shine (Shanghai) Enterprise Management Consulting Co., Ltd.	2	11,395,127	36,357	-	-	-	-	14,243,909	Y	Ν	Y	
1	Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	Colon Container Terminal S.A.	6	2,848,782	522,855	253,474	170,485	-	4.45%	14,243,909	Ν	Ν	N	
		Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	2	11,395,127	2,329,180	702,363	551,856	-	12.33%	14,243,909	Ν	Ν	N	

Table 2

Expressed in thousands of TWD

Evergreen Marine Corporation (Taiwan) Ltd. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020

		Party being endorsed/gu	aranteed		Maximum outstanding	Outstanding		Amount of	Ratio of accumulated endorsement/	Ceiling on total	Provision of	Provision of	Provision of	
Number (Note 1)	Endorser/Guarantor	Company name	Relationship with the endorser/ guarantor (Note 2)	Limit on endorsements/ guarntees provided for a single party (Note 3)	endorsement/	endorsement/	Actual amount drawn down (Note 6)	endorsements/	guarantee amount to net asset value of the endorser/ guarantor company	amount of endorsements/	endorsements/	endorsements/ guarantees by subsidiary to parent company (Note 7)	endorsements/ guarantees to the party in Mainland China (Note 7)	Footnote
· · · · ·	Greencompass Marine S.A.	Everport Terminal Services Inc.	1	\$ 7,366,452	\$ 150,065	\$ 147,300	\$ 147,300	\$ -	1.00%	\$ 36,832,259	Ν	Ν	N	

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the endorsements/guarantees provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

(1)The Company is '0'.

(2)The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Relationship between the endorser/guarantor and the party being endorsed/guaranteed is classified into the following six categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to:

(1) Having business relationship.

(2) The endorser/guarantor parent company directly and indirectly owns more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed company.

(3) The endorsed/guaranteed parent company directly and indirectly owns more than 50% voting shares of the endorser/guarantor subsidiary.

(4) The parent company directly or indirectly owns more than 90% voting shares of the companies that make endorsements/guarantees for each other.

(5) The parent company fulfills its contractual obligations by providing mutual endorsements/guarantees for another company in the same industry or for joint builders for purposes of undertaking a construction project.

(6) Due to joint venture, all capital contributing shareholders make endorsements/guarantees to the endorsed/guaranteed company in proportion to its ownership.

(7) Companies in the same industry provide among themselves joint and several security for a performance guarantee of a sales contract for pre-construction homes pursuant to the Consumer Protection Act for each other.

Note 3: Fill in limit on endorsements/guarantees provided for a single party and ceiling on total amount of endorsements/guarantees provided as prescribed in the endorser/guarantor company's "Procedures for Provision of Endorsements and

Guarantees", and state each individual party to which the endorsements/guarantees have been provided and the calculation for ceiling on total amount of endorsements/guarantees provided in the footnote.

The calculation is as follows:

The Company: 71,835,225*250% = 179,588,063

Limit on endorsement or guarantees provided by the Company for a single entity is \$35,917,613 (Amounting to 50% of its net worth).

(When the Company owns more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed company, the limit on endorsement or guarantee provided by the Company should not exceed 200% of its net worth, which equals to \$143,670,451.) According to the credit policy of Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd., the calculation for total amount of endorsements/guarantees is as follows:

Ceiling on total amount of endorsements/guarantees: USD 193,400*29.46*250% = 14,243,909

Limit on endorsements or guarantees provided for a single entity : 2,848,782 (Amounting to 50% of its net worth).

(When the Company owns more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed company, the limit on endorsement or guarantee provided by the Company should not exceed 200% of its net worth, which equals to \$11,395,127.)

According to the credit policy of Greencompass Marine S.A., the calculation for total amount of endorsements/guarantees is as follows:

Ceiling on total amount of endorsements/guarantees: USD 500,099*29.46*250% = 36,832,259

Limit on endorsements or guarantees provided for a single entity : 7,366,452 (Amounting to 50% of its net worth).

Note 4: Fill in the year-to-date maximum outstanding balance of endorsements/guarantees provided as of the reporting period.

Note 5: Fill in the amount approved by the Board of Directors or the chariman if the chairman has been authorised by the Board of Directors.

Note 6: Fill in the actual amount of endorsements/guarantees used by the endorsed/guaranteed company.

Note 7: Fill in 'Y' for those cases of provision of endorsements/guarantees by listed parent company to subsidiary, provision by subsidiary to listed parent company, and provision to the party in Mainland China.

Table 2

Expressed in thousands of TWD

Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020

Expressed in thousands of shares/thousands of TWD/thousands of foreign currency

		Relationship with the			As of June	2 30, 2020		Footnote (Note 4)
Securities held by	Marketable securities (Note 1)	securities issuer (Note 2)	Genearl ledger account	Number of shares	Book value (Note 3)	Ownership (%)	Fair value	Footnote (Note 4)
Evergreen Marine Corporation	Stock:							
	Power World Fund Inc.		Financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	677	\$ 6,772	5.68%	\$ 6,772	
	Linden Technologies, Inc.		"	50	3,935	1.44%	3,935	
	TopLogis, Inc.		"	2,464	27,876	17.48%	27,876	
	Ever Accord Construction Corp.	Other related party	"	10,500	129,720	17.50%	129,720	
	Central Reinsurance Corp.		"	49,866	930,010	8.45%	930,010	
	Financial bonds:							
	Sunny Bank 2nd Subordinate Financial Debentures-B Issue in 2015		Financial asset measured at atmortised cost - non-current	-	50,000	-	50,000	
	Sunny Bank 3rd Subordinate Financial Debentures-B Issue in 2017		"	-	50,000	-	50,000	
Peony Investment S.A.	Hutchison Inland Container Depots Ltd.		Financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	0.75	USD 178	5.27%	USD 178	
	South Asia Gateway Terminals (Private) Ltd.		"	18,942	USD 12,035	5.00%	USD 12,035	
Evergreen Shipping Agency (Europe) GmbH	Zoll Pool Hafen Hamburg AG		"	10	EUR 10	2.86%	EUR 10	

Note 1: Marketable securities in the table refer to stocks, bonds, beneficiary certificates and other related derivative securities within the scope of IFRS9, 'Financial instruments: recognition and measurement'.

Note 2: Leave the column blank if the issuer of marketable securities is non-related party.

Note 3: Fill in the amount after adjusted at fair value and deducted by accumulated impairment for the marketable securities measured at fair value; fill in the acquisition cost or amortised cost deducted by accumulated impairment for the marketable securities not measured at fair value.

Note 4: The number of shares of securities and their amounts pledged as security or pledged for loans and their restrictions on use under some agreements should be stated in the footnote if the securities presented herein have such conditions.

Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching TWD 100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020

Table 4

Expressed in thousands of TWD/thousands of foreign currency

Purchaser/Seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty		Tran	saction		terms comp party tra	in transaction pared to third insactions ote 1)	Notes/account:	s receivable (payable)	Footnote (Note 2)
		counterparty	Purchases/ sales	Amount	Percentage of total purchases/ sales	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	Balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	
Evergreen Marine Corporation	Everport Terminal Services Inc.	Subsidiary	Purchases	\$ 688,889	3%	30~60 days	\$-	-	(\$ 95,922)	3%	
	Course Marine S.A.	C	Purchases	853,411	3%	30~60 days	-	-	(441)	-	
	Greencompass Marine S.A.	Subsidiary	Sales	1,128,686	4%	30~60 days	-	-	6,214	-	
	Taiwan Terminal Services Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Purchases	411,430	1%	30~60 days	-	-	(63,763)	2%	
	Italia Marittima S.p.A.	Associates	Purchases	142,587	1%	30~60 days	-	-	(4,550)	-	
	nana Martunna 5.p.A.	Associates	Sales	175,461	1%	30~60 days	-	-	233	-	
	Evergreen International Storage and Transport Corp.	Associates	Purchases	182,983	1%	30~60 days	-	-	(15,893)	-	
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (America) Corporation	Other related parties	Purchases	143,771	1%	30~60 days	-	-	-	-	
	Evergreen International Corp.	Other related parties	Purchases	269,658	1%	30~60 days	-	-	(41,996)	1%	
	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	Subsidiary	Purchases	304,344	1%	30~60 days	-	-	(44,853)	1%	
		Subsidiary	Sales	373,578	2%	30~60 days	-	-	982	-	
	Evergreen Marine (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	Other related parties	Purchases	222,310	1%	30~60 days	-	-	(20,819)	1%	
	Evergreen warme (omgapore) i te. Etd.	outer related parties	Sales	837,420	4%	30~60 days	-	-	555	-	
	Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	Subsidiary	Purchases	427,321	2%	30~60 days	-	-	(18,158)	1%	
	Ling (rong rong) Elu.	Succession of the second se	Sales	426,997	2%	30~60 days	-	-	91	-	
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Europe) GmbH (EEU)	Subsidiary	Purchases	149,450	1%	30~60 days	-	-	-	-	

Purchaser/Seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty		Tra	nsaction		terms comp party tra	in transaction pared to third unsactions ote 1)		/account:	s receivable (payable)	Footnote (Note 2)
		counterparty	Purchases/ sales	Amount	Percentage of total purchases/ sales	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	Balar	nce	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	
Evergreen Marine Corporation	Evergreen International S.A.(EIS)	Other related parties	Sales	\$ 139,08	8 1%	30~60 days	\$-	-	\$	-	-	
	Gaining Enterprise S.A.	Other related parties	Purchases	299,79	5 1%	30~60 days	-	-		-	-	
Taiwan Terminal Services Co.,Ltd.	Evergreen Marine Corp.	The parent	Sales	411,43	0 100%	30~60 days	-	-		63,763	99%	(Note)
Everport Terminal Services Inc.	Evergreen Marine Corp.	The parent	Sales	USD 22,96	2 12%	30~60 days	-	-	USD	3,256	11%	(Note)
	Evergreen Marine (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	Investee of the Parent Company's major shareholder	Sales	USD 48,65	5 26%	30 days	-	-	USD	6,135	20%	
		Indirect subsidiary of the Parent Company	Sales	USD 12,94	2 7%	30 days	-	-	USD	1,329	4%	(Note)
	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	Indirect subsidiary of the Parent Company	Sales	USD 36,38	1 19%	30 days	-	-	USD	4,685	16%	(Note)
	Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	Subsidiary of the Parent Company	Sales	USD 17,65	5 9%	30 days	-	-	USD	2,412	8%	(Note)
Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	Evergreen Marine Corp.	The percept	Sales	USD 14,24	4 3%	30~60 days	-	-	USD	616	-	(Note)
	Evergreen Marine Corp.	The parent	Purchases	USD 14,23	3 3%	30~60 days	-	-	(USD	3)	-	(Note)
	Greencompass Marine S.A.	Indirect subsidiary of the	Sales	USD 19,16	9 4%	30~60 days	-	-	USD	20	-	(Note)
	Greencompass Marme S.A.	Parent Company	Purchases	USD 14,69	2 3%	30~60 days	-	-	(USD	581)	1%	(Note)
		Investee of Balsam	Sales	USD 4,33	1 1%	30~60 days	-	-		-	-	
		Investment (NetherLands) N.V.	Purchases	USD 17,32	5 4%	30~60 days	-	-	(USD	763)	1%	
		Investee of the Parent	Sales	USD 23,37	4 5%	30~60 days	-	-		-	-	
	Evergreen Marine (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	Company's major shareholder	Purchases	USD 5,21	0 1%	30~60 days	-	-	(USD	36)	-	
		Investee of the Parent	Sales	USD 3,40	5 1%	30~60 days	-	-	USD	148	-	
	Evergreen International Corp.	Company's major shareholder	Purchases	USD 6,75	5 2%	30~60 days	-	-		-	-	
	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	Indirect subsidiary of the Parent Company	Sales	USD 10,33	2 2%	30~60 days	-	-	USD	20	-	(Note)

Purchaser/Seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty		Tran	saction		terms comp party tra	in transaction pared to third insactions ote 1)	Notes	s/account	s receivable (payable)	Footnote (Note 2)
		counceparty	Purchases/ sales	Amount	Percentage of total purchases/ sales	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	Bala	nce	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	
Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	Indirect subsidiary of the Parent Company	Purchases	USD 45,414	10%	30~60 days	\$-	-	(USD	436)	-	(Note)
	Everport Terminal Services Inc.	Subsidiary of the Parent Company	Purchases	USD 17,656	4%	30 days	-	-	(USD	2,412)	2%	(Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (America) Corporation	Investee of the Parent Company's major shareholder	Purchases	USD 4,217	1%	30~60 days	-	-	(USD	1)	-	
	Master International Shipping Agency Co., Ltd.	Indirect subsidiary of the Parent Company	Purchases	USD 14,047	3%	30~60 days	-	-	(USD	2,308)	2%	(Note)
Greencompass Marine S.A.	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	Indirect subsidiary of the	Sales	USD 16,537	1%	30~60 days	-	-	USD	1,033	1%	(Note)
	Evergreen Marine (OK) Einned	Parent Company	Purchases	USD 11,870	1%	30~60 days	-	-	(USD	439)	-	(Note)
	Evergreen Marine Corp.	The parent	Sales	USD 28,446	2%	30~60 days	-	-	USD	15	-	(Note)
	Evergreen Marine Corp.	The parent	Purchases	USD 37,622	3%	30~60 days	-	-	(USD	211)	-	(Note)
	Everport Terminal Services Inc.	Subsidiary of the Parent Company	Purchases	USD 12,942	1%	30 days	-	-	(USD	1,329)	1%	(Note)
	Evergreen Marine (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	Investee of the Parent	Sales	USD 39,448	3%	30~60 days	-	-	USD	1,701	1%	
	Evergreen Marine (Singapore) Fie. Ed.	Company's major shareholder	Purchases	USD 12,139	1%	30~60 days	-	-	(USD	3,270)	1%	
	Italia Marittima S.p.A.	Investee of Balsam Investment (NetherLands)	Sales	USD 9,820	1%	30~60 days	-	-		-	-	
	nana Maritunia 3.p.A.	N.V.	Purchases	USD 17,557	2%	30~60 days	-	-		-	-	
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (America) Corporation	Investee of the Parent Company's major shareholder	Purchases	USD 8,424	1%	30~60 days	-	-		-	-	
	Evergreen International Corp.	Investee of the Parent Company's major shareholder	Purchases	USD 6,015	1%	30~60 days	-	-		-	-	
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Europe) GmbH	Indirect subsidiary of the Parent Company	Purchases	USD 4,588	-	30~60 days	-	-		-	-	(Note)
	Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	Subsidiary of the Parent	Sales	USD 14,692	1%	30~60 days	-	-	USD	581	-	(Note)
	Evergreen marine (nong Kong) Eld.	Company	Purchases	USD 19,169	2%	30~60 days	-	-	(USD	20)	-	(Note)
Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	Greencompass Marine S.A.	Indirect subsidiary of the Parent Company	Sales	USD 11,870	2%	30~60 days	_	-	USD	439	-	(Note)

Purchaser/Seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty		Tra	nsaction		terms comp party tra	in transaction pared to third insactions ote 1)	Not	es/accounts	s receivable (payable)	Footnote (Note 2)
		counterparty	Purchases/ sales	Amount	Percentage of total purchases/ sales	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	Ba	lance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	
Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	Greencompass Marine S.A.	Indirect subsidiary of the Parent Company	Purchases	USD 16,53	7 3%	30~60 days	\$-	-	(USD	1,033)	1%	(Note)
	Evergreen Marine Corp.	The Parent	Sales	USD 10,14	4 2%	30~60 days	-	-	USD	1,523	1%	(Note)
	Evergreen marme corp.		Purchases	USD 12,45	2 2%	30~60 days	-	-	(USD	33)	-	(Note)
	Everport Terminal Services Inc.	Subsidiary of the Parent Company	Purchases	USD 36,38	1 7%	30 days	-	-	(USD	4,685)	3%	(Note)
	Italia Marittima S.p.A.	Investee of Balsam Investment (NetherLands) N.V.	Purchases	USD 3,50	5 1%	30~60 days	-	-	(USD	185)	-	
	Evergreen Marine (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	Investee of the Parent	Sales	USD 15,55	5 3%	30~60 days	-	-	USD	342	-	
	Evergreen marine (Singapore) Fiel Ed.	Company's major shareholder	Purchases	USD 3,85	8 1%	30~60 days	-	-	(USD	1,179)	1%	
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (America) Corporation	Investee of the Parent Company's major shareholder	Purchases	USD 9,60	5 2%	30~60 days	-	-		-	-	
	Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	Subsidiary of the Parent	Sales	USD 45,41	4 8%	30~60 days	-	-	USD	436	-	(Note)
	E forgreen Marine (110ng 110ng) Etc.	Company	Purchases	USD 10,33	2 2%	30~60 days	-	-	(USD	20)	-	(Note)
Evergreen Heavy Industrial Corp.(Malaysia) Berhad	Gaining Enterprise S.A.	Investee of EITC	Sales	MYR 70,76	3 100%	45 days	-	-	MYR	25,523	100%	
Evergreen Shipping Agency (Europe) GmbH	Greencompass Marine S.A.	Indirect subsidiary of the Parent Company	Sales	EUR 4,16	3 21%	30~60 days	-	-		-	-	(Note)
	Evergreen Marine (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	Investee of the Parent Company's major shareholder	Sales	EUR 5,26	9 27%	30~60 days	-	-	EUR	937	2%	
	Evergreen Marine Corp.	The Parent	Sales	EUR 4,52	0 23%	30~60 days	-	-		-	-	(Note)
Master International Shipping Agency Co. Ltd.	Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	Subsidiary of the Parent Company	Sales	CNY 98,82	6 100%	30~60 days	-	-	CNY	16,343	100%	(Note)

Note 1: If terms of related-party transactions are different from third-party transactions, explain the differences and reasons in the 'Unit price' and 'Credit term' columns.

Note 2: In case related-party transaction terms involve advance receipts (prepayments) transactions, explain in the footnote the reasons, contractual provisions, related amounts, and differences in types of transactions compared to third-party

transactions.

Note 3: Paid-in capital referred to herein is the paid-in capital of parent company.

Evergreen Marine Corporation (Taiwan) Ltd. Receivables from related parties reaching TWD 100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more June 30, 2020

Table 5

Expressed in thousands of TWD/thousands of foreign currency

~		Relationship with the	Balance as at		Overdue	receivables	Amount collected	Allowance for	_
Creditor	Counterparty	counterparty	June 30, 2020 (Note 1)	Turnover rate	Amount	Action taken	subsequent to the balance sheet date	doubtful accounts	Footnote
Clove Holding Ltd.	Colon Container Terminal, S.A.	Investee of Clove Holding Ltd. accounted for using equity method	USD 12,23:	-	\$ -	-	\$-	\$-	
Evergreen Heavy Industrial Corp. (Malaysia) Berhad	Gaining Enterprise S.A.	Investee of EITC	MYR 25,52	-	-	-	MYR 25,523	-	
Peony Investment S.A.	Clove Holding Ltd.	Subsidiary	USD 19,813	-	-	-	-	-	Note
Peony Investment S.A.	Colon Container Terminal, S.A.	Investee of Clove Holding Ltd. accounted for using equity method	USD 8,20'	-	-	-	-	-	
Everport Terminal Services Inc.	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	Indirectly subsidiary of the Parent Company	USD 4,68:	-	-	-	USD 4,083	-	Note
Everport Terminal Services Inc.	Evergreen Marine (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	Other related party	USD 6,13:	-	-	-	USD 5,347	-	
Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	Colon Container Terminal, S.A.	Investee of Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Limited accounted for using equity method	USD 4,54'	-	-	-	-	-	

Note: This transaction was written off when the consolidated financial statements were prepared.

Note 1: Fill in separately the balances of accounts receivable-related parties, notes receivable-related parties, other receivables-related parties, etc.

Note 2: Paid-in capital referred to herein is the paid-in capital of parent company.

Evergreen Marine Corporation (Taiwan) Ltd. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020

Number (Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	General ledger account	Amount	Transaction terms	Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 3)
0	Evergreen Marine Corporation	Taiwan Terminal Services Co.,Ltd.	1	Operating cost	\$ 411,430	Note 4	0.47
0	Evergreen Marine Corporation	Greencompass Marine S.A.	1	Shipowner's account - credit	102,382	"	0.03
0	Evergreen Marine Corporation	Greencompass Marine S.A.	1	Operating revenue	1,128,686	"	1.29
0	Evergreen Marine Corporation	Greencompass Marine S.A.	1	Operating cost	853,411		0.98
0	Evergreen Marine Corporation	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	1	Shipowner's account - debit	217,328		0.07
0	Evergreen Marine Corporation	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	1	Operating revenue	373,578	"	0.43
0	Evergreen Marine Corporation	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	1	Operating cost	304,344	"	0.35
0	Evergreen Marine Corporation	Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	1	Shipowner's account - credit	370,095		0.12
0	Evergreen Marine Corporation	Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	1	Operating revenue	426,997		0.49
0	Evergreen Marine Corporation	Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	1	Operating cost	427,321	"	0.49
0	Evergreen Marine Corporation	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Europe) GmbH	1	Operating cost	149,450		0.17
0	Evergreen Marine Corporation	Everport Terminal Services Inc.	1	Operating cost	688,889		0.79
0	Evergreen Marine Corporation	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Europe) GmbH	1	Shipowner's account - debit	100,518		0.03
1	Greencompass Marine S.A.	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	3	Operating cost	356,118		0.41
1	Greencompass Marine S.A.	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Europe) GmbH	3	Operating cost	137,639	"	0.16
1	Greencompass Marine S.A.	Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	3	Operating cost	575,076		0.66
1	Greencompass Marine S.A.	Everport Terminal Services Inc.	3	Operating cost	388,266	"	0.44
1	Greencompass Marine S.A.	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	3	Shipowner's account - debit	303,831	"	0.10
2	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	Greencompass Marine S.A.	3	Operating cost	496,118	"	0.57
2	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	3	Operating revenue	1,362,465	"	1.56

					Transaction		
Number (Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	General ledger account	Amount	Transaction terms	Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 3)
2	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	3	Operating cost	\$ 309,967	Note 4	0.35
2	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Europe) GmbH	3	Shipowner's account - credit	112,422		0.04
2	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	Everport Terminal Services Inc.	3	Operating cost	1,091,474		1.25
2	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	Everport Terminal Services Inc.	3	Account payables	138,025		0.04
3	Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	Greencompass Marine S.A.	3	Operating cost	440,776		0.50
3	Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	Everport Terminal Services Inc.	3	Operating cost	529,682		0.61
3	Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	Evergreen Shipping Agency (China) Co., Ltd.	3	Operating cost	421,416		0.48
3	Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	3	Shipowner's account - credit	139,430		0.05
4	Peony Investment S.A.	Clove Holding Ltd.	3	Other receivables	583,684	"	0.19

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

(1) Parent company is '0'.

(2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories; Fill in the number of category each case belongs to (If transactions between parent company and subsidiaries or between

subsidiaries refer to the same transaction, it is not required to disclose twice. For example, if the parent company has already disclosed its transaction with a subsidiary, then the subsidiary is not required to disclose the transaction;

for transactions between two subsidiaries, if one of the subsidiaries has disclosed the transaction, then the other is not required to disclose the transaction.):

(1) Parent company to subsidiary.

(2) Subsidiary to parent company

(3) Subsidiary to subsidiary

Note 3: Regarding percentage of transaction amount to consolidated total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on period-end balance of transaction to consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on

accumulated transaction amount for the period to consolidated total operating revenues for income statement accounts.

Note 4: Terms are approximately the same as for general transactions.

Information on investees (not including investee company of Mainland China)

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020

Expressed in thousands	of shares/thousands of TWD
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				Initial invest	ment amount	Shares	held as of June	30, 2020		Investment in some (less)	
Investor	Investee (Note 1 \ Note 2)	Location	Main business activities	Balance as of June 30, 2020	Balance as of December 31, 2019	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value	Net profit (loss) of the investee For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020 (Note 2(2))	Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020 (Note 2(3))	Footnote
Evergreen Marine Corp.	Peony Investment S.A.	Republic of Panama	Investment activities	\$ 14,301,195	\$ 14,301,195	4,765	100.00	\$ 27,307,366	\$ 1,607,717	\$ 1,624,788	Subsidiary of the Company (Note)
	Taiwan Terminal Services Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Loading and discharging operations of container yards	55,000	55,000	5,500	55.00	53,224	(2,366)	(1,301)	" (Note)
	Everport Terminal Services Inc.	U.S.A	Terminal services	3,001	3,001	1	94.43	1,778,968	118,044	111,467	" (Note)
	Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	Hong Kong	Marine transportation	6,283,222	6,283,222	6,320	79.00	7,775,366	987,171	737,986	" (Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Israel) Ltd.	Israel	Shipping agency	9,103	9,103	1,062	59.00	30,680	16,721	9,865	" (Note)
	Charng Yang Development Co.,Ltd.	Taiwan	Development, rental, sale of residential and commercial buildings	320,000	320,000	58,542	40.00	522,864	83,785	33,514	Investee accounted fo using equity method
	Evergreen International Storage and Transport Corporation	Taiwan	Container transportation and gas stations	4,840,408	4,840,408	430,692	40.36	8,891,012	365,635	147,568	"
	Evergreen Security Corporation	Taiwan	General security guards services	25,000	25,000	6,336	31.25	107,571	20,923	6,538	//
	EVA Airways Corporation	Taiwan	International passengers and cargo transportation	11,276,823	11,276,823	776,541	16.00	10,959,263	(1,834,366)	(293,487)	"
	Taipei Port Container Terminal Corporation	Taiwan	Container distribution and cargo stevedoring	1,446,196	1,094,073	144,799	27.85	1,481,822	173,982	46,583	"
	Evergreen Marine (Latin America), S.A.	Republic of Panama	Management consultancy	-	3,151	-	-	-	443	39	"
	VIP Greenport Joint Stock Company	Vietnam	Terminal services	178,750	178,750	13,750	21.74	280,132	95,375	20,734	"
Peony Investment S.A.	Clove Holding Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding company	1,548,102	1,548,102	10	100.00	2,680,731	2,091	2,091	Indirect subsidiary of the Company (Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Europe) GmbH	Germany	Shipping agency	244,989	244,989	-	100.00	302,314	15,748	15,748	" (Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Korea) Corporation	South Korea	Shipping agency	71,470	71,470	121	100.00	45,585	12,446	12,446	" (Note)
	Greencompass Marine S.A.	Republic of Panama	Marine transportation	10,414,110	10,414,110	3,535	100.00	14,732,903	1,177,361	1,177,361	" (Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (India) Pvt. Ltd.	India	Shipping agency	34,666	34,666	100	99.99	166,093	18,518	18,517	" (Note)
	Evergreen Argentina S.A.	Argentina	Leasing	4,124	4,124	150	95.00	41,646	(1,431)	(1,360)	" (Note)

				Initial invest	ment amount	Shares	held as of June	2 30, 2020		Investment income (loss)	
Investor	Investee (Note 1 \ Note 2)	Location	Main business activities	Balance as of June 30, 2020	Balance as of December 31, 2019	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value	Net profit (loss) of the investee For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020 (Note 2(2))	recognised by the Company For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020 (Note 2(3))	Footnote
Peony Investment S.A.	PT. Multi Bina Pura International	Indonesia	Loading and discharging operations of container yards and inland transportation	\$ 251,174	\$ 230,994	17	95.03	\$ 612,644	\$ 41,847	\$ 39,768	Indirect subsidiary of the Company (Note)
	PT. Multi Bina Transport	Indonesia	Container repair, cleaning and inland transportation	23,695	23,695	2	17.39	13,473	(4,263)	(741)	" (Note)
	Evergreen Heavy Industrial Corp. (Malaysia) Berhad	Malaysia	Container manufacturing	804,106	804,106	42,120	84.44	901,382	4,975	4,201	" (Note)
	Evergreen Shipping (Spain) S.L.	Spain	Shipping agency	198,717	198,717	6	100.00	198,570	57,432	57,432	" (Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Italy) S.p.A.	Italy	Shipping agency	69,290	69,290	1	55.00	70,870	378	208	" (Note)
	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	U.K	Marine transportation	3,950,664	3,950,664	765	51.00	864,258	159,419	81,304	" (Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Australia) Pty. Ltd.	Australia	Shipping agency	50,329	50,329	1	100.00	34,900	28,015	28,015	" (Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Russia) Ltd.	Russia	Shipping agency	24,982	24,982	-	51.00	23,411	45,548	23,229	" (Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	Thailand	Shipping agency	66,079	66,079	680	85.00	63,221	25,204	21,424	" (Note)
	Evergreen Agency (South Africa) (Pty) Ltd.	South Africa	Shipping agency	17,116	17,116	5,500	55.00	64,364	15,418	8,480	" (Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Vietnam) Corp.	Vietnam	Shipping agency	36,265	36,265	-	100.00	428,155	89,032	89,032	" (Note)
	PT. Evergreen Shipping Agency Indonesia	Indonesia	Shipping agency	28,665	28,665	0.441	49.00	99,334	31,386	15,379	Investee company of Peony accounted for using equity method
	Luanta Investment (Netherlands) N.V.	Curaçao	Investment holding company	1,400,507	1,400,507	460	50.00	1,849,171	(1,528)	(764)	"
	Balsam Investment (Netherlands) N.V.	Curaçao	Investment holding company	12,305,042	12,305,042	0.451	49.00	407,923	(299,478)	(146,744)	11
	Evergreen Shipping Agency Co. (U.A.E.) LLC	United Arab Emirates	Shipping agency	61,336	61,336	-	49.00	83,174	91,780	44,972	11
	Greenpen Properties Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Renting estate and storehouse company	12,551	12,551	1,500	30.00	32,128	2,597	779	11
	Evergreen Marine Corp. (Malaysia) SDN.BHD.	Malaysia	Shipping agency	277,342	277,342	500	100.00	921,823	118,505	118,505	Indirect subsidiary of the Company (Note)

				Initial invest	ment amount	Shares	held as of June	e 30, 2020		Investment income (loss)	
Investor	Investee (Note 1 \ Note 2)	Location	Main business activities	Balance as of June 30, 2020	Balance as of December 31, 2019	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value	Net profit (loss) of the investee For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020 (Note 2(2))	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020 (Note 2(3))	Footnote
Peony Investment S.A.	Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd.	Hong Kong	Marine transportation	\$ 78,069	\$ 78,069	80	1.00	\$ 98,422	\$ 987,171	\$ 9,342	Investee company of Peony accounted for using equity method
	Ics Depot Services Snd. Bhd.	Malaysia	Depot services	32,818	32,818	286	28.65	64,901	13,887	3,978	" (Note)
Clove Holding Ltd.	Colon Container Terminal, S.A.	Republic of Panama	Inland container storage and loading	673,456	673,456	22,860	40.00	2,538,757	(4,939)	(1,975)	Investee company of Clove Holding Ltd. accounted for using equity method
	Everport Terminal Services Inc.	U.S.A	Terminal services	191,606	191,606	0.059	5.57	264,619	118,044	6,577	Indirect subsidiary of the Company (Note)
Everport Terminal Services Inc.	Whitney Equipment LLC.	U.S.A	Equipment Leasing Company	5,892	5,892	-	100.00	225,552	9,751	9,751	// (Note)
PT. Multi Bina Pura International	PT. Multi Bina Transport	Indonesia	Container repair cleaning and inland transportation	97,260	97,260	8	72.95	56,519	(4,263)	(3,110)	" (Note)
Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Limited	Colon Container Terminal S.A.	Republic of Panama	Inland container storage and loading	459,576	459,576	5,144	9.00	591,655	(4,939)	(444)	Investee company of Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Limited accounted for using equity method
	Evergreen Marine (Latin America), S.A.	Republic of Panama	Management consultancy	17,676	2,917	600	100.00	18,293	443	443	Indirect subsidiary of the Company (Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Service (Cambodia) Co., Ltd.	Cambodia	Shipping agency	5,892	5,892	200	100.00	53,038	17,255	17,255	" (Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Peru) S.A.C.	Peru	Shipping agency	8,178	8,178	900	60.00	35,668	46,712	28,027	" (Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Colombia) S.A.S	Colombia	Shipping agency	10,341	10,341	80	75.00	31,820	32,080	24,060	" (Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency Mexico S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	Shipping agency	6,753	6,753	44	60.00	20,424	24,538	14,723	" (Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Chile) SPA.	Chile	Shipping agency	9,392	9,392	2	60.00	24,783	22,515	13,509	" (Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Greece) Societe Anonyme.	Greece	Shipping agency	7,963	7,963	2	60.00	29,169	19,524	11,715	" (Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Isrrael) Ltd.	Isrrael	Shipping agency	150	150	18	1.00	520	16,721	167	" (Note)

				Initial invest	ment amount	Shares	held as of June	: 30, 2020		Investment income (loss)	
Investor	Investee (Note 1 \ Note 2)	Location	Main business activities	Balance as of June 30, 2020	Balance as of December 31, 2019	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value	Net profit (loss) of the investee For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020 (Note 2(2))	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020 (Note 2(3))	Footnote
Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Limited	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Brazil) Ltd.	Brazil	Shipping agency	\$ 7,288	\$-	120	60.00	\$ 6,542	\$-	\$-	Indirect subsidiary of the Company (Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency Lanka (Private) Ltd.	Lanka	Shipping agency	3,571	3,571	2,160	40.00	10,296	33,338	13,335	Investee company of Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Limited accounted for using equity method

Note 1: If a public company is equipped with an overseas holding company and takes consolidated financial report as the main financial report according to the local law rules, it can only disclose the information of the overseas holding company about the disclosure of related overseas investee information.

Note 2: If situation does not belong to Note 1, fill in the columns according to the following regulations:

(1) The columns of 'Investee', 'Location', 'Main business activities', 'Initial investment amount' and 'Shares held as at June 30, 2020' should fill orderly in the Company's (public company's) information on investees and every directly or indirectly controlled investee's investment information, and note the relationship between the Company (public company) and its investee each (ex. direct subsidiary or indirect subsidiary) in the 'footnote' column.
 (2) The 'Net profit (loss) of the investee for the six-month period ended June 30, 2020' column should fill in amount of net profit (loss) of the investee for this period.

(3) The 'Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the six-month period ended June 30, 2020' column should fill in the Company (public company) recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised investment income (loss) of its investee accounted for under the equity method for this period. When filling in recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary, the Company (public company) should confirm that direct subsidiary's net profit (loss) for this period has included its investment income (loss) which shall be recognised by regulations.

Information on investments in Mainland China

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020

Table 8

Expressed in thousands of TWD

Investee in Mainland China	Main business activities	Paid-in capital	Investment method (Note 1)	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of	Mainland China/ back to Taiwan	d from Taiwan to Amount remitted for the six-month June 30, 2020	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of		· · ·	Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company. For the six-month period ended June	Book value of investments in Mainland China as of	Accumulted amount of investment income remitted back to Taiwan	Footnote
				January 1, 2020	Remitted to Mainland China	Remitted back to Taiwan	June 30, 2020	ended June 30, 2020	(%)	30, 2020 (Note 2(2)B)	June 30, 2020	as of June 30, 2020	
Ningbo Victory Container Co., Ltd.	Inland container transportation, container storage, loading, discharging, repair and related activities	\$ 519,942	(2)	\$ 210,978	\$ -	\$-	\$ 210,978	\$ 19,682	40.00	\$ 7,873	\$ 305,381	\$ -	
Qingdao Evergreen Container Storage & Transportation Co., Ltd.	Inland container transportation, storage, loading, discharging, repair, cleaning and related activities	176,817	(2)	41,740	-	-	41,740	75,820	40.00	30,328	183,281	-	
Kingtrans Intl. Logistics (Tianjin) Co., Ltd.	Inland container transportation, storage, loading, discharging, repair, cleaning and related activities	324,217	(2)	278,847	-	-	278,847	22,348	46.20	10,325	190,289	-	(Note)
Ever Shine (Shanghai) Enterprise Management Consulting Co., Ltd.	Management consultancy, self-owned property leasing	1,807,596	(2)	2,399,822	-	-	2,399,822	16,941	80.00	(23,267)	3,065,530	-	(Note)
Ever Shine (Ningbo) Enterprise Management Consulting Co., Ltd.	Management consultancy, self-owned property leasing	178,897	(2)	265,490	-	-	265,490	182	80.00	174	141,667	-	(Note)
Ever Shine (Shenzhen) Enterprise Management Consulting Co., Ltd.	Management consultancy, self-owned property leasing	255,226	(2)	461,947	-	-	461,947	2,065	80.00	(2,335)	385,466	-	(Note)
Ever Shine (Qingdao) Enterprise Management Consulting Co., Ltd.	Management consultancy, self-owned property leasing	206,938	(2)	376,569	-	-	376,569	1,767	80.00	77	234,925	-	(Note)

Investee in Mainland China	Main business activities	Paid-in capital	Investment method (Note 1)	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of January 1, 2020	Mainland China/ back to Taiwan period ended	d from Taiwan to 'Amount remitted for the six-month June 30, 2020 Remitted back to Taiwan	remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of	the investee for the	Ownership held by the Company (direct of indirect)	the Company. For the six-month	Book value of investments in	Accumulted amount of investment income remitted back to Taiwan as of June 30, 2020	Footnote
Evergreen Shipping Agency (China) Co., Ltd.	Shipping agency	\$ 20,802	(2)	\$ 81,952	\$ -	\$-	\$ 81,952	\$ 21,509	41.60	(\$ 9,679)	\$ 14,123	\$ -	(Note)

Company name	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of June 30, 2020	Commission of the	Ceiling on investments in Mainland China imposed by the Investment Commission of MOEA
Evergreen Marine Corp.	\$ 4,117,345	\$ 4,660,623	\$ 45,184,254

Note 1: Investment methods are classified into the following three categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to:

(1) Directly invest in a company in Mainland China.

(2) Through investing in an existing company, Peony Investment S.A. and Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) Ltd., in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.

(3) Others

Note 2: In the 'Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the six-month period ended June 30, 2020' column:

(1) It should be indicated if the investee was still in the incorporation arrangements and had not yet any profit during this period.

(2) Indicate the basis for investment income (loss) recognition in the number of one of the following three categories:

A. The financial statements that are audited and attested by international accounting firm which has cooperative relationship with accounting firm in R.O.C.

B. The financial statements that are audited and attested by R.O.C. parent company's CPA.

C. Others.

Note 3: The numbers in this table are expressed in New Taiwan Dollars.

Evergreen Marine Corporation (Taiwan) Ltd. Major shareholders information For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020

Table 9

Name of major shareholders	Shares				
Name of major shareholders	Name of shares held	Ownership (%)			
Evergreen International S.A.(EIS)	391,786,816	8.14%			
Chang, Kuo-Hua	319,646,157	6.64%			
Evergreen International Corp.	262,411,866	5.45%			

Note 1: The major shareholders information was from the data that the Company issued common shares (including treasury shares) and preference shares in dematerialised form which were registered and held by the shareholders above 5% on the last operating date of each quarter and was calculated by Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation. The share capital which was recorded in the financial statements may differ from the actual number of shares issued in dematerialised form because of a differenent calculation basis.

Note 2: If the aforementioned data contains shares which were kept in trust by the shareholders, the data disclosed was the settlor's separate account for the fund set by the trustee. As for the shareholder who reports share equity as an insider whose shareholding ratio is greater than 10% in accordance with Securities and Exchange Act, the shareholding ratio includes the self-owned shares and trusted shares, at the same time, persons who have power to decide how to allocate the trust assets. For the information of reported share equity of insider, please refer to Market Observation Post System.