EVERGREEN MARINE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Evergreen Marine Corporation

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Evergreen Marine Corporation (the Company") and its subsidiaries as of December 31, 2007 and the related consolidated statements of income, of changes in stockholders' equity and of cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the consolidated financial statements of Peony Investment S.A., a subsidiary of the Company, and its affiliated companies, which statements reflect total assets of 55,752,105 thousand New Taiwan dollars, constituting 40.32% of the consolidated total assets as of December 31, 2007, and net operating revenues of 42,688,889 thousand New Taiwan dollars, constituting 29.46% of the consolidated net operating revenues for the year then ended. In addition, we did not audit the financial statements of all the investee companies accounted for under the equity method. Long-term investments in these companies amounted to 18,639,656 thousand New Taiwan dollars, constituting 13.48% of the consolidated total assets as of December 31, 2007, and the related investment loss was 261,708 thousand New Taiwan dollars for the year then ended. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our report expressed herein, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Peony Investment S.A. and its affiliated companies accounted for under the equity method, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. The consolidated financial statements of Evergreen Marine Corporation and its subsidiaries as of December 31, 2006 were audited by other auditors whose report dated March 23, 2007 expressed an unqualified audit report with explanatory paragraph stating that part of the Company and its subsidiaries' investment income accounted for under the equity method for the year ended December 31, 2006 was recognized based on the investees' financial statements audited by other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the "Rules Governing Examination of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants" and generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall consolidated financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the reports of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the consolidated financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Evergreen Marine Corporation and its subsidiaries as of December 31, 2007, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with the "Rules Governing the Preparation of Financial Statements by Securities Issuers", "Business Entity Accounting Law", "Regulations on Business Entity Accounting Handling" and generally accepted accounting principles in the Republic of China.

As discussed in Note C to the financial statements, effective January 1, 2006, Evergreen Marine Corporation and its subsidiaries adopted the SFAS No. 34, "Accounting for Financial Instruments" and No. 36, "Disclosure and Presentation of Financial Instruments".

PricewaterhouseCoopers April 7, 2008 Taipei, Taiwan Republic of China

The accompanying financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements and report of independent accountants are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

EVERGREEN MARINE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

Property for the prop		2007		2006				2007			2006	
Control Cont		AMOUNT	%		%			AMOUNT	%		AMOUNT	%
Control Cont	ACCEPTE					LIADII ITIES AND STOCKHOV PERSONNOV						
Second comproader (1998) 1												
Family distribution of the control		91 602 307	16	\$ 10,100,138	8		\$	98 793	_	9	834 000	1
1.44 1.45		3 21,002,307	10	3 10, 100, 136	0		3	30, 723	_	3	834, 000	1
Property content of the sequence of the sequ		1, 642, 237	1	3, 859, 195	3			1. 444. 505	1		469, 466	_
Secret Content		-,,	=	2, 222, 222	-			-,,	-		222, 222	
Manuscrother Carbon et al. 1, 100, 718 1		-	-	1, 864	-			3, 892	-		251, 769	-
Accountmentate of the part o	Notes receivable	1,027	-	6, 513	-	Notes payable		6, 930	-		4, 085	-
Second	Accounts receivable, net (Note 4(4))	13, 087, 798	10	11, 806, 994	10			13, 062, 244	9		5, 065, 642	4
Control control (Control (Co									-			-
Other control control (cont (s)) (11, 85			-		-				1			1
Contention asset content (Content (Co			1		-			11, 318, 550	8			13
Propose 1,200, 250 2 2,291, 116 2 Lange from Enhables (1996) 4,716, 270 3 1,757, 580 1,750			-					-	-			-
Propense									1			1
Project 19,7 mg 19,7			=		2							•
Descriptions Desc	Prepaid expenses		2		1							2
Refine control Note (6) and (5) 3,86, 58 2 7,570, 700 7,570,	Prepayments	198, 786	-	136, 446	-	Total current liabilities		36, 210, 084	26		33, 865, 947	28
1.96 1.96	Deferred income tax assets – current (Note 4(31))	267, 712	-	100, 094	-	Long-term Liabilities						
Fool and more ascess 1,000	Restricted assets (Note 6)	184, 411	=	134, 915	-	Derivative financial liabilities for hedging						
Content Cont	Other current assets - other (Notes 4(8) and 5)	3, 266, 565	2	2, 578, 769	2	- non-current (Note 4(21))		-	-		11, 944	-
Panel Incomaneur	Total current assets	46, 293, 782	34	34, 025, 116	28	Financial liabilities carried at cost - non-current						
Roads proble Nove 4(37) 180, 90 1, 20, 91, 141 141	Funds and Investments							9 004	_		9 004	_
Posses deposit at tout - non-current												2
Total loop cern inabilities South September		770 004		005 400		* * ' ' '		,	10		, ,	17
None 4(10) 1		772, 064	-	023, 488	-	9 , , , , ,	-					
Accord protein arise methods without arise methods (17) 12,157 1,131 1,257 1,131 1,257 1,131 1,257 1,131 1,257 1,131 1,257 1					_			22, 673, 856	16		24, 043, 561	19
		5, 040, 770	4	5, 709, 762	5			700.000			710 000	
Deferme (prime prime stance stance where the under the coping present protect prime (Stance 12) 2, 5, 6, 6, 6, 13) 3, 1, 16, 7, 16 3, 16, 7, 16 3, 16, 7, 18 3, 18		10.155		11 101					1			1
None of the capit's purphod (None 44(1)) 1,813,897 1,167,216		12, 157	-	11, 131	-			41, 428	-		4, 115	-
Observation Contemporary Conte		97 967 999	90	90 409 490	00			1 000 007			1 107 010	
Total found and investments 33,202,655 24 32,818,712 27 Ober Tiabilities - other 997,701 1 1,574,818 1,574			20		22				1			1
Property Plane and Equipment, Net Section	Other long-term investments (Note 4(13))								-			-
Total Indibition	Total funds and investments	33, 202, 650	24	32, 818, 712	27	Other liabilities - other		987, 701	1		1, 574, 818	
Land	Property, Plant and Equipment, Net					Total other liabilities		3, 907, 538	3		3, 786, 763	3
Paiding 1,202,217 2 2,132,35 2 Capital (Note 4/2fo) 1,000 1,00	(Notes 4(14), 5 and 6)					Total liabilities		62, 791, 478	45		61, 696, 271	50
Buildings	Land	2.145.939	2	2, 166, 681	2	Stockholders' Equity						
Comparison commination compinent 16,0 s,0 s 6 7,886,660 6 Common stock 30,338,695 2 29,159,293 1 146,249 147,240 146,249	Buildings			2, 132, 335	2	Capital (Note 4(26))						
Transportation equipment Sp. 213, 975 18 21, 688, 445 18 Paid-in capital in access of par value of Sings and equipment Sp. 963, 219 43 Sp. 925, 255 49 common stock A, 433, 300 3 3, 355, 601 Dock and wharf equipment 296, 619 43 306, 558 - Capital reserve from donated assets 371 - 371 Office equipment 1,755, 883 1 306, 558 - Capital reserve from long-term investments 1,515, 806 1 1,151, 405 Cost and revaluation increments 99,744, 280 72 94,711, 816 77 Capital reserve from long-term investments 1,515, 806 1 1,515, 405 Less Accumulated depreciation 41,467, 052 30 (39,928,189 (32) Retained Earnings (Note 4/28)) Total property, plant and equipment, net 38, 281, 1089 42 54, 885, 637 45 Special reserve 957, 344 1 957, 344 Intangible assets 15, 1012 - 178, 520 - 178, 520 - 178, 520 - 178, 520 - 178, 520 Other Adssums to Stockholder's Equity 10, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 40, 4		8, 005, 496	6	7, 836, 660	6	Common stock		30, 338, 695	22		29, 159, 293	24
Ships and equipment Sp. 968, 219 43 Sp. 925, 255 49 common stock 4,493, 300 3 3,355, 601	Computer and communication equipment		-		-	Capital Surplus (Note 4(27))						
Dock and wharf equipment 296, 619 - 531, 633 - Capital reserve from donated assets 371 - 371 3	Transportation equipment					Paid-in capital in excess of par value of						
Office equipment			43		49				3			3
Cost and revaluation increments	Dock and wharf equipment		-		-	Capital reserve from donated assets			-			-
Less: Accumulated depreciation (41, 467, 052 (30) (39, 928, 189) (32) Retained Earnings (Note 4(28)) Prepayments for equipment (3, 861 - 100, 210 - 164, 985 (37) (39, 928, 189) (32) Special reserve (9, 57, 344 1 9, 957, 344 1 9, 957, 344 1 1 9, 957, 344 1 1 9, 957, 344 1 1 9, 957, 344 1 1 9, 957, 344 1 1 1, 420, 781 1 1, 420, 7									1			1
Prepayments for equipment 3,86	Cost and revaluation increments			94, 713, 616	77			6, 713	-		6, 713	-
Total property, plant and equipment, net	Less: Accumulated depreciation	(41, 467, 052) (30)	(39, 928, 189)	(32)	Retained Earnings (Note 4(28))						
Intangible assets 151,012 178,520 178,520 Other Adjustments to Stockholders' Equity Unrealized gain or loss on financial instruments 453,193 - 89,683	Prepayments for equipment	3, 861		100, 210		Legal reserve		6, 484, 143	5		6, 442, 985	5
Intangible assets	Total property, plant and equipment, net	58, 281, 089	42	54, 885, 637	45	Special reserve		957, 344	1		957, 344	1
Deferred pension costs (Note 4(25))								23, 843, 660	17		14, 420, 781	12
Other Assets Unrealized gain or loss on financial instruments 453, 193 - 89, 683 Refundable deposits 108, 167 - 559, 771 - Cumulative translation adjustments 2, 074, 210 1 1,888, 153 Deferred expenses 142, 754 - 166, 530 - Unrecognized pension cost (469, 755) - 521, 237 Long-term installment receivables (Note 4(15)) 37, 122 - 74, 494 Total Equity Multiputable to Stockholders of the Company 69, 697, 688 50 57, 313, 092 Other assets-other 56, 740 - - Minority interest 5, 784, 158 5 3, 699, 417 Total other assets 344, 783 - 800, 795 - Total Stockholders' Equity 75, 481, 838 55 61, 012, 509 **Commitments and Contingent Liabilities (Note 7)	=	151.012	_	178, 520		=						
Refundable deposits 108, 167 - 559,771 - Cumulative translation adjustments 2,074,210 1 1,888,153 Deferred expenses 142,754 - 166,530 - Unrecognized pension cost (469,755) - 521,237 Long-term installment receivables (Note 4(15)) 37,122 - 74,494 - Total Equity Attributable to Stockholders of the Company 69,697,680 50 57,313,092 60 Other assets—other 56,740 - - - Minority interest 5,784,158 5 3,699,417 Total other assets 344,783 - 800,795 - Total Stockholders' Equity 75,481,838 55 61,012,509 **Commitments and Contingent Liabilities (Note 7)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •							453 193	_		89 683	_
Deferred expenses 142,754 - 166,530 - Unrecognized pension cost (469,755) - 521,237 Long-term installment receivables (Note 4(15)) 37,122 - 74,494 - Total Equity Attributable to Stockholders of the Company 69,697,680 50 57,313,092 Other assets—other 56,740 - - Minority interest 5,784,158 5 3,699,417 Total other assets 344,783 - 800,795 - Total Stockholders' Equity 75,481,838 55 61,012,509 Commitments and Contingent Liabilities (Note 7)		100 167		550 771		_		,			,	1
Long-term installment receivables (Note 4(15)) 37, 122 - 74, 494 - Total Equity Attributable to Stockholders of the Company 69, 697, 680 50 57, 313, 092 of the assets-other 56, 740 Minority interest 5, 784, 158 5 3, 699, 417 Total other assets 344, 783 - 800, 795 - Total Stockholders' Equity 75, 481, 838 55 61, 012, 509 **Commitments and Contingent Liabilities (Note 7)**	•		-	,	-		,		1	,		1
Other assets other 56,740 - - Minority interest 5,784,158 5 3,699,417 Total other assets 344,783 - 800,795 - Total Stockholders' Equity 75,481,838 55 61,012,509 Commitments and Contingent Liabilities (Note 7)			-		-		((
Total other assets 344,783 - 800,795 - Total Stockholders' Equity 75,481,838 55 61,012,509 : Commitments and Contingent Liabilities (Note 7)	Long-term installment receivables (Note 4(15))		-	74, 494	-	Total Equity Attributable to Stockholders of the Company		69, 697, 680	50			47
Commitments and Contingent Liabilities (Note 7)	Other assets-other					Minority interest						3
	Total other assets	344, 783		800, 795		Total Stockholders' Equity		75, 481, 838	55		61, 012, 509	50
TOTALASSETS \$ 138, 273, 316 100 \$ 122, 708, 780 100 TOTALLIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY \$ 138, 273, 316 100 \$ 122, 708, 780 10						Commitments and Contingent Liabilities (Note 7)						
	TOTALASSETS	\$ 138, 273, 316	100	<u>\$ 122, 708, 780</u>	100	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	<u>s</u>	138, 273, 316	100	8	122, 708, 780	100

EVERGREEN MARINE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

	2007			2006			
		A	0/		A	0/	
On anting Barrers (Nata 4(20) and 5)	-	Amount	100	<u>s</u>	Amount	100	
Operating Revenues (Notes 4(29) and 5)	\$	144, 924, 457		,	150, 076, 753 149, 911, 806) (100	
Operating Costs (Notes 4(30) and 5)		130, 605, 936)	(90)			100)	
Gross profit Operating Expanses (Notes 4(20) and 5)		14, 318, 521	10		164, 947	-	
Operating Expenses (Notes 4(30) and 5)	,	0.000.004)	(0)	,	0 717 700) (0)	
General and administrative expenses	(3, 996, 094)	(3)	_	3, 717, 782) (2)	
Operating income		10, 322, 427		_	3, 552, 835) (2)	
Non-operating Income and Gains		450 444			F71 700		
Interest income		450, 444	-		571, 769	-	
Gain on valuation of financial assets (Note 4(2))		-	-		69, 856	-	
Investment income accounted for under the equity		100 011					
method (Note 4(12))		186, 811	-		-	-	
Dividend income		302, 669	-		306, 370	-	
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment (Note 5)		2, 428, 443	2		3, 655, 102	3	
Gain on disposal of investments		53, 619	-		139, 556	-	
Foreign exchange gain, net		891, 106	1		174, 968	-	
Rental income (Note 5)		73, 211	-		63, 033	-	
Other non-operating income		209, 614			1, 306, 739	1	
Non-operating Income and Gains	_	4, 595, 917	3		6, 287, 393	4	
Non-operating Expenses and Losses							
Interest expense	(403, 320)	-	(1, 322, 558) (1)	
Loss on valuation of financial assets (Note 4(2))	(530, 229)	(1)		-	-	
Loss on valuation of financial liabilities(Note 4(17))	(384, 157)	-	(102, 771)	-	
Investment loss accounted for under the equity							
method (Note 4(12))		=	-	(957, 114) (1)	
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment (Note 5)	(2, 341)	-	(16, 676)	-	
Financing charges	(28, 604)	-	(52, 951)	-	
Impairment loss (Note 4(10))	(119, 000)	-		-	-	
Other non-operating losses	(15, 848)		(39, 138)	_	
Non-operating Expenses and Losses	(1, 483, 499)	(1)	(2, 491, 208) (2)	
Income from continuing operations before income tax		13, 434, 845	9		243, 350	-	
Income tax expense (Note 4(31))	(1, 411, 168)	(1)	(84, 958)	<u> </u>	
Consolidated Income from continuing operations		12, 023, 677	8		158, 392	-	
Cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles		<u>-</u>		(103, 370)	<u> </u>	
(Net of tax benefit of \$50,937)			<u> </u>				
Consolidated Net income	\$	12, 023, 677	8	\$	55, 022	<u> </u>	
Consolidated Net Income Attributed to:							
Stockholders of the Company	\$	10, 381, 702	7	\$	411, 580	_	
Minority interest		1, 641, 975	1	(356, 558)	_	
Consolidated Net Income	\$	12, 023, 677	8	\$	55, 022		
				·			
		Before Tax A	After Tax]	Before Tax Aft	er Tax	
Basic earnings per share (Note 4(32))						,	
Consolidated Net income from continuing operations	\$	4.56 \$	4.08	\$	0.08 \$	0.05	
Cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles	•	_	_	(0.05) (0.03)	
Minority interest	(0.62) (0.55)	`	0. 12	0. 12	
Consolidated Net income	\$	3. 94 \$	3. 53	\$	0.15 \$	0. 14	
Diluted earnings per share(Note 4(32))	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		_	<u> </u>	-	
Consolidated Net income from continuing operations	\$	4. 37 \$	3. 91	\$	0.08 \$	0.05	
Cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles	Ÿ	- · · · ·	-	(0.05) (0.03)	
Minority interest	(0.60) (0.53)	(0.11	0. 03)	
Consolidated Net income	\$	3.77 \$	3.38	s	0.14 \$	0. 13	
Consolidated For medille	<u>v</u>	<u> </u>	0.00	<u>~</u>	<u> </u>	0.10	

EVERGREEN MARINE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

			Retained Earnings										
	Common stock	Capital Surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve	U	Undistributed earnings	Unrealized g loss on fina instrumer	ncial	Cumulative translation adjustments	Unrecognized pension cost	Deferred credits	Minority interest	Total
<u>Year 2006</u>													
Balance at January 1, 2006 The Effect of first time adoption of the SFAS No.34	\$ 27,075,246 \$	4, 640, 403	\$ 5, 220, 594	\$ 957, 34	4 \$	22, 189, 422	\$ 136, 4	- \$ 97	\$ 897,009 (\$ 298, 003)	\$ 43, 979	\$ 3,702,555	\$ 64, 428, 549 136, 497
Appropriation of 2005 earnings													
Legal reserve		-	1, 222, 391		- (1, 222, 391)		-	-	-	-	-	-
Stock dividends Cash dividends	1, 907, 617	-	-		- (- (1, 907, 617) 4, 905, 302)		-	-	-	-	-	(4, 905, 302)
Bonuses to employee	_	-	-		- (70, 000)		_	-	-	_	_	(4, 903, 302)
Remuneration to directors and supervisors	-	-	-		- (60, 400)		-	-	-	-	_	(60, 400)
Conversion of convertible bonds into common stock	176, 430	206, 049	-		- `	-		-	-	-	-	-	382, 479
Adjustments on retained earnings due to changes in percentage of shareholding recognition on changes in investees' capital surplus based on percentage of													
shareholding	-	29, 638	-		- (14, 511)	168, 0	99 (189, 121) (77, 644)	43, 979)	-	(127, 518)
Translation adjustments arising from investees' financial									4 400 000				4 400 00"
statements denominated in foreign currencies Unrealized gain on available-for-sale assets	-	-	-		-	-	55. 1	- 20	1, 180, 265	-	-	-	1, 180, 265 55, 130
Unrealized loss on cash flow hedges	-	-	-		_	-	(267, 1		-	-	-	-	(267, 194)
Recovery from the first time adoption of ROC released SFAS						,	201, 1	04)					(201, 134)
No.34 of financial assets carried at cost	-	-	-		-	-	(2, 8	49)	-	-	-	-	(2, 849)
Unrecognized pension cost	-	-	-		-	-		-	- (145, 590)	-	-	(145, 590)
Consolidated Net income of 2006	-	-	-		-	411, 580		-	-	-	-	(356, 558)	55, 022
Minority interest	 _					<u> </u>		 .		<u> </u>		353, 420	353, 420
Balance at December 31, 2006 Year 2007	\$ 29, 159, 293 \$	4, 876, 090	\$ 6, 442, 985	\$ 957, 34	<u>4</u> <u>S</u>	14, 420, 781	\$ 89,6	<u>83</u> <u>\$</u>	\$ 1,888,153 (\$ 521, 237)	\$ \$	\$ 3,699,417	<u>\$ 61, 012, 509</u>
Balance at January 1, 2007 Appropriation of 2006 earnings	\$ 29, 159, 293 \$	4, 876, 090	\$ 6,442,985	\$ 957, 34	4 \$	14, 420, 781	\$ 89,6	83 \$	\$ 1,888,153 (\$ 521, 237)	Ψ.	\$ 3,699,417	\$ 61,012,509
Legal reserve	_	_	41, 158		- (41, 158)		_	_	_	_	_	_
Cash dividend	-	-	, · · -		- (877, 045)		-	-	-	-	-	(877, 045)
Bonuses to employee	-	-	-		- (33, 620)		-	-	-	-	-	(33, 620)
Remuneration to directors and supervisors	-	-	-		- (7, 000)		-	-	-	-	-	(7,000)
Conversion of convertible bonds into common stock	1, 179, 402	1, 139, 699	-		-	-		-	-	-	-	-	2, 319, 101
Adjustments on retained earnings due to changes in percentage of shareholding recognition on changes in investees' capital surplus based on percentage of													
shareholding	-	401	-		-	-	22, 3	08 (82, 336)	21, 955	-	-	(37, 672)
Translation adjustments arising from investees' financial													
statements denominated in foreign currencies	-	-	-		-	-		-	268, 393	-	-	-	268, 393
Unrealized gain on available-for-sale assets	-	-	-		-	-	147, 7 193, 4		-	-	-	-	147, 733 193, 469
Unrealized loss on cash flow hedges Unrecognized pension cost	-	-	-		-	-	195, 4	_ -	-	29, 527	-	_	193, 469
Consolidated Net income of 2007	-	_	_		_	10, 381, 702		_	_	-	_	1, 641, 975	12, 023, 677
Minority interest	-	-	-		_	, 001, .02		_	-	-		442, 766	442, 766
Balance at December 31, 2007	\$ 30, 338, 695	6, 016, 190	\$ 6,484,143	\$ 957, 34	4 \$	23, 843, 660	\$ 453, 1	93 \$	\$ 2,074,210 (\$ 469,755)	\$	\$ 5,784,158	\$ 75, 481, 838

EVERGREEN MARINE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

		2007	2006		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Net income	\$	12, 023, 677	\$	55, 022	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by	Ÿ	12, 020, 077	Ÿ	00, 022	
operating activities					
Cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles for					
financial instruments		-		103, 370	
Depreciation		4, 702, 137		5, 057, 295	
Amortization		50, 541		49, 952	
Reclassification of depreciation of dock facilities to					
operating costs and others		602, 613		206, 436	
Reclassification of amortization of deferred charges to					
others		38, 903		63, 075	
Net gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(1, 888, 626)	(3, 643, 443)	
Excess of equity-accounted investment loss over cash					
dividends		227, 238		1, 559, 943	
Loss on impairment of financial assets carried at cost		119, 000		-	
Interest amortization of financial assets and unrealized	,	1 000)		1 000	
exchange gains	(1, 026)		1, 083	
Interest compensation of convertible bonds	(4, 650)		3, 275	
Financial assets held-to-maturity - current		-		21, 421	
Net loss on disposal of long-term equity investments under				154	
equity method		-		154	
Changes in assets and liabilities	,				
Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profi or loss	Į.	3, 190, 988		1 000 450	
Gain on disposal of available-for-sale financial assets	(12, 923)		1, 909, 459	
Notes and accounts receivable	(2, 275, 911		1, 697, 140	
Other receivables		657, 916	(555, 983)	
Other financial assets		356	(106, 083)	
Inventories		272, 472	(202, 048	
Prepaid expenses and prepayments	(1, 188, 113)	(204, 015)	
Restricted assets		49, 496)		2, 865)	
Agent accounts	(768, 226	(1, 082, 104	
Agency reciprocal accounts	(4, 344)	(4, 328)	
Other current assets	(27, 392	(69, 898)	
Refundable deposits		487, 145		267, 406)	
Notes and accounts payable		7, 041, 385		208, 777)	
Income tax payable	(83, 030)		825, 131)	
Accrued expenses		8, 391, 648)	(2, 360, 055	
Other payables		1, 108, 577)	(294, 147)	
Other current liabilities	(25, 312		17, 877)	
Accrued pension liability		60, 932	(83, 006	
Deferred income tax assets / liabilities		500, 762	(1, 193, 210)	
Taxes due to changes in accounting principles for		300, 702	(1, 100, 210)	
financial instruments		-		26, 385	
Taxes due to unrealized gain or loss on cash flow hedge	(64, 488)		89, 065	
Other liabilities	(619, 714)		192, 689	
Net cash provided by operating activities		19, 656, 271	_	7, 369, 814	
1.55 table provided of operating activities		.,, 2		.,,	

(Continued)

EVERGREEN MARINE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

		2007	2006		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from capital reduction of investee	\$	3, 409	\$	9, 261	
Acquisition of long-term equity investment accounted for under the equity method	(464, 398)	(762, 995)	
Proceeds from sale of long-term equity investment accounted for under the equity method		-		2, 100	
Proceeds from sale of available-for-sale financial assets - non current		14, 080		-	
Acquisition of financial assets carried at cost - non current	(43, 750)	(22, 100)	
Proceeds from sale of financial assets carried at cost - non current		581, 000		-	
Acquisition of other long-term investments	(3, 282)		-	
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(8, 271, 710)	(10, 236, 293)	
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		2, 585, 537		9, 938, 276	
Increase in deferred expenses	(65, 386)	(79, 763)	
Decrease in long-term receivables		37, 372	-	72, 132	
Net cash used in investing activities	(5, 627, 128)	(1, 079, 382)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Decrease in short-term loans	(735, 277)	(966, 000)	
Decrease in short-term bills payable		=	(799, 755)	
Increase (decrease) in long-term loans		712, 121	(2, 452, 898)	
Decrease in corporate bonds payable	(2, 500, 100)	(1, 500, 000)	
Increase in guarantee deposits received		140		489	
Distribution of cash dividends	(877, 045)	(4, 910, 302)	
Distribution of employee bonuses and directors and supervisors'					
remuneration	(40, 620)	(131, 086)	
Net change in minority interest		442, 766		353, 420	
Net cash used in financing activities	(2, 998, 015)	(10, 406, 132)	
Effect of Initial Consolidation of Subsidiaries		1, 429, 589		_	
Effect of Exchange Rate Changes	(958, 548)	(1, 018, 820)	
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		11, 502, 169	(5, 134, 520)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		10, 100, 138		15, 234, 658	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	21, 602, 307	\$	10, 100, 138	
Supplemental information of cash flow information					
Interest paid	\$	500, 665	\$	1, 360, 209	
Less: Interest capitalized			-		
Interest paid, net of interest capitalized	\$	500, 665	\$	1, 360, 209	
Income tax paid	\$	1, 042, 172	\$	2, 124, 269	
Financing Activities Not Affecting Cash Flows					
Long-term liabilities due within one year	\$	4, 761, 212	<u>\$</u> \$	7, 277, 580	
Capitalization of retained earnings	\$			1, 907, 617	
Conversion of convertible bonds into common stock	\$	2, 319, 100	\$	382, 479	

EVERGREEN MARINE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED) 1. <u>HISTORY AND ORGANIZATION</u>

(1)The Company

Established on September 25, 1968, Evergreen Marine Corporation (the "Company") is mainly engaged in domestic and international marine transportation, shipping agency services and the distribution of containers. The Company was approved by the Securities and Futures Commission (SFC), Ministry of Finance (MOF) (currently known as the Securities and Futures Bureau (SFB), Financial Supervisory Commission, Executive Yuan) to be a public company on November 2, 1982 and was further approved by the SFC to be a listed company on July 6, 1987. The Company's shares have been publicly traded on the Taiwan Stock Exchange since September 21, 1987. As of December 31, 2007, the Company and its subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements had approximately 3,389 employees. The Company and its subsidiaries are collectively referred herein as the Group.

(2) Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements and their changes in 2007

			Owners	ship (%)	
			December 31	December 31	
Investor	Subsidiary	Main activities	2007	2006	Description
The Company	TTSC	Cargo loading and discharging	55.00	55.00	
	Peony	Investments in transport-related businesses	100.00	100.00	
Peony	GMS	Container shipping	100.00	100.00	
	Clove	Investments in container yards and port terminals	100.00	100.00	
	Vigor	Investments in container manufacturing	100.00	100.00	
	EMU	Container shipping	51.00	51.00	
	EHIC (M)	Manufacturing of dry steel containers and container parts	84.44	84.44	

			Owners	ship (%)	
			December 31	December 31	-
Investor	Subsidiary	Main activities	2007	2006	Description
Peony	Armand N.V.	Investments in container yards and port terminals	70.00	70.00	
	SGTC	Loading, discharging, storage, repairs, cleaning and inland transportation of containers	55.00	55.00	
	МВРІ	Container storage and inspections of containers at the customs house	95.30	95.30	
	MBT	Inland transportation, repairs and cleaning of containers	86.91	86.91	MBT is 17.39% directly owned by Peony and 72.95% indirectly owned by Peony through MBPI. Therefore, Peony's total equity interest in MBT is 86.91%.
	Island	Investments in operating machinery and equipment of port terminals	43.65	43.65	Peony indirectly holds 15% and 36% equity interest in Island through EMU and Clove, respectively. Therefore, Peony's total equity interest in Island is 43.65%.
	EGS	Agency services dealing with port formalities	51.00	25.50	
	EGK	"	100.00	50.00	
	EMI	"	51.00	25.44	
	EGT	"	51.00	25.50	
	EGI	"	99.99	49.98	
	EMA	"	51.00	25.50	

			Owners	ship (%)	
			December 31	December 31	
Investor	Subsidiary	Main activities	2007	2006	Description
Peony	EIT	Agency services dealing with port formalities	55.00	-	
	EES	"	55.00	-	
	ERU	"	51.00	-	
	EGD	"	100.00	-	
	EGU(DBL)	"	100.00	-	
	EGD(WW X)	"	100.00	-	
	EGF	"	99.40	-	
	EGN	"	100.00	-	
	EGV	"	51.00	-	
	EGB	"	99.99	-	
Clove	Ample	Investments in container yards and port terminals	90.00	90.00	
Armand N.V.	Armand B.V.	Investments in container yards and port terminals	100.00	100.00	
Island	Whitney	Investments and leases of operating machinery and equipment of port terminals	100.00	100.00	
	Hemlock	Investments and leases of operating machinery and equipment of port terminals	100.00	100.00	

- (3) <u>Subsidiaries that are included in the consolidated financial statements:</u>
 - A. EGS, EGK, EMI, EGT, EGI, and EMA were acquired by Peony in December 31, 2007. As of December 31, 2007, Peony's equity interest were 51%, 100%, 51%, 51%, 99.99% and 51%.
 - B. EIT, EES, ERU, EGD, EGU (DBL), EGD (WWX), EGF, EGN, EGV and EGB were acquired by Peony in December 31, 2007. As of December 31, 2007, Peony's equity interest were 55%, 55%, 51%, 100%, 100%, 100%, 99.4%, 100%, 51% and 99.99%.
- (4)<u>Subsidiaries that is not included in the consolidated financial statements:</u> None.
- (5) Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- (6)Special operating risks in foreign subsidiaries: None.
- (7) Nature and extent of the restrictions on fund remittance from subsidiaries to the parent company: None.
- (8) Contents of subsidiaries' securities issued by the parent company: None.
- (9)Information on convertible bonds and common stock issued by subsidiaries: None.
- (10) The restricted situation that the distribution of the related party's earnings: None.
- (11) The method and term of consolidated term amortized: None.
- (12)Other important information for proper expressed for proper expressed for consolidated financial statements: None.

2.SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Group are prepared in accordance with "Rules Governing the Preparation of Financial Statements by Securities Issuers", "Business Entity Accounting Law", "Regulations on Business Entity Accounting Handling" and accounting principles generally accepted in the Republic of China. The Group's significant accounting policies are as follows:

(1)Classification of current and non-current assets and liabilities

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
 - a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realized or consumed, or are intended to be sold within the normal operating cycle;
 - b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
 - c) Assets that are expected to be realized within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to pay off liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.

- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:
 - a) Liabilities arising from operating activities that are expected to be paid off within the normal operating cycle;
 - b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
 - c) Liabilities that are to be paid off within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.
- C. Financial liabilities that expire within 12 months from the balance sheet date which meet the following conditions are classified as non-current liabilities:
 - a) The original contract term exceeds one year.
 - b) Intended for long-term refinancing.
 - c) Have completed long-term refinancing and extended the period of liabilities before the balance sheet date, or have the intention to refinance or extend the period of liabilities by one year after balance sheet date.

(2) Foreign currency transactions

- A. The Group maintains its accounts in New Taiwan dollars. Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into New Taiwan dollars and functional currencies at the spot exchange rates prevailing at the transaction dates. Exchange gains or losses due to the difference between the exchange rate on the transaction date and the exchange rate on the date of actual receipt and payment are recognized in current year's profit or loss.
- B. Receivables, other monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the spot exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange gains or losses are recognized in profit or loss.
- C. When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognized directly in equity, any exchange component of that gain or loss shall be recognized directly in equity. Conversely, when a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognized in profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss shall be recognized in profit or loss. However, non-monetary items that are measured on a historical cost basis are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

(3)Translation of financial statements of foreign subsidiaries

Assets and liabilities of foreign subsidiaries are translated into New Taiwan dollars using the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Equity accounts are translated at historical rates except for beginning retained earnings, which is carried forward from prior year's balance. Dividends are translated at the rates prevailing at the date of declaration. Profit and loss accounts are translated

at weighted-average rates of the year. The resulting translation differences are included in "cumulative translation adjustments" under stockholders' equity.

(4) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and in banks and other short-term highly liquid investments which are readily convertible to known amount of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value resulting from fluctuations in interest rates.

The consolidated statements of cash flows were edited based on the basis of cash and cash equivalents.

(5) Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current

- A. Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized and derecognized using trade date accounting and are recognized initially at fair value.
- B. These financial instruments are subsequently remeasured and stated at fair value, and the gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss. The fair value of listed stocks, OTC stocks and closed-end mutual funds and GDR is based on latest quoted fair prices of the accounting period. The fair value of open-end and balanced mutual funds is based on the net asset value at the balance sheet date.

(6)Held-to-maturity financial assets - current

- A. Held-to-maturity financial assets are recognized or derecognized using trade date accounting and are stated initially, at its fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.
- B. The financial assets are carried at amortized cost.
- C. If there is any objective evidence that the financial asset is impaired, the impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss. If the fair value of the financial asset subsequently increases and the increase can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized in profit or loss, the impairment loss shall be reversed to the extent of the loss previously recognized in profit or loss.

(7)Investments in bonds without active markets - current

- A. Investments in bonds without active markets are recognized and derecognized using trade date accounting and are stated initially at its fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.
- B. This financial asset is carried at amortized cost. Any change in the fair value of the assets to be received during the period between the trade date and settlement date is not recognized.
- C. If there is any objective evidence that the financial asset is impaired, the impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss. If, subsequently, the fair value of the asset increases and the increase can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was

recognized in profit or loss, the impairment loss shall be reversed to the extent of the loss previously recognized in profit or loss.

(8) Available-for-sale financial assets

- A. Available-for-sale financial assets are recognized and derecognized using trade date accounting and are initially stated at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.
- B. The financial assets are remeasured and stated at fair value, and the gain or loss is recognized in equity, until the financial asset is derecognized, at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in equity shall be recognized in profit or loss. The fair values of listed stocks, OTC stocks and closed-end mutual funds and GDR are based on latest quoted fair prices of the accounting period. The fair values of open-end and balanced mutual funds are based on the net asset value at the balance sheet date.
- C. If there is any objective evidence that the financial asset is impaired, the cumulative loss that had been recognized directly in equity shall be transferred from equity to profit or loss. When the fair value of an equity instrument subsequently increases, impairment losses recognized previously in profit or loss shall not be reversed. When the fair value of a debt instrument subsequently increases and the increase can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized in profit or loss, the impairment loss shall be reversed to the extent of the loss recognized in profit or loss.

(9) Financial assets carried at cost

- A. Investments in unquoted equity instruments are recognized or derecognized using trade date accounting and are stated initially at its fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.
- B. If there is any objective evidence that the financial asset is impaired, the impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss. Such impairment loss shall not be reversed when the fair value of the asset subsequently increases.

(10) Derivative financial assets for hedging

Derivatives are initially recognized at fair value on the date a contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at their fair value. The method of recognizing the resulting gain or loss depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument and the nature of the hedged item.

(A)Fair value hedges

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recognized in profit or loss. Changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged item are recognized in profit or loss as an adjustment to the

carrying amount of the hedged item.

If the hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, the adjustment to the carrying amount of a hedged item for which the effective interest method was used is amortized to profit or loss over the period of maturity.

(B)Cash flow hedges:

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges is recognized in equity. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

- a) If a hedge of a forecast transaction subsequently results in the recognition of a financial asset or a financial liability, the associated gains or losses that were recognized directly in equity are transferred to profit or loss in the same period or periods when the hedged item affects profit or loss.
- b) If a hedge of a forecast transaction subsequently results in the recognition of a non-financial asset or a non-financial liability, or a forecast transaction for a non-financial asset or non-financial liability becomes a firm commitment for which fair value hedge accounting is applied, the associated gains and losses that were recognized directly in equity are transferred into profit or loss in the same period or periods during which the asset acquired or liability assumed affects profit or loss. However, any loss or portion of a loss recognized directly in equity expected not to be recovered in the future is reclassified to profit or loss.

(11)Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

- A. All or part of a financial asset is derecognized when the contractual rights that compose the asset has expired. When all or part of a financial asset is transferred and contractual rights that composes the asset is given up, the cash flow received from the clearing house within a certain limit is treated as sale. When the transfer of financial asset does not qualify as lost of contractual rights, then such transfer of asset is recognized as guaranteed loan. Reacquiring rights of such assets will no longer be accounted as derivative financial assets.
- B. All or part of a financial liability is derecognized when the obligation specified in the contract binding the financial liability is either discharged, cancelled or expired. Where there has been an exchange between an existing borrower of debt instruments and the Company with substantially different terms, or there has been a substantial modification of the terms of an existing financial liability, then the transaction is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. Any gain or loss from extinguishment of the original financial liability is recognized in the income statement.

(12)Allowance for doubtful accounts

Allowance for doubtful accounts is provided according to the evaluation of the collectibles of notes and accounts receivable and other receivables, taking into account the bad debts incurred in prior years and the aging analysis of the receivables.

(13)Inventories

Fuel inventories are physically measured by the crew of each ship and reported back to the Head Office through telegraph for recording purposes at year-end. Valuation of inventories is based on the exchange rate prevailing at the end of the fiscal year.

(14)Long-term equity investments accounted for under the equity method

- A.Long-term equity investments in which the Company holds more than 20% of the investee company's voting shares or has the ability to exercise significant influence on the investee's operational decisions are accounted for under the equity method. The excess of the initial investment cost over the acquired net asset value of the investee attributable to goodwill is no longer amortized, effective January 1, 2006. Retrospective adjustment of the amount of goodwill amortized in previous year is not required. The excess of acquired net asset value of investee over the initial investment cost is allocated proportionately and applied as a reduction to the book values of identifiable non-current assets, and any remaining amount of such excess after this allocation is credited to extraordinary gains.
- B. Foreign currency denominated financial statements of overseas subsidiaries and investees are translated into New Taiwan dollars in accordance with ROC Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 14, "Accounting for Foreign Currency Transactions and Translation of Foreign Financial Statements". The translation differences are recorded as "cumulative translation adjustments" under stockholders' equity.

(15)Property, plant and equipment

- A.Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost. Interests incurred on the loans used to bring the assets to the condition and location necessary for their intended uses are capitalized.
- B.Major improvements and renewals are capitalized and depreciated accordingly. Maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred.
- C. Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis according to the respective assets' useful lives regulated by the Ministry of Finance plus one year for salvage value.
- D.For ships and equipment that are still in use after expiration of their useful life, depreciation is provided based on the original method and the reassessed useful life and salvage value. For other assets that are still in use after expiration of their useful life, depreciation is provided based on the original method to the extent that the salvage value falls below \$3,000. Where impairment loss is recognized, property, plant and equipment shall be depreciated over their remaining useful life based on their carrying value adjusted after the impairment loss.

(16) Deferred charges

Deferred charges refer to the expenses incurred for decoration, issuance of corporate bonds, computer software and cable installation. The expenses incurred for decoration are amortized on a straight-line basis over five years, expenses incurred for issuance of corporate bonds are amortized over the issuance period, expenses incurred for issuance of convertible bonds are amortized over the period from the issuance date to the expiry date of the redemption rights and the remaining deferred charges are amortized over 2-3 years.

(17)Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group recognizes impairment loss when there is indication that the recoverable amount of an asset is less than its carrying amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of the fair value less costs to sell and value in use. The fair value less costs to sell is the amount obtainable from the sale of the asset in an arm's length transaction after deducting any direct incremental disposal costs. The value in use is the present value of estimated future cash flows to be derived from continuing use of the asset and from its disposal at the end of its useful life. When the impairment no longer exists, the impairment loss recognized in prior years shall be recovered. However, impairment loss of goodwill is not recoverable.

(18)Convertible bonds

Bonds payable issued before December 31, 2005 are accounted for as follows:

- A. Convertible bonds are stated at their issuance price. The excess of the redemption price over the face value of the convertible bonds is amortized using the interest method over the redemption period.
- B. When bonds are converted, the par value of the bonds is credited to common stock and any excess is credited to capital reserve. No gain or loss is recognized on bond conversion.
- C. Expenditures incurred on issuance of convertible bonds are classified as deferred assets and amortized over the life of the bonds. In cases where the bonds are converted or redeemed before the maturity date, the issuance expenditures are expensed in proportion to the amount of bonds converted or redeemed.
- D. Where bonds are not redeemed during the redemption period, the interest on redemption is amortized under the interest method over the remaining life of the bonds. If the fair value of the underlying shares at the expiry date of the redemption option exceeds the redemption price, the interest on redemption is reclassified to capital reserve.

(19)Pensions

A. The Company and its subsidiary-TTSC's pension plan applies to all permanent employees. Under the defined benefit pension plan, net periodic pension costs are recognized in accordance with the actuarial calculations. Net periodic pension costs include service cost, interest cost, expected return on plan assets, and amortization of unrecognized net transition

- obligation and gains or losses on plan assets. Unrecognized net transition obligation is amortized on a straight-line basis over 15 years.
- B. The Labor Pension Act ("the Act"), which adopts a defined contribution scheme, took effect from July 1, 2005. In accordance with the Act, employees of the Company and its subsidiary-TTSC's may elect to be subject to either the Act, and maintain their seniority before the enforcement of the Act, or the pension mechanism of the Labor Standards Law. For employees subject to the Act, the Company and TTSC shall make monthly contributions to the employees' individual pension accounts on a basis no less than 6% of the employees' monthly wages.
- C. In accordance with the ROC SFAS No. 18, "Accounting for Pension", the Company and its subsidiary-TTSC recognize pension costs based on the actuarial report. Under the defined benefit pension scheme, net periodic pension cost is contributed based on the actuarial report, which includes current service cost, interest cost, expected rate of return on plan assets, and amortization of unrecognized net transition assets. The part of accumulated benefit obligation which exceeds fair value of pension fund is recorded as minimum pension liability on the balance sheet. Unrecognized net transition assets and net benefit obligation are amortized on a straight-line basis over 15 years. Prior service cost and gain or loss is amortized over the average remaining service period on a straight-line basis.
- D. The oversea subsidiaries were not obligated to contribute to pension accounts and to establish contribution plans by the local laws.

(20)Revenue, cost and expense recognition

Revenues are recognized when the earning process is substantially completed and are realized or realizable. Costs and expenses are recognized as incurred.

(21)Income taxes

- A. Inter-period and intra-period income taxes are allocated in accordance with the ROC SFAS No. 22, "Accounting for Income Taxes". Income tax effects arising from taxable temporary differences are recognized as deferred income tax liabilities. Income tax effects arising from deductible temporary differences, loss carry forwards and income tax credits are recognized as deferred income tax assets and a valuation allowance is provided based on the expected reliability of the deferred income tax assets. Over or under provision of prior years' income tax liabilities is included in current year's income tax.
- B. In accordance with the "Statute of Income Basic Tax Amount", effective January 1, 2006, the estimated basic tax amount payable in the future is considered by the Company in evaluating the reliability of deferred income tax assets.

- C. Investment tax credits arising from expenditures incurred on acquisitions of equipment or technology, research and development, employees' training, and equity investments are recognized in the year the related expenditures are incurred.
- D. An additional 10% tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.

(22)Basic (diluted) earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated based on the net income (loss) attributed to common stockholders and the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Any capital increase (reduction) through cash infusion (withdrawal), treasury stock transactions or other factors that would cause a change in the number of outstanding shares are incorporated in the calculation on a weighted-average basis according to the circulation period. Adjustments are made retroactively to the weighted-average number of outstanding shares if there is any increase (decrease) in the number of outstanding shares which does not result in changes in the stockholders' percentage of equity interest. Where the effective dates of the above mentioned events fall between the balance sheet date and the issue date of the financial statements, retroactive adjustments are also required. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, it is assumed that the convertible bonds are converted into the common stock on the date of issuance of the bonds, and the weighted-average number of outstanding shares is adjusted for the dilutive effect of the convertible bonds.

(23) Derivative financial instruments and hedge trading

- A. Oil swaps and interest rate swaps are utilized to hedge against fluctuations in interest rates and oil prices. The initial recognization and subsequent valuation of derivative financial instruments are carried at fair value. The assets are recognized for positive fair values, the liabilities are recognized for negative fair value.
- B. The changes in fair value of derivatives are recognized in the income statement when such instrument does not qualify for hedge accounting.

Hedge relationship is classified into the following three categories:

- a) Fair value hedges: to mitigate the risk of changes in the fair value of a recognized asset or liability or unrecognized commitment.
- b) Cash flow hedges: to mitigate the risk of volatility in cash flow. The volatility is attributable to a recognized asset or liability (such as all or some future interest payments on variable rate debt) or a highly probable forecast transaction that might affect profit or loss.
- c) Hedge of net investment in a foreign operation: to mitigate the risk of the exchange rate fluctuations associated with net investment in a foreign operation.

The Group used cash flow hedge to avoid the exchange risk arising from existing commitments.

- C. The hedging relationship, management and strategy are documented at the beginning of a designated hedge. The hedge instruments, related hedge items or transactions and identification of hedged risk, and the method for measuring the hedge effectiveness, are also documented. The Group expects that the hedge could offset the volatility of fair value and cash flow during the period under hedge. The Group also assesses the effectiveness of hedge, and makes sure the hedge is highly effective during the period.
- D. In the case where the hedge trading meets the criteria of hedge accounting, the accounting for hedging is set forth below:

a) Fair value hedge

The fair value hedge is used to mitigate the risk of a fair value change of the recognized assets or liabilities, unrecognized commitment, or designated part of such items, which could arise from certain specific risk and affect income. In a fair value hedge, the gain or loss on the hedged items arising from hedged risks are recognized in the income statement. The gain or loss on derivative financial instruments measured at fair value on the subsequent measurement is also recognized in the income statement.

For the fair value hedge associated with hedged items that are initially measured at amortized cost, the adjustment is amortized under effective interest method by the budging period and recognized in the income statement. The amortization begins either when the adjustment is recognized or when hedge accounting ceases to apply.

For the unrecognized commitment that is designated as a hedge item, the cumulative fair value changes due to hedged risk are classified as assets or liabilities and recognized in the income statement.

The Group discontinues hedge accounting when the hedging instrument is settled, sold, terminated or exercised, no longer qualifies for hedge since it does not meet the criteria of hedge relationship, or when the Group decides to revoke the designation.

b) Cash flow hedge

Cash flow hedge avoids risk of volatility in cash flow arising from specific risks associated with recognized assets or liabilities, or highly expected transaction which will affect income statement. The gain or loss that is attributable to effective hedge is recognized in equity directly and that is attributable to ineffective hedge is recognized in income statement.

In the case where the expected transaction being hedged is likely to result in the recognition of financial assets or financial liabilities, the gain or loss previously recognized directly as adjustments in equity is to be transferred to income statement as profit or loss in the period when such assets or liabilities affect net income. In other cases where the expected transaction under hedge is likely to result in the recognition of non-financial assets or

non-financial liabilities, the gain or loss previously recognized directly as adjustments in equity for such hedging instrument is treated as valuation adjustments to the book value of such assets or liabilities.

When the occurrence of the expected transaction is deemed unlikely, the accumulated profit or loss previously recognized as adjustments in equity is recognized as profit or loss for the period. When hedging instruments are matured, sold, terminated or executed, or when the Group cancelled designated hedging instruments under initial recognition, the accumulated amount previously recognized directly as adjustments in equity remains in equity as an adjustment item when such expected transaction does occur. However, when such expected transaction is not likely to occur, the accumulated amount is recognized in current income.

c) Hedge of net investment in a foreign operation Accounting for hedge of net investment in a foreign operation is similar to accounting for cash flow hedge. The hedge instruments are recognized directly in equity when deemed effective and recognized in the income statement when deemed ineffective. Cumulative gains or losses recognized as adjustments in equity are transferred to income statement upon disposal of foreign operation.

(24)Use of estimates

- A. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those assumptions and estimates.
- B.Accrued expenses are recorded at the amounts stated in the original supporting documents. Foreign port charges without supporting documents are estimated based on past records and period-end sailing schedules. Differences between the expenses actually incurred in the following year and the estimated accrued expenses are credited or charged to operating costs or expenses in the following year.

3.CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

(1)Effective January 1, 2006, the Group adopted the Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 34, "Accounting for Financial Instruments" and SFAS No. 36, "Presentation and Disclosure of Financial Instruments". All financial instruments on hand as of the effective date are recognized according to the following:

A. Transactions which were designated as a hedge prior to the effective date

For designated hedge transaction prior to the effective date which does not qualify for conditions of an effective hedge accounting is no longer applicable since the effective date. No retroactive adjustment is required for prior year accounting and relevant SFAS is to be complied with.

B. Accounting for derivative instruments

The Group recognizes all derivative financial instruments either as assets or liabilities at fair value. With the exception of those designated as hedging instruments, the difference between the carrying value and the fair value of all derivative financial instruments is recognized as cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles.

C. Accounting for financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss and amortized cost

The Group reclassified its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value and amortized
cost according to appropriated categories as of the effective date and measured each at fair
value and amortized cost, respectively. Difference between the carrying value and the fair
value of the financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss is recognized as
cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles. Difference between the carrying value
and the fair value of the financial instruments either measured at amortized cost or classified
under the available-for-sale financial instruments, and the derivatives which are associated
with cash flow hedge or net investment hedge for foreign operation are recognized directly in
equity.

D. Accounting for cash flow hedge

The Group reclassified the deferred income and loss incurred for cash flow hedge before the effective date that still qualify for conditions of an effective hedge since effective date to adjustment item in equity.

E. Accounting for the non-monetary assets denominated in foreign currency

The Group revalues the costs of its non-monetary assets denominated in foreign currencies originally carried at costs using the prevailing exchange rate at the trade date. Cumulative loss originally recognized in equity is then transferred to other financial assets.

The effects of the above changes in accounting principles on the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended December 31, 2006 are set forth as follows:

		Effect of Changes in Accounting Principles			Recognized as Adjustments in Equity				
		Pre tax		After tax		Pre tax	After tax		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	\$	97, 411	\$	91, 182	\$	-	\$	-	
Derivative financial assets held For hedging-current		-		-		169, 983		127, 487	
Available-for-sale financial assets—non current		-		-		72, 213		72, 213	
Held-to-maturity financial assets-non current		-		-		3, 799		2, 849	
Debt investment with no active market-non current		-		-	(367)	(367)	
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss-current	(251, 718)	(194, 552)		-		-	
Derivative financial liabilities held for hedging-non current		-		=	(75, 574)	(56, 681)	
Financial liabilities accounted for by the cost method-non current		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	(9, 004)	(9,004)	
Total	(<u>\$</u>	154, 307)	(<u>\$</u>	103, 370)	<u>\$</u>	161, 050	\$	136, 497	
Effect to earnings per share (EP	S): (Pre tax In dollars)		After tax					
Basic EPS	(\$	0.05)	(\$	0.03)					
Diluted EPS	(\$	0.05)	(\$	0. 03)					

Recognized as Cumulative

- (2)The difference between initial investment and the net worth of investees' equity for long-term investments under the equity method was amortized on a straight line basis over 5 years. Pursuant to the newly revised SFAS No. 5, "Accounting for Long-Term Investment in Equity Securities", effective January 1, 2006, such difference is recognized in accordance with the guidelines related to amortization of acquisition costs, as stated in SFAS No. 25 "Business combination-Purchase Price Accounting". Difference attributable to goodwill is no longer amortized. Such changes in accounting principles had no effect on net income and EPS for the year ended December 31, 2006.
- (3)Effective January 1, 2007, the Group adopted the Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 37, "Accounting for Intangible Assets". Such change in accounting principle had no effect on net income, EPS and total assets as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007.

4.<u>DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS</u>

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	December 31,					
		2007		2006		
Cash	\$	14, 064	\$	14, 306		
Checking accounts		36, 389		35, 092		
Demand deposits		28, 667		17, 960		
Foreign currency deposits		8, 347, 461		1, 705, 377		
Time deposits (New Taiwan dollars)		835, 500		1, 505, 300		
Time deposits (Foreign currencies)		12, 301, 275		6, 843, 788		
Add: Unrealized foreign exchange gain (loss)		38, 951	(21, 685)		
	\$	21, 602, 307	\$	10, 100, 138		

(2) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current

		Dece	ember 3	31,
		2007		2006
Financial assets held for trading				
Listed (TSE and OTC) stocks	\$	35, 113	\$	94, 081
Beneficiary certificates		1, 395, 832		2, 891, 242
Bond investments		-		13, 948
Interest rate swap (IRS)		12, 349		43, 654
Currency exchange swap (CCS)		7, 820		2, 942
Oil swap		54, 343		-
Structured financial instruments		329, 146		790, 916
		1, 834, 603		3, 836, 783
Adjustment of financial assets held for trading	(192, 366)		22, 412
	\$	1, 642, 237	\$	3, 859, 195

A. The Group recognized net loss of \$530,229 and gain of \$69,856 for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

B. As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, the outstanding interest rate swap contracts are set forth below:

	December 31, 2007						
	Contract period	Notional Amount		Carrying Value			
Interest rate swap	03.08~07.08	NTD	500,000	\$	844		
"	05.03~09.03	USD	10,000		2, 316		
"	04.07~09.07	USD	25,000		9, 189		
				\$	12, 349		

	December 31, 2006						
	Contract period	Notio	nal Amount	Carr	ying Value		
Interest rate swap	03.08~07.08	USD	5,000	\$	5, 239		
"	04.05~07.09	USD	2, 700		1, 882		
"	03.08~07.08	USD	7, 500		7, 862		
"	05.03~09.03	USD	10,000		5, 381		
"	04.05~07.05	USD	10,000		2, 586		
"	05.03~09.03	USD	15,000		6, 755		
"	04.07~09.07	USD	25,000		4, 474		
"	03.07~08.07	USD	7, 500		7, 049		
"	04.05~09.03	USD	7, 500		1,043		
"	06.01~07.12	USD	7, 059		1, 383		
				\$	43, 654		

C. As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, the outstanding currency exchange swap contracts are set forth below:

	December 31, 2007				
	Contract period	_Notio	nal Amount	Carrying Value	
Currency exchange swap	07.10~08.10	USD	48, 000	\$ 150	
"	07.11~08.11	USD	104, 000	6, 751	
"	07.11~09.05	USD	78, 000	798	
"	07.01~08.01	USD	24, 000	121	
				\$ 7,820	
		Dec	cember 31, 20	06	
	Contract period	<u>Notio</u>	nal Amount	Carrying Value	
Currency exchange swap	06.08~07.02	USD	3, 000	\$ 800	
"	06.08~07.03	USD	3, 000	1, 289	
"	06.09~07.09	USD	3, 000	205	
"	06.09~07.03	USD	3,000	648	
				\$ 2,942	

D. As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, the outstanding oil swap contracts are set forth below:

		December 31, 2007							
		Notional Quantity							
	<u>Contract period</u>	(Ton)	Carrying Value						
Oil swap	07.08~10.01	399, 230	\$ 4,961						
"	07.08~10.01	399, 230	12, 919						
"	07.08~10.01	399, 230	4, 293						
"	06.09~09.02	399, 230	16, 071						
"	06.09~09.02	399, 230	16, 099						
			\$ 54,343						

December 31, 2006: NONE.

E. As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, the contracts of structural financial instruments are set forth below:

		December 31, 2007				
		<u>Noti</u>	onal Amount	<u>C</u>	Carrying Value	
Structural financial instruments		USD	5, 730			
		JPY	508, 150	\$	220, 581	
				-		
			Decem	ber 3	31, 2006	
		Noti	onal Amount	<u>C</u>	Carrying Value	
Structural financial instruments		USD	22, 632			
		NTD	50,000	\$	776, 184	
(3)Derivative financial assets for hedgi	ng – current	t				
December 31, 2007: NONE.		_				
,			December 31,	200	06	
]	Notional Quantit	y		
	Contract p	<u>eriod</u>	(Ton)	_	Carrying Value	
Oil swap	06.09~(09.02	5, 00	0	<u>\$ 1,864</u>	
(4) Accounts receivable, net						
			Decen	nber	31,	
			2007		2006	
Non-related parties		\$	13, 088, 408	\$	11, 813, 706	
Add: Unrealized foreign exchange g	ain (loss)		4, 785	(1, 422)	
Less: Allowance for doubtful accour	nts	(5, 395)	(5, 290)	
			13, 087, 798		11, 806, 994	
Related parties			357, 193		384, 488	
Add: Unrealized foreign exchange g	ain	 	511		<u> </u>	
		\$	13, 445, 502	\$	12. 191. 482	

(5)Other receivables

\	December 31,				
		2007	-	2006	
Non-related parties					
Accrued income	\$	3, 987	\$	4,856	
Tax refundable		14, 210		13, 927	
Accounts receivable from disposal of investment		72, 413		284, 985	
Accounts receivable from disposal of property, plant and equipment		-		616, 459	
Current portion of long-term installment receivable		27, 841		275, 422	
Incentive from Kaohsiung Harbor Bureau		237, 002		-	
Others		877, 726		285, 759	
		1, 233, 179		1, 481, 408	
Related parties					
Others		111, 852		110, 706	
	\$	1, 345, 031	\$	1, 592, 114	
(6)Other financial assets – current					
		Decen	<u>nber 31</u>	•	
	-	2007		2006	
Future transaction margin	\$	105, 727	\$	106, 083	
(7) <u>Inventories</u>					
		Decen	nber 31		
		2007		2006	
Fuel	\$	1, 240, 019	\$	1, 929, 643	
Steel and others		762, 376		351, 473	
	\$	2, 002, 395	\$	2, 281, 116	
(8)Other current assets					
		Decen	<u>nber 31</u>	•	
		2007		2006	
Agency accounts	\$	2, 968, 366	\$	2, 460, 151	
Agency reciprocal accounts		19, 988		15, 644	
Temporary debits		72, 916		102, 974	
Others		205, 295		-	
	\$	3, 266, 565	\$	2, 578, 769	

A. Agency accounts

The Group has entered into agreements with foreign agents to deal with the port formalities related to foreign ports such as arrival and departure of ships, cargo loading, discharging and forwarding, collection of freight and payment of expenses incurred with foreign ports. The above transactions are booked in the agency accounts.

B. Agency reciprocal accounts

The Group has been appointed by Evergreen International S.A., Gaining Enterprise S.A., Greencompass Marine S.A., Italia Marittima S.P.A. and Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited and Evergreen Marine (Hong Kong) LTD. as their agent to pay the petty cash required by their vessels, crew salaries and insurance premiums in Taiwan. The above transactions are booked in the agency reciprocal accounts.

(9) Available-for-sale financial assets - non-current

	December 31,				
		2007	2006		
Listed (TSE and OTC) securities					
Central Reinsurance Corp.	\$	490, 801	\$ 490, 801		
Fubon Financial Holding Co., Ltd.		6, 187	7, 344		
		496, 988	498, 145		
Add: Valuation adjustment		275, 076	127, 343		
	\$	772, 064	\$ 625, 488		
(10)Financial assets carried at cost - non-current					
		nber 31,			
		2007	2006		
Non-listed securities	\$	5, 040, 770	\$ 5,709,762		

A. The Group's investment in non-listed securities were measured at cost since its fair value cannot be measured reliably.

B.In April 2007, Taishin International Telecommunication Co., Ltd. purchased publicly-listed shares of Taiwan Fixed Network Co. Ltd. The Company sold all its shares of Taiwan Fixed Network based on the purchase price of \$8.3 (in dollars) per share. The Company's investment cost was \$700,000, and the purchase price was \$581,000. As a result, a realized impairment loss of \$119,000 was recognized for the year ended December 31, 2007.

- C.In July 2007 and 2006, Power World Fund Inc. (PWF) reduced its capital at a conversion rate of 18.93% and 33.93%, respectively. The amount returned to the stockholders was \$10 (in dollars) par value per share. As a result of the capital reduction, the proceeds received by the Company based on its proportionate equity interest in PWF were \$3,409 and \$9,261, respectively, and the carrying amount of the Company's investment in PWF was written down by \$3,409 and \$9,261, respectively. No gain or loss was incurred.
- D.On December 24, 2007, the Company's Board of Directors passed a resolution to participate in the issuance of common stocks for cash by GRETEC Construction Corp. and acquire 3,500 thousand common shares at \$12.5 (in dollars) per share, resulting to a total investment of \$43,750 which is recorded under financial assets carried at cost.
- E.The shares of Classic Outlook Investment Ltd. and Everup Profits Ltd. have been pledged as collaterals for the loans borrowed by Clove Holding Ltd. Please refer to Notes D24 and F for details.

(11)Investments in bonds without active markets

		Coupon	 December 31,		1,
Item	Period	Rate	 2007		2006
Convertible Bond - Tungtex	03.10.05 ~	0%	\$ 11,640	\$	9,686
(Thailand)					
Public Company Limited	03.10.13				
Add: Unrealized exchange gain			 517		1, 445
			\$ 12, 157	\$	11, 131

- A. In 1997, the Company purchased US\$180 thousand of the convertible bonds issued by Tungtex (Thailand) Public Company Limited (Tungtex). As Tungtex encountered financial difficulties, it defaulted at maturity of the bonds. Accordingly, the Company fully recognized the losses on the bonds in 2001. Tungtex subsequently filed an application to the court for corporate restructuring and reached a consensus with the creditors to reissue the abovementioned bonds. The convertible bonds allocated to the Company were recorded at their face value of THB15,737 thousand (NT\$12,581 thousand), and the Company recognized \$12,581 thousand income under "non-operating income others" for the year ended December 31, 2005.
- B.For stock conversion right of the above convertible bonds, please refer to Note D.22.
- (12)Long-term equity investments accounted for under the equity method
 - A. Details of long-term equity investments accounted for under the equity method are set forth below:

	Percentage	Carrying	amount	
Investee company	of ownership	December 31,	December 31,	
	•	2007	2006	
Charng Yang Development Co., Ltd.	40.00 %	\$ 464, 831	\$ 434, 098	
Evergreen International Storage and				
Transport Corporation	39.74 %	7, 561, 859	7, 553, 108	
Evergreen Security Corporation	31.25 %	53, 677	48, 385	
EVA Airways Corp.	19.37 %	8, 559, 094	8, 937, 289	
Taipei Port Container Terminal Corporation	27.00 %	491, 319	225, 340	
Shanghai Jifa Logistics Co., Ltd.	21.06 %	276, 267	271, 003	
Ningbo Victory Container Co., Ltd.	40.00 %	72, 825	80, 629	
Qingdao Evergreen Container Storage and				
Transportation Co., Ltd.	40.00 %	192, 077	178, 169	
Kingtrans International Logistics (Tianjin)				
Co., Ltd.	40.00 %	133, 200	65, 089	
Luanta Investment (Netherlands) N.V.	50.00 %	508, 539	556, 264	
Balsam Investment (Netherlands) N.V.	49.00 %	5, 951, 433	5, 276, 207	
Evergreen Shipping Agency (Singapore) Pte.				
Ltd.	51.00 %	-	49, 572	
Evergreen Shipping Agency (Korea)				
Corporation	100.00 %	-	71, 684	
Evergreen Shipping Agency (Thailand) Co.,				
Ltd.	51.00 %	-	33, 766	
Colon Container Terminal S.A.	40.00 %	2, 068, 862	1, 883, 190	
PT. Evergreen Shipping Agency Indonesia	51.00 %	-	27, 592	
Evergreen Container Terminal (Thailand) Ltd.	48.18 %	800, 192	765, 499	
Evergreen Shipping Agency (India) Pte. Ltd.	99.99 %	-	1, 635	
Evergreen Shipping Agency (Australia) Pty				
Ltd.	51.00 %	-	9, 910	
Green Peninsula Agencies SDM. BHB	30.00 %	233, 028	<u> </u>	
Total		\$ 27, 367, 203	\$ 26, 468, 429	

B. Investment income (loss) accounted for under the equity method for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 is set forth below:

	Dece	ember 31, 2007	Dece	ember 31, 2006
Charng Yang Development Co., Ltd.	\$	37, 933	\$	32, 101
Evergreen International Storage and Transport				
Corporation		412, 598		255, 496
Evergreen Security Corporation		5, 292		7, 558
EVA Airways Corp.	(362, 585)	(346, 678)
Taipei Port Container Terminal Corporation	(2, 681)	(4, 486)
Toplogis Technology Corporation		-	(1, 809)
Shanghai Jifa Logistics Co., Ltd.		6, 390		13, 369
Ningbo Victory Container Co., Ltd.		15, 961		23, 592
Qingdao Evergreen Container Storage and				
Transportation Co., Ltd.		18, 000		16, 181
Kingtrans International Logistics (Tianjin) Co.,				
Ltd.	(1, 749)		-
Luanta Investment (Netherlands) N.V.	(158, 800)	(73, 782)
Balsam Investment (Netherlands) N.V.		88, 842	(1, 342, 442)
Evergreen Shipping Agency (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.		12, 514		10, 459
Evergreen Shipping Agency (Korea) Corporation		11, 318		7, 629
Evergreen Shipping Agency (Thailand) Co., Ltd.		29, 754		27, 010
Colon Container Terminal S.A.		10, 879		334, 121
PT. Evergreen Shipping Agency Indonesia		11, 497		4, 209
Evergreen Container Terminal (Thailand) Ltd.		31,066		72, 020
Evergreen Shipping Agency (India) Pte. Ltd.		15, 286		642
Evergreen Shipping Agency (Australia) Pty Ltd.		5, 296		7, 696
Total	\$	186, 811	(<u>\$</u>	957, 114)

- C.EGS, EGK, EMI, EGT, EGI, and EMA were acquired by Peony in December 31, 2007. As of December 31, 2007, Peony's equity interest were 51%, 100%, 51%, 51%, 99.99% and 51%. The subsidiaries' revenues and expenses were added in consolidanced financial statements from the control date.
- D.The investment income recognized for the above investees accounted for under the equity method was based on their financial statements audited by independent auditors for the corresponding periods except for Evergreen International Storage and Transport Corporation, Shanghai Jifa Logistics Co., Ltd., Ningbo Victory Container Co., Ltd., Qingdao Evergreen Container Storage and Transportation Co., Ltd. and Taipei Port Container Terminal Corporation. For the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, investment income of \$186,811 and investment loss of \$957,114 was recognized, respectively.

- E. On March 1, 2006, the Company's Board of Directors passed a resolution for the Company to infuse additional cash in EVA Airways Corp. as a shareholder. The Company subscribed 58,159 thousand shares at \$12 (in dollars) per share amounting to \$697,906. The ownership decreased to 19.37% after the additional cash infusion. Therefore, the retained earnings decreased by \$14,511. As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, percentage of ownership was 19.37%.
- F. On October 4, 2006, the Company's Board of Directors passed a resolution to sell all shareholdings in Toplogis Technology Corporation at \$2.1 (in dollars) per share. With a disposal price of \$2,100 and a carrying value of \$2,254, the Company incurred an investment loss of \$154.
- G.On April 19, 2007 and December 24, 2007, the Company and its subsidiary-Armand Estate (Netherlands) B.V.'s Board of Directors passed a resolution for the Company to infuse additional cash in Taipei Port Container Terminal Corporation as a shareholder. The Company subscribed 27,000 thousand shares at \$10 (in dollars) per share amounting to \$270,000. As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, percentage of ownership was 27%.
- H.On April 12, 2006, the Company's Board of Directors passed a resolution for its subsidiary-Peony and Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited to invest in Kingtrans International Logistics (Tianjin) Co., Ltd. The carrying amount was USD4,000,000, and the percentage of ownership was 40%.

(13)Other long-term investments

Membership fee and service charges paid to
Marshall golf country club
Membership fee paid to Mission Hills golf club
Others

	Decen	nber 3	1,
2007			2006
\$	312	\$	312
	3, 541		3, 590
	6, 603		_
\$	10, 456	\$	3, 902

(14)Property, plant and equipment, net

				Accumulated		
Asset		Initial cost		depreciation	N	et book value
Land	\$	2, 145, 939	\$	- -	\$	2, 145, 939
Buildings		2, 202, 217	(653, 209)		1, 549, 008
Loading / discharging equipment		8, 005, 496	(4, 221, 561)		3, 783, 935
Computer equipment		160, 932	(115, 637)		45, 295
Transportation equipment		25, 213, 975	(14, 085, 782)		11, 128, 193
Ships and equipment		59, 963, 219	(21, 350, 332)		38, 612, 887
Dock facilities		296, 619		-		296, 619
Office equipment		1, 755, 883	(1, 040, 531)		715, 352
		99, 744, 280	(41, 467, 052)		58, 277, 228
Prepayments for equipment		3, 861		<u>-</u>		3, 861
	\$	99, 748, 141	(\$	41, 467, 052)	\$	58, 281, 089
.			De	ecember 31, 2006 Accumulated		
Accet		Initial aget			NI	at haale walva
Asset	¢	Initial cost	_	depreciation		et book value
Land	\$	2, 166, 681	\$ (depreciation -	<u>N</u>	2, 166, 681
Land Buildings Loading / discharging	\$		\$ ((
Land Buildings	\$	2, 166, 681 2, 132, 335	(depreciation - 590, 949)		2, 166, 681 1, 541, 386
Land Buildings Loading / discharging equipment	\$	2, 166, 681 2, 132, 335 7, 836, 660	(depreciation - 590, 949) 3, 688, 695)		2, 166, 681 1, 541, 386 4, 147, 965
Land Buildings Loading / discharging equipment Computer equipment	\$	2, 166, 681 2, 132, 335 7, 836, 660 146, 249	(depreciation 590, 949) 3, 688, 695) 92, 135)		2, 166, 681 1, 541, 386 4, 147, 965 54, 114
Land Buildings Loading / discharging equipment Computer equipment Transportation equipment	\$	2, 166, 681 2, 132, 335 7, 836, 660 146, 249 21, 668, 445	(depreciation 590, 949) 3, 688, 695) 92, 135) 16, 388, 488)		2, 166, 681 1, 541, 386 4, 147, 965 54, 114 5, 279, 957
Land Buildings Loading / discharging equipment Computer equipment Transportation equipment Ships and equipment	S	2, 166, 681 2, 132, 335 7, 836, 660 146, 249 21, 668, 445 59, 925, 255	(depreciation 590, 949) 3, 688, 695) 92, 135) 16, 388, 488)		2, 166, 681 1, 541, 386 4, 147, 965 54, 114 5, 279, 957 40, 990, 961
Land Buildings Loading / discharging equipment Computer equipment Transportation equipment Ships and equipment Dock facilities	\$	2, 166, 681 2, 132, 335 7, 836, 660 146, 249 21, 668, 445 59, 925, 255 531, 633	(depreciation 590, 949) 3, 688, 695) 92, 135) 16, 388, 488) 18, 934, 294)		2, 166, 681 1, 541, 386 4, 147, 965 54, 114 5, 279, 957 40, 990, 961 531, 633
Land Buildings Loading / discharging equipment Computer equipment Transportation equipment Ships and equipment Dock facilities	\$	2, 166, 681 2, 132, 335 7, 836, 660 146, 249 21, 668, 445 59, 925, 255 531, 633 306, 358		depreciation 590, 949) 3, 688, 695) 92, 135) 16, 388, 488) 18, 934, 294) 233, 628)		2, 166, 681 1, 541, 386 4, 147, 965 54, 114 5, 279, 957 40, 990, 961 531, 633 72, 730

A. All the aforementioned ships and equipment have been insured based on the market value of each vessel or the requirement of the creditor banks. As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, the insurance coverage amounted to USD1,054,872 and USD1,675,260, respectively. In addition, the ships were covered by the protection and indemnity insurance with GARD. The indemnity amounts were unlimited except for oil pollution which was limited to USD 8 billion as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

- B. The Group's loading/discharging equipment has been covered by the general insurance for construction machinery with insurance coverage amounting to \$6,514,031 and \$6,474,428 as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The fire insurance coverage for office equipment and building were \$2,659,986 and \$3,976,419 as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively. Container facilities were insured with full coverage amounting to USD272,146 and USD703,448 as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively.
- C. The Group entered into a construction agreement with Kaohsiung Harbor Bureau to complete the extension project of Pier No. 116 of Kaohsiung Harbor. The Group is entitled to use the port free of charge for 16 years commencing from the date of completion. Upon expiration of the 16-year period, the Group is obliged to return the port to the Bureau but has the priority to lease the port. The construction project was reclassified to dock facilities upon its completion on January 1, 1992, and is amortized on a straight-line basis over 16 years with the amortization charged to loading/discharging expenses.
- D. The Group entered into a construction agreement with Kaohsiung Harbor Bureau to complete the extension project of Piers No. 79~81 of Kaohsiung Harbor. The Group is entitled to use the ports free of charge for 10 years commencing from the date of completion. Upon expiration of the 10-year period, the Group is obliged to return the ports to the Bureau but has the priority to lease the ports. The construction project was reclassified to dock facilities upon its completion in the beginning of 2000, and is amortized on a straight-line basis over 10 years with the amortization charged to loading/discharging expenses.

(15)Long-term installment receivables

	December 31,						
		2007	2006				
Receivables from sales of vessels	\$	69, 770	\$	371, 367			
Less: Unrealized foreign exchange loss	(4, 807)	(21, 451)			
		64, 963		349, 916			
Less: Current portion	(27, 841)	(275, 422)			
Long-term installment receivables, net	\$	37, 122	\$	74, 494			

A. The above installment receivables were derived from the sale of four vessels, GLEE, GLOW, GRUP and GALT, in 2001 and 2002 with a total price of USD54,648. The interest charged on the receivables is LIBOR (London InterBank Offered Rate) plus 1.5%. As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, the accrued amount of the receivables was USD2,000 and USD10,737, respectively.

B. As of December 31, 2007, details of the long-term installment receivables to be collected in the following years are as follows (expressed in thousand dollars):

Term		Amount			
Within 1 year	USD	857			
1~2 years		1, 143			
	USD	2,000			
(16)Short-term loans					
	December 31,				
	2007		2006		
Unsecured loans	\$	98, 723	\$	834, 000	
Interest rate	1.75%~5.41%		1.69%~1.73%		
(17) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or	loss – c	<u>urrent</u>			
	December 31,				
	2007		2006		
Financial liabilities held for trading					
Interest rate swap	\$	3, 542	\$	33, 734	
Oil swap		350, 037		186, 522	
Currency exchange swap		801, 696		14, 822	
Foreign exchange rate swap		289, 230		234, 388	
	\$	1, 444, 505	\$	469, 466	

- A.The Group recognized net loss of \$384,157 and \$102,771 for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively.
- B. As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, the outstanding interest rate swap contracts are set forth below:

	December 31, 2007					
	Contract period	Notional Amount		Carrying Value		
Interest rate swap	05.03~09.03	USD	15,000	\$	562	
"	03.11~08.11	USD	20,000		357	
"	03.07~08.07	NTD	500,000		7, 454	
"	99.09~08.03	USD	55,000		250	
"	03.07~08.07	USD	15,000	(3, 495)	
"	04.05~09.03	USD	12,000	(650)	
"	06.01~11.05	USD	22, 352	(916)	
"	06.01~11.05	USD	22, 352	(750)	
"	05.12~08.07	USD	22, 500		730	
				\$	3, 542	

		December 31, 2006					
	Contract period	Notio	nal Amount	Car	rying Value		
Interest rate swap	02.07~07.07	NTD	125,000	\$	856		
"	03.11~08.11	USD	20,000		193		
"	03.07~08.07	NTD	500,000		23, 754		
"	03.08~08.08	NTD	500,000		3, 838		
"	99.09~08.03	USD	9, 706		2,061		
"	06.01~11.05	USD	14, 776		1, 333		
"	06.01~11.05	USD	14, 776		1, 306		
"	05.12~08.07	USD	15,000		393		
				\$	33, 734		

C. As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, the outstanding oil swap contracts are set forth below:

ember 31, 2007 and	d 2006, the outstanding of	1		h below:
		December 31, 2007	'	
	Contract period	Notional Quantity (Ton)	Ca	rrying Value
Oil swap	07.07~09.12	399, 230	\$	347, 246
"	07.11~10.04	399, 230		2, 791
			\$	350, 037
		December 31, 2006	<u>, </u>	
		Notional Quantity		
	Contract period	(Ton)	Car	rrying Value
Oil swap	05.02~07.06	10, 000	\$	-
"	05.04~07.06	5,000		-
"	06.08~09.01	7, 692		109, 738
"	07.01~09.06	7, 692		76, 784
			\$	186, 522

D. As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, the outstanding currency exchange swap contracts are set forth below:

	December 31, 2007					
	Contract period	Notio	nal Amount	Carrying Value		
Currency exchange swap	07.04~08.04	USD	24,000	\$	1, 627	
"	07.04~08.05	USD	24,000		1, 896	
"	07.05~08.05	USD	24,000		2, 689	
"	07.07~08.07	EUR	6,000		72, 082	
"	07.07~08.07	EUR	6,000		72, 440	
"	07.08~08.07	USD	52,000		36, 685	
"	07.08~08.08	USD	24,000		5, 766	
"	07.09~08.09	USD	24,000		8, 120	
"	07.09~08.09	USD	24,000		6, 163	
"	07.09~08.09	USD	24,000		4, 932	
"	07.09~08.09	USD	24,000		6, 178	
"	07.10~08.10	USD	52,000		32, 261	
"	07.10~09.10	EUR	48,000		40, 181	
"	07.10~09.10	EUR	24,000		16, 866	
"	07.10~09.10	EUR	24,000		15, 281	
"	07.11~09.11	USD	104, 000		57, 437	
"	07.12~08.12	USD	104, 000		35, 470	
"	07.05~10.05	USD	36,000		303, 964	
"	07.10~09.10	USD	48,000		12,018	
"	07.10~09.10	USD	48,000		12, 826	
"	07.11~09.11	USD	104, 000	(148)	
"	07.11~08.11	USD	104, 000	(2, 638)	
"	07.11~09.11	USD	104, 000		59, 600	
				\$	801, 696	
		Dece	mber 31, 2006	5		
	Contract period	<u>Notio</u>	nal Amount	<u>Car</u>	rying Value	
Currency exchange swap	03.04~07.03	USD	6, 250	\$	7, 195	
"	03.04~07.03	USD	2,500		2, 775	
"	06.12~07.12	USD	12,000		4, 852	
				\$	14, 822	

E. As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, the outstanding foreign exchange rate swap contracts are set forth below:

		Decem	ber 31, 2007	
	Contract period	l Noti	onal Amount	Carrying Value
Foreign exchange rate swap	06.12~11.12	USD	162,000	\$ 221, 027
"	04.05~09.05	EUR	25, 000	68, 188
"	01.10~07.08	USD	2,000	15
				\$ 289, 230
		Dece	ember 31, 200)6
	Contract period	l Noti	onal Amount	Carrying Value
Foreign exchange rate swap	04.05~09.05		30,000	\$ 27, 431
"	03.08~11.12	USD	716, 000	206, 810
"	06.12~07.12	USD	6,000	147
				\$ 234, 388
(18)Derivative financial liabilities for l	nedging – current			
		<u>-</u> "	ember 31, 200)7
	Contract period	l Noti	onal Amount	Carrying Value
Interest rate swap	03.06~08.06	NTD	300, 000	\$ 2,335
<i>"</i>	03.06~08.06	NTD	200, 000	1, 557
				\$ 3,892
		Dece	ember 31, 200)6
		Notio	onal Quantity	
	Contract period	<u> </u>	(Ton)	Carrying Value
Oil swap	06.09~09.02		5, 000	\$ 84, 462
<i>"</i>	06.09~09.02		5, 000	95, 153
<i>"</i>	06.11~09.04		5, 000	46, 705
"	06.11~09.04		5, 000	25, 449
				<u>\$ 251, 769</u>
(19) <u>Accrued expenses</u>				
	_		Decembe	er 31,
	_	200)7	2006
Accrued expenses	\$	8,	149, 193 \$	12, 660, 486
Estimated accrued expenses		3,	182, 078	3, 742, 706
Less: Unrealized foreign exchange	e gain (_		12, 721) (7, 522)

The estimated accrued expenses represent the estimated expenses to be incurred with the foreign agents and on the agency services rendered by the Group to the foreign marine transportation companies. The estimated accrued expenses as of December 31, 2006 was \$3,724,730, of which \$2,204,030 was reversed as of December 31, 2007, constituting 59.17% of the estimated amount. The estimated accrued expenses as of December 31, 2005 was \$2,544,448, of which \$2,165,779 was reversed as of December 31, 2006, constituting 85.12% of the estimated amount.

(20)Long-term liabilities due within one year

	December 31,					
Corporate bonds payable		2007	2006			
	\$	1, 500, 000	\$	4, 134, 400		
Long-term bank loans		1, 748, 274		1, 340, 000		
Long-term loans by its subsidiary		1, 512, 938		1, 803, 180		
	\$	4, 761, 212	\$	7, 277, 580		

(21)Derivative financial liabilities for hedging - non-current

December 31, 2007: None.

		December 31, 2006					
	Contract period	<u>Notio</u>	nal Amount	Carrying Value			
Interest rate swap	03.06~08.06	NTD	300,000	\$	6, 926		
"	03.06~08.06	NTD	200,000		4, 624		
"	02.08~07.06	NTD	80,000		394		
				\$	11, 944		

(22) Financial liabilities carried at cost - non-current

			Decen	<u>iber 31,</u>
	Item	Period	2007	2006
Stock Conversion	Tuntex (Thailand) Public Company	03.10.13	<u>\$ 9,004</u>	<u>\$ 9,004</u>
Right	Limited		· <u> </u>	

The above financial liability is the embedded stock conversion right obtained by the Company through acquisition of convertible corporate bond issued by Tuntex (Thailand) Public Company Limited (TUNTEX) during the first quarter of 2005. As stated in the terms of the agreement, TUNTEX can choose either to pay back by cash at face value of corporate bonds (THB15,737 thousand dollars) or convert to stock on the maturity date. On initial acquisition, such transaction was not recorded separately, and subsequently measured at cost using the historical exchange rate.

(23)Corporate bonds payable

	December 31,						
	2007			2006			
Secured corporate bonds	\$	1, 500, 000	\$	4,000,000			
Unsecured corporate bonds		797, 000		3, 116, 200			
Add: Accrued interest compensation	-	4, 964		9, 614			
		2, 301, 964		7, 125, 814			
Less: Current portion	(1, 500, 000)	(4, 134, 400)			
	\$	801, 964	\$	2, 991, 414			

A.On January 12, 2004, the Company issued its first unsecured domestic convertible bonds (referred herein as the "Bonds") at face value, totaling \$4 billion. The major terms of the issuance are set forth below:

- a) Period: 5 years (January 12, 2004 to January 11, 2009)
- b) Coupon rate: 0% per annum
- c) Principal repayment and interest payment

Unless the Bonds are redeemed, repurchased, resold, converted or deregistered before maturity, or other events occur due to regulatory reasons, the principal of the Bonds shall be repaid in lump sum by cash at maturity based on the face value of the Bonds.

d) Collaterals

The Bonds are unsecured. However, if the Company subsequently issues other convertible bonds secured with collaterals, the rights of the bondholders to claim their credits and the collaterals are set at the same rank as the holders of the convertible bonds issued subsequently.

- e) Redemption of the Company's option
 - (a) During the period from 3 months after the issuance of the Bonds to 40 days before the maturity of the Bonds, if the closing price of the Company's common stock at the Taiwan Stock Exchange is equal to or more than 50% of the conversion price for a period of 30 consecutive trading days, the Company may redeem 100% of the outstanding bonds in cash at the redemption price calculated based on the predetermined yield rate on redemption within 30 trading days after the abovementioned 30 consecutive trading days. The yield rate on redemption is 0.20% per annum during the period from 3 months to 3 years after the Bonds' issuance. During the period from 3 years after the Bonds' issuance to 40 days before the maturity of the Bonds, the Bonds are redeemable at their face value.
 - (b) During the period from 3 months after the issuance of the Bonds to 40 days before the maturity of the Bonds, if the total amount of the Bonds outstanding after the

conversion by the bondholders is less than \$400 million (10% of the total issued amount), the Company may redeem the outstanding bonds in cash in accordance with the terms stated in Paragraph (a) above.

(c) When the Company issues its redemption notice, if the bondholders do not reply before the effective redemption date, the Company may convert the bonds held by those bondholders into common stock at the conversion price in effect at the expiration of the notice period.

f) Redemption of the bondholders' option

During the period from 30 days before the 3-year maturity of the Bonds to the date of maturity, the bondholders may require the Company to redeem their bonds in cash at the face value plus interest compensation (i.e. 100.60% of the face value with a yield rate of 0.20% per annum).

g) Terms on conversion

(a) Conversion period

The bondholders may convert the Bonds into the Company's common stock during the period from 3 months after the Bonds are issued to 10 days before the maturity of the Bonds.

The bondholders are prohibited from exercising their conversion right during the period from 3 trading days before the announcement of cash or stock dividends to the date of distribution of the cash or stock dividends.

(b) Conversion price

The conversion price is the lowest among the three average closing prices of the Company's common stock during the 10, 15 and 20 trading days before October 3, 2003 multiplied by 115%. If any cash or stock dividends are distributed before October 3, 2003, the closing price used in the computation of the conversion price must be adjusted for the effect of the dividend distribution. If any cash or stock dividends are distributed during the period from the date on which the conversion price is set to the date on which the Bonds are converted, the conversion price is required to be adjusted in accordance with the adjusting formula specified in the bond agreement. The conversion price at the issuance of the Bonds was set at \$28.60 (in dollars). On December 31, 2007, the adjusted conversion price was \$21.85 (in dollars).

h) Others

(a) Entitlement to cash dividends

The bondholders who request to convert the Bonds on a date which is more than 3

trading days before the announcement of cash dividends are entitled to the cash dividends resolved by the stockholders in the current year.

The bondholders who request to convert the Bonds 3 trading days before the announcement of cash dividends or later are not entitled to the cash dividends resolved by the stockholders in the current year, but are entitled to the cash dividends resolved by the stockholders in the following year.

- (b) The affiliated companies of the Company may subscribe the Bonds, but do not have the right to convert the Bonds into the Company's common stock.
- B.On September 6, 2004, the Company issued its second unsecured domestic convertible bonds (referred herein as the "Second Bonds") at face value, totaling \$4.5 billion. The major terms of the issuance are set forth below:
 - a) Period: 5 years (September 6, 2004 to September 5, 2009)
 - b) Coupon rate: 0% per annum
 - c) Principal repayment and interest payment

Unless the Second Bonds are redeemed, repurchased, resold, converted or deregistered before maturity, or other events occur due to regulatory reasons, the principal of the Second Bonds shall be repaid in lump sum by cash at maturity based on the face value of the Second Bonds.

d) Collaterals

The Second Bonds are unsecured. However, if the Company subsequently issues other convertible bonds secured with collaterals, the rights of the holders of the Second Bonds to claim their credits and the collaterals are set at the same rank as the holders of the convertible bonds issued subsequently.

- e) Redemption of the Company's option
 - (a) During the period from 3 months after the Second Bonds are issued to 40 days before the maturity of the Second Bonds, if the closing price of the Company's common stock at the Taiwan Stock Exchange is equal to or more than 50% of the conversion price for a period of 30 consecutive trading days, the Company may redeem the outstanding bonds in cash at the face value of the Second Bonds within 30 trading days after the abovementioned 30 consecutive trading days.
 - (b) During the period from 3 months after the Second Bonds are issued to 40 days before the maturity of the Second Bonds, if the total amount of the Second Bonds outstanding after the conversion by the bondholders is less than \$450 million (10% of the total issued amount), the Company may redeem the outstanding bonds at their face value any time during the 40 days before the maturity of the Second Bonds.

(c) When the Company issues its redemption notice, if the bondholders do not reply before the effective redemption date, the Company may convert the bonds held by those bondholders into common stock at the conversion price in effect at the expiration of the notice period.

f) Redemption of the bondholders' option

During the period from 30 days before the 3.5-year maturity of the Second Bonds to the date of maturity, the bondholders may require the Company to redeem their bonds in cash at the face value.

g) Terms on conversion

(a) Conversion period

The bondholders may convert the Second Bonds into the Company's common stock during the period from 1 month after the Second Bonds are issued to 10 days before the maturity of the Second Bonds.

The bondholders are prohibited from exercising their conversion right during the period from 3 trading days before the announcement of cash or stock dividends to the date of distribution of the cash or stock dividends.

(b) Conversion price

The conversion price can be any of the three average closing prices of the Company's common stock during the 1, 3 and 5 trading days before August 24, 2004 multiplied by 103%. If any cash or stock dividends are distributed before August 24, 2004, the closing price used in the computation of the conversion price must be adjusted for the effect of the dividend distribution. If any cash or stock dividends are distributed during the period from the date on which the conversion price is set to the date on which the Second Bonds are converted, the conversion price is required to be adjusted in accordance with the adjusting formula specified in the bond agreement. The conversion price at the issuance of the Second Bonds was set at \$28.50 (in dollars). On December 31, 2007, the adjusted conversion price was \$18.27 (in dollars).

h) Entitlement to cash dividends

The bondholders who request to convert the Second Bonds during the period from January 1 of the current year to any date which is more than 3 trading days before the announcement of cash or stock dividends are entitled to the cash or stock dividends resolved by the stockholders in the current year. Conversion of the Second Bonds is prohibited during the period from 3 trading days before the announcement of cash or stock dividends to the ex-dividend date.

The bondholders who request to convert the Second Bonds during the period from the date following the ex-dividend date to December 31 of the current year are not entitled to the cash or stock dividends resolved by the stockholders in the current year, but are entitled to the cash or stock dividends resolved by the stockholders in the following year.

(24)Long-term loans

	December 31,				
		2007		2006	
Secured bank loans	\$	2, 388, 569	\$	1, 333, 333	
Unsecured bank loans		19, 508, 381		20, 005, 461	
Add: exchange loss		6, 253		<u>-</u> _	
		21, 903, 203		21, 338, 794	
Less: Current portion	(3, 261, 212)	(3, 143, 180)	
Others		3, 220, 897		2, 835, 585	
	\$	21, 862, 888	\$	21, 031, 199	
Interest rate		2.18%~6.60%	2	2.18%~6.60%	

Please refer to Note 6 for details of the collaterals pledged for the above long term loans. The above long-term loans \$2,826,058 is its subsidiary – CLOVE financed form Edge ware Profits Ltd. for Classic Outlook Investment Ltd. and Ever up Profits Ltd.'s equity. And the above stocks of them were secured with collaterals.

(25)Pension liabilities

A. The Labor Pension Act ("the Act"), which adopts a defined contribution scheme, took effect from July 1, 2005. In accordance with the Act, employees of the Company and its subsidiary-TTSC may elect to be subject to either the Act, and maintain their seniority before the enforcement of the Act, or the pension mechanism of the Labor Standards Law. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement. The Company and its subsidiary-TTSC contribute monthly an amount equal to 9.6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Trust Division of Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent retirement fund committee.

(1) Actuarial assumptions

	For the year ended	For the year ended
	December 31, 2007	December 31, 2006
Discount rate	3.25%	3.25%
Increase in future salary level	2.00%	1.50%
Expected rate of return on plan assets	3.25%	3.25%

(2) The Company and its subsidiary-TTSC's pension fund is deposited in an exclusive account with the Trust Division of Bank of Taiwan. Reconciliation of the funded status of the plan to the carrying amount of accrued pension liability is as follows:

	December 31,				
		2007		2006	
Benefit obligation					
Vested benefit obligation (VBO)	(\$	261, 733)	(\$	237, 044)	
Non-vested benefit obligation	(1, 024, 794)	(1, 004, 445)	
Accumulated benefit obligation (ABO)	(1, 289, 527)	(1, 241, 489)	
Effects of future salary increments	(164, 985)	(148, 744)	
Projected benefit obligation (PBO)	(1, 454, 512)	(1, 390, 233)	
Fair value of plan assets		569, 304		525, 163	
Funded status	(885, 208)	(865, 070)	
Unrecognized net transition obligation		130, 118		156, 019	
Unamortized prior service cost		20, 895		22, 502	
Unrecognized loss on plan assets		541, 138		554, 655	
Additional accrued pension liability	(527, 166)	(584, 432)	
Accrued pension liability	(<u>\$</u>	720, 223)	(\$	716, 326)	
(3) The pension costs comprise the following:					
		the year ended		or the year ended	
		cember 31, 2007		ecember 31, 2006	
Service cost	\$	65,284	\$	121, 726	
Interest cost		44, 310		34, 848	
Expected return on plan assets	(16, 932)	(15, 718)	
Deferred amortization					
Unrecognized net transition obligation		25, 900		25, 900	
Prior service cost		1, 607		1, 607	
Unrecognized loss on plan assets		31, 538		18, 234	
Net pension costs	\$	151, 707	\$	186, 597	

B.Effective July 1, 2005, the Company and its subsidiary - TTSC established a funded defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act. Employees have the option to be covered under the New Plan. Under the New Plan, the Company and its subsidiary-TTSC contribute monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are portable when the employment is terminated.

C.The pension costs under the defined contribution pension plan for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 were \$175,224 and \$200,989, respectively.

(26)Capital stock

- A. As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, the Company's authorized capital was \$36,000,000 for both years, and the paid-in capital was \$30,338,695 and \$29,159,293, respectively, divided into 3,033,870 thousand and 2,915,929 thousand shares of common stocks, respectively, with a par value of \$10 per share.
- B. On June 23, 2006, the Company's stockholders resolved to increase capital by capitalizing \$1,907,617 of retained earnings. Accordingly, 190,762 thousand new shares were issued with a par value of \$10 per share. The Company's capital stock after the capital increase amounted to \$29,159,293. The capital increase was approved by the Financial Supervisory Commission of Executive Yuan on July 12, 2006 as per Letter Jin-Kuan-Zheng-(1)-Zi No. 0950130032 with the effective capital increase date set on August 20, 2006.
- C. Details of the common stock converted from the unsecured domestic convertible bonds issued by the Company for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 are set forth below:

	For the years ended December 31,					
	2007			2006		
			_	No. of		
	No. of Shares			Shares		
	(in '000)		Amount	(in '000)		Amount
First unsecured convertible bonds	45, 899	\$	458, 990	-	\$	_
Second unsecured convertible bonds	72, 041		720, 412	17, 643		176, 430
	117, 940	\$1	, 179, 402	17, 643	\$	176, 430

(27)Capital surplus

The Securities and Exchange Act Law requires that capital reserve shall be exclusively used to cover accumulated deficit or to increase capital and shall not be used for any other purpose. However, capital reserve arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stock and donations can be capitalized once a year, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit and the amount to be capitalized does not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital.

(28) Appropriation of retained earnings and dividend policy

A. The sections of the Company's Articles of Incorporation applicable to the appropriation of the 2005 earnings are as follows:

According to Article 26 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation, if there is any profit for a fiscal year, the Company shall first make provision for income tax, and cover prior years' losses, then appropriate 10% of the residual amount as legal reserve. Dividends shall be proposed by the Board of Directors and resolved by the stockholders. Bonuses paid to employees shall be at least 1% of the total distributed amount and the remuneration paid to the

directors and supervisors shall not exceed 5% of the total distributed amount. The Company is currently at the stable growth stage. To facilitate future expansion plans, distribution to stockholders shall be in the form of both cash and stocks with proportions at 0%~50% and 100%~50%, respectively. To maintain the Company's earnings per share at a certain level and in consideration of the impact of stock dividends on the Company's financial performance, the proportions of cash and estimated earnings per share for the year in which the dividends are distributed decrease by more than 20% compared to prior year. The Company can also adjust the cash and stock dividends with proportions at 100%~50% and 0%~50%, respectively, based on the Company's financial situation.

B. On June 23, 2006, the Company's Board of Stockholders resolved to amend the Company's policy on dividends and distribution of earnings effective 2006. The newly revised policies are as follows:

According to Article 26 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation, if there is any profit for a fiscal year, the Company shall first make provision for income tax, and cover prior years' losses, then appropriate 10% of the residual amount as legal reserve. Dividends shall be proposed by the Board of Directors and resolved by the stockholders. Bonuses paid to employees shall be at least 0.5% of the total distributed amount and the remuneration paid to the directors and supervisors shall not exceed 5% of the total distributed amount. The Company is currently at the stable growth stage. In order to facilitate future expansion plans, dividends to stockholders are distributed mutually in the form of both cash and stocks with the basic principle that the ratio of cash dividends to total stock dividends shall not be lower than 10%.

C. Legal reserve

Pursuant to the Company Law, the Company is required to set aside 10% of its annual after-tax net income as legal reserve until the balance of such reserve equals the Company's paid-in capital. Utilization of the legal reserve is limited to offsetting deficit and capital increase. Appropriation of the legal reserve as cash dividends is prohibited.

D. Special reserve

If there is any negative stockholders' equity item recorded by the Company, such as unrealized loss on the decline in market value of long-term equity investments and cumulative translation adjustments, the Company is required to set aside an amount equal to the amount of the negative stockholders' equity item as special reserve from the after-tax net income. If the negative stockholders' equity items are subsequently reversed, an amount not exceeding the reversed amount can be appropriated from the special reserve.

E. Appropriation of the 2006 and 2005 earnings as resolved by the stockholders on June 27, 2007 and June 23, 2006, respectively, is set forth below:

			Divide	nd Pe	r Share	
_	Appropri	ated Earnings	(in dollars)			
_	2006	2005	2006		2005	
Cash dividends to common stockholders	\$877, 045	\$4, 905, 302	\$0.30	\$	1.80	
Stock dividends to common stockholders	-	1, 907, 617	-		0.70	
Cash bonus to employees	33, 620	70,000				
Remuneration to directors and supervisors	7, 000	60, 400				

Appropriation of the 2006 and 2005 earnings were calculated using the following formula. After distributing the bonus to employees and the remuneration to directors and supervisors, the after-tax basic earnings per share for 2006 and 2005 decreased to \$0.14 from \$0.13 and to \$4.23 from \$4.19, respectively.

 $\label{lem:come-constraint} After-tax\ net\ income-Cash\ bonus\ to\ employees-Remuneration\ to\ directors\ and\ Formula\ :\ supervisors$

Weighted-average number of outstanding shares (After retroactive adjustment)

$$=(411,580-33,620-7,000)/2,911,327$$
 thousand shares=\$0.13

$$=(12,223,911-70,000-60,400)/2,886,869$$
 thousand shares =\$4.19

F. Information relating to the appropriation of the Company's 2007 earnings as proposed by the Board of Directors and resolved by the stockholders in 2008 is published on the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(29)Operating revenues

	For the years ended December 31,				
	2007			2006	
Marine freight income	\$	133, 285, 318	\$	128, 862, 289	
Ship rental income		7, 234, 897		17, 990, 165	
Commission income and Agency service income		109, 413		116, 958	
Container manufacturing income		2, 338, 463		1, 833, 136	
Others		1, 956, 366		1, 274, 205	
	\$	144, 924, 457	\$	150, 076, 753	

(30) Expenses relating to personnel, depreciation, depletion and amortization

Personnel, depreciation, depletion and amortization expenses are summarized as follows:

, 1	For the year ended December 31, 2007					7	
	O	perating cost	<u>Op</u>	erating expense		Total	
Personnel expenses							
Salaries	\$	1, 574, 729	\$	1, 163, 103	\$	2, 737, 832	
Labor and health insurance		38, 032		64, 816		102, 848	
Pension		121, 314		91, 835		213, 149	
Others		118, 575		35, 039		153, 614	
Depreciation		3, 856, 378		845, 759		4, 702, 137	
Depletion		-		-		-	
Amortization		626, 053		27, 101		653, 154	
		For the year ended December 31			1, 2006		
	0	perating cost	Ope	erating expense		Total	
Personnel expenses			-				
Salaries	\$	1, 984, 539	\$	1, 071, 788	\$	3, 056, 327	
Labor and health insurance		45, 946		65, 299		111, 245	
Pension		124, 438		103, 633		228, 071	
Others		135, 492		43, 872		179, 364	
Depreciation		3, 694, 167		1, 363, 128		5, 057, 295	
Depletion		-		-		-	
Amortization		206, 436		49, 952		256, 388	
(31) <u>Income tax</u>							
				the years ended	Dece		
			2	2007		2006	
Income tax expense		\$		1, 411, 168 \$		84, 958	
Add (Less):							
Prepaid and withholding tax	es	(468, 284) (602, 258)	
Separate income tax		(337) (111)	
Adjustments for changes in t	ax est	timates		105, 284		110, 560	
Net change in deferred incor	Net change in deferred income tax assets			499, 063)		1, 201, 079	
Changes in accounting princ	iples			- (50, 937)	
Income tax effect arising fro	-	iity		•			
adjustments	1			64, 488 (64, 513)	
Income tax payable		\$		613, 256 \$		678, 778	

A. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities

	December 31,					
	2007			2006		
Deferred income tax assets	<u>\$</u>	507, 350	\$	480, 388		
Deferred income tax liabilities	(<u>\$</u>	2, 072, 708)	(\$	1, 546, 388)		
Valuation allowance	(\$	827)	(\$	1, 122)		

B. Details of temporary differences, resulting in deferred income tax assets and liabilities are as follows:

		Dece	ember 31,			
		2007	2006			
	Amount	Tax effect	Amount	Tax effect		
Current items:						
Bad debts	\$ 556	\$ 139	\$ 786	\$ 197		
Unrealized foreign exchange (gain) loss	(146, 400)	(39,054)	16, 282	4,071		
Foreign dividends	-	-	3, 742	936		
Loss (gain) on valuation of						
financial assets	81, 025	20, 256	(50, 081)	(12, 520)		
Loss (gain) on valuation of						
financial liabilities	1, 014, 844	253, 711	431, 511	107, 876		
Loss (gain) on valuation of financial						
liabilities for hedging	3, 892	973	-	-		
Loss (gain) on valuation of financial						
assets for hedging	-	-	(1,864)	(466)		
Others	126, 748	31, 687	-			
		\$ 267,712		\$ 100,094		
Non-current items:						
Unrealized investment loss	-	_	1, 300	325		
Deferred income on disposal of						
shipping equipment	581, 152	145, 288	1, 044, 603	261, 151		
Unrealized expenses and losses	20, 736	6,056	19, 923	4, 981		
Pension expense	193, 058	48, 265	131, 894	32, 974		
Loss on valuation of financial						
liabilities for hedging	-	-	263, 714	65,929		
Property, plant and equipment	3, 249	975	(108, 397)	(27,099)		
Others	(120, 860)	(30, 214)	(13, 404)	(3,351)		
Equity-accounted investment income	(8,007,681)	(2,003,440)	(6,004,017)	(1,501,004)		
Valuation allowance		(827)		(1, 122)		
		(<u>\$1, 833, 897</u>)		(<u>\$1, 167, 216</u>)		

- C. The 2006 and 2005 earnings which were not distributed had been assessed the 10% surtax amounting to \$0 and \$406,741, respectively.
- D. As of December 31, 2007, the Company's income tax returns through 2005 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.
- E. Unappropriated retained earnings

	_Dec	<u>December 31, 2007</u>		ember 31, 2006
Earnings generated in and before 1997	\$	5, 570, 596	\$	5, 570, 596
Earnings generated in and after 1998		18, 273, 064		8, 850, 185
	\$	23, 843, 660	\$	14, 420, 781

F. As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, the balance of the imputation tax credit account was \$2,514,432 and \$1,605,161, respectively. The creditable tax rate was 11.98% for 2006 and is estimated to be 24.45% for 2007.

(32)Earnings per share

(32) <u>Lamings per snare</u>									
		For the year ended December 31, 2007							
	An	Amount		Earnings per share (in dollars)					
	Before tax	After tax	outstanding common shares	Bef	ore tax		ter tax		
Basic earnings per share									
Consolidated net income from									
continuing operations	\$13, 434, 845	\$12, 023, 677	2, 943, 402	\$	4. 56	\$	4.08		
Less: Minority interest	$(\underline{1,834,686})$	$(\underline{1,641,975})$		(0.62)	(0.55)		
Consolidated net income	<u>\$11, 600, 159</u>	\$10, 381, 702		<u>\$</u>	3. 94	\$	3. 53		
				-					
Diluted earnings per shar	<u>:e</u>								
Consolidated net income from continuing operations	\$13, 434, 845	\$12, 023, 677		\$	4. 37	S	3. 91		
Less: Minority interest		(1, 641, 975)		(0.60)	•	0. 53)		
•				(0.00)	(0. 33)		
Dilutive effect of commo	n stock equivaler	nts:							
(Convertible bonds)	<u>55</u>	41	128, 429				_		
Consolidated net income attributable to common stockholders with dilutive effect of									
common stock	\$11,600,214	\$10, 381, 743	3, 071, 831	\$	3.77	\$	3. 38		

	For the year ended December 31, 2006								
					Weighted-average		Earni	ngs pe	er
		Am	ount		outstanding		share (ii	n dolla	rs)
	Before	e tax_	<u>A</u> :	fter tax	common shares	<u>Bef</u>	ore tax	Af	ter tax
Basic earnings per share Consolidated net income from continuing operations Less: Cumulative effect of changes in		, 350	\$	158, 392	2, 911, 327	\$	0. 08	\$	0. 05
accounting principles Add: minority interest Consolidated net income	356	307) (6, 558) 6, 601	(<u>\$</u>	103, 370) 356, 558 411, 580		(0. 05) 0. 12 0. 15	(0. 03) 0. 12 0. 14
Diluted earnings per sha	are								
Consolidated net income from continuing operations Less: Cumulative effect of changes in		, 350	\$	158, 392		\$	0. 08	\$	0. 05
accounting principles Add: minority interest Dilutive effect of comm	356	, 307) , 558	(103, 370) 356, 558		(0. 05) 0. 11	(0. 03) 0. 11
Convertible bonds		, 080		3, 879	171, 422		_		_
Consolidated net income attributable to common stockholders with dilutive effect of common stock		<u>, 681</u>	<u>\$</u>	415, 459	3, 082, 749	\$	0. 14	\$	0. 13

5.RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(1	Names of the related	parties and	their relationshi	p with the Company
(-	<u> 1 tarries or the related</u>	parties and	then relationshi	p with the compan

1) <u>Inames of the related parties and their relationshi</u>	<u>p with the Company</u>
Related Party	Relationship with the Company
Evergreen International S.A. (EIS)	Major stockholder of the Company
Evergreen International Storage and Transport Corporation (EITC)	Investee accounted for under the equity method
EVA Airways Corporation (EVA)	Investee accounted for under the equity method
Evergreen Security Corporation (ESRC)	Investee accounted for under the equity method
Charng Yang Development Co., Ltd. (CYD)	Investee accounted for under the equity method
Evergreen International Corporation (EIC)	Investee of the Company's major stockholder
Evergreen State Transport Co., Ltd. (Evergreen State)	Investee of the Company's major stockholder
Evergreen Star Transport Co., Ltd. (Evergreen Star)	Investee of the Company's major stockholder
Evergreen Airline Service Corporation (EAS)	Investee of the Company's major stockholder
Chang Yuag-Fa Charity Foundation	Its chairman being the Company's director
Chang Yung-Fa Foundation	Its chairman being the Company's director
Shanghai Jifa Logistics Co., Ltd. (SJL)	Investee of Peony
Ningbo Victory Container Co., Ltd. (NVC)	Investee of Peony
Qingdao Evergreen Container Storage and Transportation Co., Ltd. (QECT)	Investee of Peony
Taranto Container Terminal S.P.A. (TCT)	Investee of Peony
Italia Marittima S.P.A (ITS)	Investee of Peony
Evergreen Container Terminal (Thailand) (ECTT)	Investee of Peony
Colon Container Terminal S.A. (CCT)	Investee of Peony
Gaining Enterprise S.A. (GESA)	Investee of Peony
Green Peninsula Agencies SDM. BHB.	Investee of Peony
PT. Evergreen Marine Indonesia (EMI)	Investee of Peony (Note)
Evergreen Shipping Agency (Thailand) Co., Ltd. (EGT)	Investee of Peony (Note)
Evergreen Shipping Agency (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. (EGS)	Investee of Peony (Note)
Evergreen Korea Corporation (EGK)	Investee of Peony (Note)
Evergreen India Pte. Ltd. (EGI)	Investee of Peony (Note)
Evergreen Shipping Agency (Deutschland) GmbH (EGD)	Investee of Peony (Note)
Evergreen Shipping Agency (Ireland) Ltd. (EGU)	Investee of Peony (Note)
Evergreen Shipping Agency (Netherlands) B.V. (EGN)	Investee of Peony (Note)

Related Party	Relationship with the Company
Evergreen Chinning Agency (Poland) CD 70 0	Investee of Peoply (Note)

Evergreen Shipping Agency (Poland) SP. ZO. O Investee of Peony (Note)

(EGD-WWX)

Evergreen Shipping Agency France S.A. (EGF) Investee of Peony (Note)

Evergreen Shipping (Spain) S.L. (EES)

Evergreen Shipping Agency (Italy) S.P.A. (EIT) Investee of Peony (Note)

Seaside Transportation Service LLC (STS)

Investee of Peony (Note)

Investee of ISLAND with significant

influence

Sinotrans Group Shenahen Co. (SGSC) Investee of SGTC with significant influence

(Note) Peony has effective control over the investee December 31, 2007.

(2)Significant transactions and balances with related parties

A.Operating revenues from related parties

	 F	For the years e	nded	December 31,	
	 2007			2006	
		% of Total			% of Total
		Operating			Operating
	 Amount	Revenues		Amount	Revenues
EITC	\$ 102, 540	-	\$	102, 298	-
EIC	2, 007, 331	1		2, 186, 834	1
EVA	51	-		130	-
ITS	900, 534	-		2, 038, 503	1
EIS	2, 065, 525	2		426, 028	-
GESA	21, 203	-		24, 603	-
STS	 <u> </u>			60, 224	
	\$ 5, 097, 184	3	\$	4, 838, 620	2

B. Expenditures on services rendered by related parties

	For the years ended December 31,					
		2007		2006		
			% of Total			% of Total
			Operating			Operating
			Costs and			Costs and
		Amount	Expenses		Amount	Expenses
EITC	\$	848, 033	1	\$	908, 118	1
EIC		378, 970	_		309, 157	_
ESRC		43, 880	_		53, 564	_
EAS		1, 796	_		6, 879	_
EVA		3, 793	_		10, 988	_
GESA		1, 792, 169	2		1, 804, 413	1
ITS		392, 106	_		361, 734	-
EIS		493, 090	_		507, 703	-
EMI		54, 978	_		61, 579	-
EGT		56, 640	_		56, 119	-
EGI		18, 425	_		-	-
EGS		16, 868	_		45, 304	-
EGK		12, 334	_		21, 450	-
SGSC		<u> </u>			184	
	\$	4, 113, 082	3	\$	4, 147, 192	2

C.Asset transactions

a) Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment

	Items	Decen	<u>nber 31, 2007</u>	Dec	ember 31, 2006
EITC	Ships and equipments	\$	-	\$	2, 059, 117
ESRC	Office equipment		-		620
EIC	Transportation equipment		3, 845		
		\$	3, 845	\$	2, 059, 737

- (a)In order to coordinate adjustments for routes and fleet of ships, on March 1, 2006, the Company's Board of Directors resolved to acquire the Uni-Crown, the Uni-Chart, the Uni-Concert, the Uni-Corona, and the Uni-Concord from related party-EITC, at a total price of USD 63,800. As of December 31, 2006, the ships were delivered and payments were made in full.
- (b)The EITC is accounted for under the equity method. According to regulations, unrealized gain from the above acquisition is eliminated proportionately to the percentage of shareholding. As of December 31, 2007, the unrealized gain amounted to \$173,725 and was recorded as deduction from long-term investment.

D.Leases

a) Rental income (recorded as non-operating income) generated from the operating premises and parking lots leased to the related parties are as follows:

		For the years ended December 31,						
		200)7	2006				
		% of Total %						
	Lease Property	 Amount	Rental Income		Amount	Rental Income		
EIC	Office buildings	\$ 72, 402	97	\$	58, 580	93		
"	Transportation equipment	1, 664	-		1, 938	3		
EVA	Parking lots	304	1		288	1		
ESRC	Parking lots	 96			240			
		\$ 74, 466	98	\$	61, 046	97		

b) Rent expenses (recorded as general and administrative expenses) incurred for operating premises and parking lots leased from the related parties are as follows:

		For the years ended December 31,						
		2007			2006			
		% of Total				% of Total		
	Lease Property	 Amount	Rental Expenses		Amount	Rental Expenses		
EIC	Office buildings	\$ 39, 834	96	\$	37, 151	93		
EITC	Office buildings	1, 091	3		1, 286	3		
EVA	Parking lots	 738	1		1, 382	4		
		\$ 41, 663	100	\$	39, 819	100		

c) Rent expenses incurred for the vessels and slot leased from the related parties are recorded under direct operating costs. Details are set forth below:

	 For the years ended December 31,							
	 2007	1		2006				
		% of Total			% of Total			
			Vessel and					
		Slot Rental			Slot Rental			
	 Amount	Expenses		Amount	Expenses			
ITS	\$ 381, 706	9	\$	361, 339	9			
EIS	119, 862	3		118, 354	3			
GESA	1, 798, 309	40		1, 813, 302	40			
EITC	 633, 167	14		709, 444	18			
	\$ 2, 933, 044	66	\$	3, 002, 439	<u>70</u>			

E. Receivables from and payables to related parties

The receivables from and payables to related parties which bear no interest, are set forth as follows:

Tono ws.	December 31,								
		2007			2006				
			% of			% of			
			Account			Account			
		Amount	Balance		Amount	Balance			
Accounts receivable									
EIC	\$	60, 901	-	\$	86, 262	1			
EITC		24, 556	_		24, 844	_			
GESA		1, 663	-		1, 932	-			
EIS		13, 474	-		21, 793	-			
ITS		257, 110	2		242, 123	2			
STS					7, 534				
	\$	357, 704	2	\$	384, 488	3			
		F	or the years e	nded	December 31,				
		2007			2006				
			% of			% of			
			Account			Account			
		Amount	Balance		Amount	Balance			
Other receivables									
EITC	\$	37	-	\$	91	-			
EVA		45	_		37	-			
EIC		74, 666	6		74, 651	5			
CCT		3, 275	_		3, 103	_			
EIS		30, 065	2		-	_			
GESA		1, 745	_		_	_			
ITS		1, 538	_		_	_			
EGI		-	_		32, 591	2			
Others		481	-		233	-			
	\$	111, 852	8	\$	110, 706	7			

Accounts payable								
EITC	\$	8, 338	3	-	\$	10, 06	7	-
EIC		23, 430)	-		8, 35	5	-
ESRC		3, 728	3	=		8, 673	3	=
EVA		183	1	-		139	9	-
ITS		32, 44	1	=		9, 609	9	=
EIS		67, 490	3	1		383, 590	3	7
Others		-	-	-		550)	-
	\$	135, 614	1	1	\$	420, 989	9	7
Other payables			=		-		=	
EITC	\$	-	-	-	\$	3	5	-
EIC		-	-	-		808	3	-
STS		-	-			5, 05	1	1
	\$	-	_		\$	5, 89	<u>1</u>	1
F.Loans granted							_	
C		For	the	year ended	Decem	ber 31, 2007	7	
	Ma	aximum		Balance at		•		tal Interest
		Banance		Ending	Int	erest rate		Income
Other receivables								
EGI	\$	32, 591	\$			-	\$	_
		г.	.1	1 13	Б	1 21 200	_	
	-			year ended	Decem	ber 31, 2006		
		aximum		Balance at	т.,			tal Interest
Other receivables	<u>E</u>	<u>Banance</u>		Ending	_Into	erest rate		Income
<u></u>	Ó	00 501	ć	00 501	4 504)0/ F 0000/	Ó	000
EGI	\$	32, 591	\$	32, 591	4. 508	9%~5. 822%	\$	203

(3)Endorsements and guarantees for related parties

Endorsements and guarantees provided to related parties are as follows:

	<u>December 31, 2007</u>			<u>December 31, 2006</u>		
TCT	USD	85, 592	USD	76, 292		
CCT	USD	53,000	USD	53,000		
ITS	USD	10,000	USD	10,000		

(4)Significant contracts with related parties

A. The Company has entered into an agreement with EIC for various consulting services on business management, computer information, and shipping affairs. Except for payments made on behalf of the Company which are charged on actual amounts, the remaining fees are charged on an hourly basis or by cost plus method. The contract took effect on July 1, 1996 and continues to be in effect unless terminated.

- B. The Company has entered into an agency agreement with EIC. Under the agreement, EIC has served as the Company's agent for cargo forwarding and freight collection since 2002. As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, the amount receivable under the agency agreement was \$60,901 and \$85,577, respectively.
- C. The Company has entered into an agreement with ESRC. Under the agreement, ESRC shall provide security service in the Taipei office, Kaohsiung office, and container yards. The service fees for Taipei office was \$940, and for the Kaohsiung office and container yards was \$1,614. The fees are paid monthly. For long-term contracts, please refer to Note G.
- D. The Company has entered into agency agreements with its related parties to manage petty cash required by their vessels, and payments of native crew salaries and insurance premiums in Taiwan. The transactions are recorded under "agency reciprocal accounts". As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, the debit balances of the accounts are as follows:

	Decen	nber 31, 2007	December 31, 2006		
EIS	\$	13, 029	\$	10, 748	
GESA		4, 861		4, 895	
	\$	17, 890	\$	15, 643	

- E. The Company has entered into agency agreements with its related parties, whereby the related parties act as the Company's overseas agents to deal with the port formalities related to foreign ports, such as arrival and departure of the Company's ships, cargo stevedoring and forwarding, freight collection and payment of expenses incurred in foreign ports. The transactions are recorded under "agency accounts". As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, the balances of the accounts are as follows:
 - a) Debit balances of agency accounts

	Dece	December 31, 2007		ber 31, 2006
EIC	\$	-	\$	53, 517
GESA		27, 282		15, 434
ITS		1, 756, 597		121, 141
EMI		-		40, 568
EGT		-		67, 154
EIS		-		475, 594
EGK		-		6, 533
EGS		-		784
EGI				10, 191
	\$	1, 783, 879	\$	790, 916

b) Credit balances of agency accounts

	December 31, 2007		December 31, 200		
EIC	\$	10, 468	\$	-	
EIS		1, 164, 898		1, 005, 432	
EGH		322, 467		<u>-</u>	
	\$	1, 497, 833	\$	1, 005, 432	

F. The Company has been commissioned by its related parties to manage their vessel affairs. The management fees are charged monthly and are recorded as operating revenues. Details of the management fees recognized for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 are as follows:

	Fo	For the years ended December 31,					
		2007		2006			
EITC	\$	_	\$	94, 028			
EIC		229, 322		-			
EIS		99, 569		90, 774			
ITS		1,710		-			
GESA		21, 203		24, 603			
	\$	351, 804	\$	209, 405			

(5)In order to give back to society, the Company sponsored charities for the public good through Chang Yang-Fa Foundation and Chang Yung-Fa Charity Foundation totaling \$43,000 and \$1,500 in December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

6.PLEDGED ASSETS

The Company's assets pledged as collateral as of December 31, 2007 and 2006 are as follows:

		Boo			
Pledged asset	Dece	ember 31, 2007	December 31, 20		Purpose
Restricted assets-current					
-Time deposits	\$	184, 411	\$	134, 915	Performance guarantee
Property, plant and equipment Financial assets carried at cost		4, 875, 953		7, 924, 277	Long-term loan
-Classic Outlook Investment Ltd.		3, 324, 774		3, 335, 974	"
-Everup Profits Ltd.		7		7	"
	\$	8, 385, 145	\$	11, 395, 173	

7. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

A. Details of the stand-by letters of credit issued by the banks on behalf of the Company are as follows: (expressed in thousand dollars)

Guarantor	Decem	ber 31, 2007	December 31, 2006		
Bank of America	USD	5, 000	USD	5, 000	

B. Endorsements and guarantees issued by the Company are as follows: (expressed in thousand dollars)

Companies receiving guarantees	Decem	ber 31, 2007	December 31, 2006		
TCT	USD	85, 592	USD	76, 292	
CCT	USD	53,000	USD	53,000	
ITS	USD	10,000	USD	10,000	

- C. A former stockholder of the Company sold some of its shares through issuance of global depository receipts (GDRs). The issuance of GDRs was approved by the SEC on June 19, 1996 as per Letter (85) Tai-Cai-Zheng (1) No. 35410. On August 2, 1996, the GDRs were approved by the UK governing authority to be listed on the London Stock Exchange and were issued in Asia, Europe and the US. The initial number of units issued was 5,449,592, representing 54,495,920 shares of the Company's common stock at \$50.50 (in dollars) per share, and the number of supplementary units issued was 817,438. In total, the number of units issued was 6,267,030, representing 62,670,300 shares of the Company's common stock at \$50.50 (in dollars) per share, and the GDRs issued amounted to USD 115 million. Another 2,053,122 units, representing 20,531,279 shares of the Company's common stock, were issued during the period from 1997 to December 31, 2007. As of December 31, 2007, 7,799,086 units were redeemed and 521,066 units were outstanding, representing 5,210,719 shares of the Company's common stock.
- D. In 1999, due to the conflicts from the contract to import and export goods, a lawsuit was filed against Shenzhen Greentrans Transportation Co., Ltd. (SGTC) by the other company. SGTC had authorized the agent lawyer to litigate, requesting an indemnity of RMB10,527 thousand plus the interest, by December 31, 2007. In this case, our company was judged by the Shenzhen Intermediate People's Court as the winning party of this lawsuit. Then, the plaintiff appealed the case to a higher court, the Gung Dong High People's Court, which in 2001 had judged the company as the loser of the lawsuit and had secured part of the transportation equipment. (As of December 31, 2007, the book value of the fixed asset was RMB6,661 thousand) However, the company refused to accept the results and requested a retrial, and till the date of the presentation of the financial report, the case is still being judged. The final results of this case are still awaited, and the cost of the second case is not yet listed.
- E. As of December 31, 2007, the medium-term loan facilities granted by the financial institutions with the resolution from the Board of Directors to finance the Company's purchase of new containers and general working capital requirement amounted to \$20,625,442, and the unutilized credit were \$12,496,230.
- F. As of December 31, 2007, details of the loading and discharging equipment acquired to support the operations of the No. 4 and No. 5 Container terminal at Kaohsiung Harbor were as follows: (expressed in thousand dollars)

Item	Contract Amount		Amount	Paid	Amount Accrued	
Spreaders	USD	598	USD	120	USD	478

G. As of December 31, 2007, the machineries that EHIC(M) purchased were as follows: (expressed in thousand dollars)

Item	Contract Amount		Amount	t Paid	Amount Accrued	
25-ton overhead cranes	MYR	342	MYR	325	MYR	17
Mould	MYR	22	MYR	-	MYR	22

H. As of December 31, 2007, the estimated amounts of rent payable in the following years under the long-term lease agreements entered into by the Company for the rental of ships and equipment were as follows:

	Amount		
Lessor	(in thousand dollars)		
EITC	USD	45, 091	
GESA		168, 683	
GMS		11, 778	
MCC		6,650	
ESI		27, 366	
EIS		10, 716	
C19		123, 597	
CONTI		131, 192	
HF1		17, 311	
SAT		24, 931	
ES2		25, 579	
FS7		65, 026	
FSL		65, 026	
APOLL		1, 420	
ELEPH		4, 969	
HERME		1, 692	
PANAG		1, 216	
POSEI		1, 726	
TIGER		4,655	
Quaterieme Leasing International Co., Ltd.		40, 789	
HALIFAX		212, 021	
	USD	991, 434	

- I. As of December 31, 2007, the estimated amount of security service in the following years under the long-term contract that the Company entered into with ESRC amounted to \$32,728.
- J. As of December 31, 2007, the guaranteed notes issued by the Company for loans borrowed amounted to \$3,073,500.

8.SIGNIFICANT CATASTROPHE

NONE.

9.SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On December 24, 2007, the Company's Board of Directors resolved to participate in the capital increase of Taipei Port Container Terminal Corporation as an original stockholder. In addition, the Company had paid the full amount on March 25, 2008 and completed the registration procedures. The Company paid \$10 for each share and received 30 million new shares amounting to \$300,000.

10.OTHERS

(1) Fair value information of financial instruments:

(1) all value information of financial instruments.		December 31, 20	07
		ir value	
		Quotations	Estimated using a
	Book	in an active	valuation
	value	market	technique
Non-derivative financial instruments			•
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$21, 602, 307	\$ -	\$21, 602, 307
Notes and accounts receivable	14, 763, 719	_	14, 763, 719
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss			
Equity securities	25, 364	25, 364	_
Beneficiary certificates	1, 321, 780	1, 321, 780	-
Other financial assets-current	105, 727	-	105, 727
Restricted assets-current	184, 411	-	184, 411
Available-for-sale financial assets-non current	772, 064	772, 064	-
Financial assets carried at cost-non current	5, 040, 770	-	-
Bond investments with no active market-non			
current	12, 157	-	-
Long-term receivables including current portion	64,693	-	64, 693
Refundable deposits	108, 167	-	108, 167
Liabilities			
Short-term loans	98, 723	-	98, 723
Notes and accounts payable	25, 722, 972	-	25, 722, 972
Corporate bonds payable (including current			
portion)	2, 301, 964	-	2, 301, 964
Long-term loans (including current portion)	25, 124, 100	-	25, 124, 100
Guarantee deposits received	41, 428	-	41, 428
Derivative financial instruments			
Assets			
Interest rate swap (IRS)	12, 349	_	12, 349
Currency exchange contracts (CCS)	7, 820	_	7, 820
Oil swap	54, 343	_	54, 343
Structured financial instruments	220, 581	-	220, 581
Liabilities		-	
Interest rate swap (IRS)	7, 434	-	7, 434
Currency exchange contracts (CCS)	801, 696	-	801, 696
Foreign exchange option (FX Option)	289, 230	-	289, 230
Oil swap	350, 037	-	350, 037
Conversion right of stock	9, 004	-	9, 004

	December 31, 2006			
	Fair value			
	Book	Quotations in an active	Estimated using a valuation	
N 1	value	<u>market</u>	technique	
Non-derivative financial instruments				
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$10, 100, 138	\$ -	\$10, 100, 138	
Notes and accounts receivable	13, 514, 687	-	13, 514, 687	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Bond investments	14, 015	14, 015	-	
Equity securities	82, 030	82, 030	-	
Beneficiary certificates	2, 940, 370	2, 940, 370	-	
Other financial assets-current	106, 083	-	106, 083	
Restricted assets-current	134, 915	-	134, 915	
Available-for-sale financial assets-non current	625, 488	625, 488	-	
Financial assets carried at cost-non current	5, 709, 762	-	-	
Bond investments with no active market-non				
current	11, 131	-	-	
Long-term receivables including current portion	349, 916	-	349, 916	
Refundable deposits	559, 771	-	559, 771	
Liabilities				
Short-term loans	834, 000	-	834, 000	
Notes and accounts payable	23, 080, 134	-	23, 080, 134	
Corporate bonds payable (including current				
portion)	7, 125, 814	-	7, 125, 814	
Long-term loans (including current portion)	24, 174, 379	-	24, 174, 379	
Guarantee deposits received	4, 115	-	4, 115	
Derivative financial instruments				
Assets				
Interest rate swap (IRS)	43, 654	_	43, 654	
Currency exchange contracts (CCS)	2, 942	_	2, 942	
Oil swap	1, 864	_	1, 864	
Structured and equity-linked financial instruments	776, 184	_	776, 184	
Liabilities	ŕ		ŕ	
Interest rate swap (IRS)	45, 678	_	45, 678	
Currency exchange contracts (CCS)	14, 822	_	14, 822	
Foreign exchange option (FX Option)	234, 388	_	234, 388	
Oil swap	438, 291	_	438, 291	
Conversion right of stock	9, 004	_	9, 004	
U	-,		-,	

The unrealized loss that the Group recognized for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 due to changes in fair value estimated using a valuation technique were \$1,478,558 and \$437,602, respectively.

- (2) The following summarizes the methods and assumptions used in estimating the fair value of financial instruments:
 - A. The fair values of short-term financial instruments were determined using their carrying value because of the short maturities of these instruments. This method was applied to cash and cash equivalents, notes and accounts receivable (payable), other financial assets, restricted assets, refundable deposits, short-term debts, short-term bills payable and guarantee deposits received.
 - B.For financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and available-for-sale financial assets with quoted market price available in an active market, the fair value is determined using the quoted market price. When there is no quoted market price for reference, a substitute valuation technique is used to measure the fair value which incorporates all factors that market participants would consider in making estimations and assumptions for setting a price and wherein such information is available to the Group.
 - C.Held-to-maturity financial assets are those with fixed or determinable payments and a fixed time-to-maturity which the Group has positive intent and ability to hold. Upon measurement, held-to-maturity financial assets are carried at amortized cost. Any profits or losses incurred due to changes in fair value should be recognized in the income statement when the financial asset is derecognized, impaired or amortized.
 - D. Financial assets carried at the cost consist of unlisted stocks or those not actively traded in an active market. Their fair value could not be measured reliably; hence, such instruments are measured at cost in compliance with applicable accounting standards. For debt investments with no active market, the carrying value is used to estimate its fair value when there is no market price for reference.
 - E. Long-term accounts receivable are interest-bearing financial assets with floating interest rate, thus the carrying value is close to the fair value.
 - F. Fair values of long-term loans are estimated based on the present values of future cash flows. For bank loans associated with floating interest rate, the carrying value represents their fair value.
 - G. Fair values of corporate bonds payable are determined based on quoted market prices when available. When the quoted market prices are not available, fair values are estimated based on financial information or other information.
 - H.Financial liabilities carried at cost are equity-linked instruments which are to be settled with equity instruments with no quoted market prices or with fair values that cannot be reliably measured. Such instruments are measured at costs in accordance with the rules stipulated in the "Guidelines for Preparation of Financial Statements by Securities Issuers".
 - I. The fair values of derivative financial instruments, except for paragraph "H" are determined based on the estimated amounts to be received or paid if the Group terminates the contract on the balance sheet date. Unrealized gains or losses arising from unsettled contracts are generally included. Ask price from counterparties are available for reference in setting fair values for the Group's derivative financial instruments.

- (3)As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, the financial assets with fair value risk due to the change of interest rate amounted to \$12,349 and \$43,654; respectively, the financial liabilities with fair value risk due to the change of interest rate amounted to \$7,434 and \$45,678, respectively; the financial assets with cash flow risk due to the change of interest rate amounted to \$18,420,812 and \$7,152,689, respectively; and the financial liabilities with cash flow risk due to the change of interest rate amounted to \$21,862,721 and \$22,112,794, respectively.
- (4)For the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, total interest income (calculated using the effective interest method) on financial assets that are not at fair value through profit or loss amounted to \$171,390 and \$151,970, respectively, and total interest expense (calculated using the effective interest method) on financial liabilities that are not at fair value through profit or loss amounted to \$162,646 and \$140,001, respectively.

(5)Risk policy and hedging strategy

The financial instruments held by the Group, other than derivative instruments, are composed of cash and cash equivalents, stocks, funds, bank loan, and corporate bonds. Such financial instruments are held for maintaining adequate operating capital. The Group also held other accounts receivable and payable generated from operating activity.

The transactions associated with derivative instruments mainly include interest rate swap and oil swap. The primary objective is to avoid the interest rate risk and fuel price variation arising from operating and financing activities.

The primary risks of financial instruments are cash flow risk associated with interest rate fluctuations, exchange rate risk, credit risk, and liquidity risk. The risk management policies are set forth below:

Cash flow risk associated with interest rate variations

The Group's major exposure to cash flow risk associated with interest rate variations comes primarily from long-term financing with floating interest. The Group adopts a combination of fixed and floating interest rate methods for loans to manage such interest rate risks. In addition, the Group also engages in interest rate swaps to minimize cost of borrowings.

As of December 31, 2007, the carrying values of the Group's financial instruments exposed to interest rate are summarized in the order of maturity as follows:

A. Fixed interest rate

	Within 1 year	1~2 years	2~3 years	Over 3 years	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,936,790	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,936,790
Corporate bonds	(1,000,000)	-	-	-	(1,000,000)
Bank loan	(500,000)	_	_	-	(500,000)

B. Floating interest rate

	Wi	thin 1 year	1~2 years	<u> </u>	2~3 years	Over 3 years	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$18	, 576, 113	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$18, 576, 113
Bank loan	(533, 333)	(266, 666))	-	-	(799, 999)
"	(666, 667)	(666, 667))	-	-	(1, 333, 334)
"	(48, 273)	(96, 547)) (96, 547) (103, 443)	(344, 810)
"		-	(500, 000))	-	-	(500, 000)
<i>"</i>		_	-		- (2, 364, 902)	(2, 364, 902)
"		-	-		- (300, 000)	(300, 000)
Corporate bonds	(500, 000)	-		-	-	(500, 000)
Loans		-	-		- (649, 630)	(649, 630)
"	(931, 729)	-		- (12, 289, 659)	(13, 221, 388)
"	(581, 209)	-		- (1, 007, 360)	(1, 588, 569)
"		-	-		- (161, 366)	(161, 366)
"		_	-		- (98, 723)	(98, 723)

The interest of financial instruments associated with the floating interest rates is remeasured within 1 year period and the interest for financial instruments associated with the fixed interest rate is fixed to maturity. The financial instruments not included in the above table are not subject to interest payments and thus do not have inherent interest rate risk.

Exchange rate risk

Although the Group is exposed to exchange rate risk, the Company has stable cash inflows denominated in foreign currencies for meeting cash outflows denominated in foreign currency due to the fact that the Company operates in international transportation industry. In order to minimize exchange rate risk, the Company also engages in activities, such as borrowing of US dollar loans, etc.

Credit risk

The Group only deals with third parties with good credit standing. In compliance with the Group's policies, strict credit assessment is to be performed by the Group prior to providing credit to customers. The occurrence of bad debts is also minimized by the Group's practice of continuously monitoring and assessing collections on accounts and notes receivable and making adjustments to the credit terms granted to each customer based on the conclusion drawn from such assessment. Moreover, the Group is restricted from engaging in credit trading with other business units operating under other functional currencies unless permission from the highest instruction unit has been received.

Other financial instruments held by the Group are subject to credit risk arising from the failure of counterparty to settle their contractual obligations as and when they fall due. Since the Group only deals with third parties with qualifying credit standings, no collateral is required by the Group which also represents that the maximum credit exposure amount equals to the relative carrying

value. The maximum credit exposure amount for various financial assets held by the Group is analyzed as below:

	December 31, 2007				
	Maximum cre				
Financial instruments	Carrying value	exposure amount			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		-			
Equity securities	\$ 25, 364	\$ 25, 364			
Beneficiary certificates	1, 321, 780	1, 321, 780			
Interest rate swap	12, 349	12, 349			
Currency exchange swap	7, 820	7, 820			
Oil swap	54, 343	54, 343			
Others	220, 581	220, 581			
Available-for-sale financial assets-non current					
Equity securities	772, 064	772, 064			
Financial assets carried at cost-non current					
Stock	5, 040, 770	5, 040, 770			
Bond investments with no active market-non					
current					
Corporate bonds	12, 157	12, 157			
	December 31, 2006				
77	a	Maximum credit			
Financial instruments	Carrying value	Maximum credit exposure amount			
Financial instruments Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	• 0				
	Carrying value \$ 14,015				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Bond investments Equity securities		exposure amount \$ 14,015 82,030			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Bond investments	\$ 14,015	exposure amount \$ 14,015			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Bond investments Equity securities	\$ 14,015 82,030	exposure amount \$ 14,015 82,030			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Bond investments Equity securities Beneficiary certificates Interest rate swap Currency exchange swap	\$ 14,015 82,030 2,940,370 43,654 2,942	\$ 14,015 82,030 2,940,370			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Bond investments Equity securities Beneficiary certificates Interest rate swap Currency exchange swap Others	\$ 14,015 82,030 2,940,370 43,654	exposure amount \$ 14,015 82,030 2,940,370 43,654			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Bond investments Equity securities Beneficiary certificates Interest rate swap Currency exchange swap Others Derivative financial assets for hedging-current	\$ 14,015 82,030 2,940,370 43,654 2,942 776,184	\$ 14,015 82,030 2,940,370 43,654 2,942 776,184			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Bond investments Equity securities Beneficiary certificates Interest rate swap Currency exchange swap Others Derivative financial assets for hedging-current Oil swap	\$ 14,015 82,030 2,940,370 43,654 2,942	\$ 14,015 82,030 2,940,370 43,654 2,942			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Bond investments Equity securities Beneficiary certificates Interest rate swap Currency exchange swap Others Derivative financial assets for hedging-current Oil swap Available-for-sale financial assets-non current	\$ 14,015 82,030 2,940,370 43,654 2,942 776,184	\$ 14,015 82,030 2,940,370 43,654 2,942 776,184			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Bond investments Equity securities Beneficiary certificates Interest rate swap Currency exchange swap Others Derivative financial assets for hedging-current Oil swap Available-for-sale financial assets-non current Equity securities	\$ 14,015 82,030 2,940,370 43,654 2,942 776,184	\$ 14, 015 82, 030 2, 940, 370 43, 654 2, 942 776, 184			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Bond investments Equity securities Beneficiary certificates Interest rate swap Currency exchange swap Others Derivative financial assets for hedging-current Oil swap Available-for-sale financial assets-non current Equity securities Financial assets carried at cost-non current	\$ 14,015 82,030 2,940,370 43,654 2,942 776,184 1,864 625,488	exposure amount \$ 14,015 82,030 2,940,370 43,654 2,942 776,184 1,864 625,488			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Bond investments Equity securities Beneficiary certificates Interest rate swap Currency exchange swap Others Derivative financial assets for hedging-current Oil swap Available-for-sale financial assets-non current Equity securities Financial assets carried at cost-non current Stock	\$ 14,015 82,030 2,940,370 43,654 2,942 776,184	exposure amount \$ 14,015 82,030 2,940,370 43,654 2,942 776,184 1,864			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Bond investments Equity securities Beneficiary certificates Interest rate swap Currency exchange swap Others Derivative financial assets for hedging-current Oil swap Available-for-sale financial assets-non current Equity securities Financial assets carried at cost-non current Stock Bond investments with no active market-non	\$ 14,015 82,030 2,940,370 43,654 2,942 776,184 1,864 625,488	exposure amount \$ 14,015 82,030 2,940,370 43,654 2,942 776,184 1,864 625,488			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Bond investments Equity securities Beneficiary certificates Interest rate swap Currency exchange swap Others Derivative financial assets for hedging-current Oil swap Available-for-sale financial assets-non current Equity securities Financial assets carried at cost-non current Stock	\$ 14,015 82,030 2,940,370 43,654 2,942 776,184 1,864 625,488	exposure amount \$ 14,015 82,030 2,940,370 43,654 2,942 776,184 1,864 625,488			

Credit risk refers to the risk of counterparty's failure to settle contractual obligations as and when they fall due. The credit risk presented in the above table is the positive net amount of all contracts with positive fair values at the balance sheet date. The credit risk amount presented is the loss that may be incurred by the Group in the case of counterparty's default. Since the counterparties of the Group are business enterprises or financial institutions with good credit rating, the potential credit risk event is remote. In addition, since the Group is not concentrated in transactions with one individual or counterparty, no concentration of credit risk is evident.

Liquity risk

The Group achieves the objectives of effective use of capital and stabilization of capital by adjusting capital through the use of cash and cash equivalents, financial instruments held for trading, bank loans and corporate bonds, etc. The operating capital of the Group is sufficient in meeting capital on demand; therefore, no significant liquidity risk is expected.

(6)Hedging activity

Cash flow hedge

The Group also engages in oil hedging transactions to minimize oil cost arising from variations in oil price. The Group compares the oil price and settles the contracts by cash to offset the oil cost (an expected transaction) and to avoid the cash flow risk from oil price monthly. As of now, the effectiveness of hedging was within a range of 80% to 125%. In addition, the Group holds interest rate swap contracts in avoiding the variation between floating and fixed rate, the effective hedge accounts for 80% to 125%.

		Designated h	edging inst	rument			
	Financial	Fair value					Period of
	instrument was						gain (loss)
	designated as					Period of	expected
Hedge	hedged					anticipated	to be
item	Instrument	December	31, 2007	Dece	ember 31, 2006	cash flow	recognized
Floating interest	Interest rate swap	(\$	3, 892)	(\$	11, 944)	02~08	02~08
debts							
Expected oil	Oil swap		-	(249,905)	04~08	04~08
transaction							
	Items			Dece	ember 31, 2007	Decem	ber 31, 2006
Adjustment amoun	t in equity			\$	193, 469	(\$ 2	67, 194)
Adjustment amount from equity to income statement			(193, 469)	267, 194		
Adjustment amoun (liabilities)	t from equity to non	financial assets	S		-	-	

(7) OTHERS

- A. Certain accounts in the 2006 financial statements were reclassified to conform with the 2007 financial statement presentation.
- B. 2007, the subsidiaries did not own any shares of the Company.

11.ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES REQUIRED BY THE SECURITIES AND FUTURES BUREAU

(1)Related information of significant transactions

A. Endorsements and guarantees provided during the year ended December 31, 2007

					Maximum outstanding				
			(Note 2)		endorsement/guarantee	Outstanding		Ratio of accumulated	(Note 3)
			Relationship	Limit on	amount during	endorsement/guarantee	Amount of	endorsement/guarantee	Ceiling on total amour
(Note 1)		Party being	with the	endorsements/guarantees	the year ended	amount at	endorsements/guarantees	amount to net asset	of endorsements/
Number	Endorser/guarantor	endorsed/guaranteed	endorser/guarantor	provided for a single party	December 31, 2007	December 31, 2007	secured with collateral	value of the Company	guarantees provided
0	Evergreen Marine	Greencompass Marine S.A.	3	\$ 128, 810, 606	\$ 27, 638, 656	\$ 26, 560, 315	\$ -	41. 24%	\$ 161, 013, 258
	Corporation				(USD 838, 806)	(USD 817, 706)			
0	Evergreen Marine	Peony Investment S.A.	2	128, 810, 606	7, 054, 281	6, 106, 522	-	9. 48%	
	Corporation				(USD 212, 600)	(USD 188, 000)			
0	Evergreen Marine	Evergreen Marine (UK) Ltd.	3	128, 810, 606	20, 977, 485	20, 977, 485	-	32.57%	
	Corporation				(USD 645, 829)	(USD 645, 829)			
0	Evergreen Marine	Taranto Container	1	186, 809	2, 780, 151	2, 780, 151	-	4. 32%	
	Corporation	Terminal S.P.A. (NOTE 5)			(USD 85, 592)	(USD 85, 592)			
0	Evergreen Marine	Whitney Equipment LLC.	3	128, 810, 606	398, 172	389, 778	-	0. 61%	
	Corporation				(USD 12, 000)	(USD 12, 000)			
0	Evergreen Marine	Colon Container Terminal	6	32, 202, 652	1, 758, 593	1, 721, 520	-	2.67%	
	Corporation	S.A.			(USD 53, 000)	(USD 53, 000)			
0	Evergreen Marine	Italia Marittima S.P.A.	1	916, 617	331,810	324, 815	-	0.50%	
	Corporation				(USD 10, 000)	(USD 10,000)			

Note 1: The way filling in as following:

"0" denotes the issuer.

The investee is numbered from "1" in sequence by different company.

Note 2: Nature of the counterparty's relationship with the Company or its subsidiaries

- "1" denotes the endorsements/guarantees provided to the companies which have transactions with the Company or its subsidiaries.
- "2" denotes the endorsements/guarantees provided to the subsidiaries of which the Company holds more than 50% of the common stock.
- "3" denotes the endorsements/guarantees provided to the investees of which the Company together with its subsidiaries hold more than 50% of the common stock.
- "4" denotes the endorsements/guarantees provided to the companies which directly or indirectly hold more than 50% of the Company's common stock.
- "5" denotes the endorsements/guarantees provided pursuant to construction contracts.
- "6" denotes the endorsements/guarantees provided to joint venture companies based on the Company's or its subsidiaries' proportionate equity interest in the company.
- Note 3: The equation of the maximum limits and amounts should be explained. If there are contingent losses in the financial statements, the amount should be interpreted by the Company.
- Note 4: According to the Company's credit policy, the total amount of endorsements or guarantees provided by the Company or its subsidiaries should not exceed 250% of the net worth stated in the latest financial statements.

 The calculation is as follows:

The Company: NT\$64,405,303 thousand * 250% = NT\$161,013,258 thousand

Note 5: The amount of endorsements and guarantees provided by the Company to related enterprise, Taranto Container Terminal S.P.A. (TCT), is in excess of the maximum amount predertermined by the Company's credit policy. The Company has set out an improvement plan to deal with the issue of providing endorsements and guarantees in excess of the maximum limits. The corresponding banks of TCT have agreed to cancel the endorsements and quarantees requested. The internal process of the banks will be completed before June 2008.

B. Marketable securities held as at December 31, 2007

					As of December	31, 2007		
		Relationship of the securities		Number of shares				_'
Securities held by	Marketable securities	issuer with the Company	General ledger account	(in thousands)	Book value	Ownership (%)	Market value	Remark
Evergreen Marine Corporation	Stock: Peony Investment S.A.	Subsidiary of the Company	Long-term equity investment accounted	4, 765	\$ 48, 998, 704	100	\$ 48, 998, 704	(Note)
	m: m : 10 : 0 I.I	,,	for by the equity method	* *00	00.050	~ ~	00.050	27
	Taiwan Terminal Service Co., Ltd.	. 10	" "	5, 500	69, 956	55	69, 956	(Note)
	Charng Yang Development Co., Ltd.	Investee company accounted for under the equity method	"	36, 680	464, 831	40	464, 831	
	Evergreen International Storage and Transport Corp.	"	"	424, 062	7, 561, 859	39. 74	6, 424, 544	12/31 price
	Evergreen Security Corporation	"	"	4,000	53, 677	31.25	53, 677	
	EVA Airways Corporation	"	"	750, 571	8, 559, 094	19.37	10, 132, 712	12/31 price
	Taipei Port Container Terminal Corporation	"	"	34, 000	327, 546	20	327, 546	•
Corp Power	Power World Fund Inc.	None	Financial assets carried at cost-	1, 460	14, 602	5.68	-	Unable to
			non current					acquire net worth in time
	Fubon Securities Finance Co., Ltd.	"	"	19, 717	190, 322	4.93	_	"
	Taiwan HSR Consortium	"	"	126, 735	1, 250, 000	2.51	-	"
	GRETEC Construction Corp.	"	"	3, 500	43, 750	17. 5	_	"
	Linden Technologies, Inc.	"	"	50	15, 372	2.53	_	"
	Toplogis, Inc.	"	"	2, 464	22, 100	14. 79	-	"
	Central Reinsurance Corp.	"	Available-for-sale financial assets- non current	44, 343	702, 844	8. 45	702, 844	
	Fubon Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	"	"	2, 403	69, 220	0.03	69, 220	
	China Man-Made Fiber Corporation	"	Financial assets held for trading	22	251	=	251	
	Shih Wei Navigation Co.,Ltd.	"	"	50	2,725	=	2, 725	
ACH Solar	ACHEM Technology Corp.	"	"	150	2,715	-	2, 715	
	Solar Applied Materials Technology Corp.	"	"	10	1, 150	-	1, 150	
	Sunfar Computer Co. Ltd.	"	"	404	18, 253	-	18, 253	

Note: when edited the consolidated financial statements, the investment had been written off.

B. Marketable securities held as at December 31, 2007

					As of Dece	mber 31, 2007		
Securities held by	Marketable securities	Relationship of the securities issuer with the Company	General ledger account	Number of shares (in thousands)	Book value	Ownership (%)	Market value	Remark
Evergreen Marine	Mutual Fund:							
Corporation	Taishin Lucky Fund	None	Financial assets held	24,002	\$ 250, 154		\$ 250, 154	
_	•		for trading					
	YUANTA Global Realty &	"	"	7, 000	63, 700		63, 700	
	Infrastructure Fund-Accumulation							
	Polaris De-Li Fund	"	"	8, 497	130,000		130,000	
	TLAM Asia Pacific REITs Fund	"	"	500	4, 995		4, 995	
	JF First Bond Fund	"	"	9, 752	139, 200		139, 200	
	The Rsit Enhanced Bond Fund	"	"	16, 895	189, 332		189, 332	
	Yuanta Wan Tai Bond Fund	"	"	3, 681	52, 230		52, 230	
	NITC Global REITs Fund	"	"	2,000	17, 436		17, 436	
	Cathay Global Infrastructure Fund	"	"	2, 588	28, 991		28, 991	
	HSBC Taiwan Dragon Fund	"	"	1, 534	24, 022		24, 022	
	HUA NAN Private Placed Bond	"	"	1, 972	20, 253		20, 253	
	Fund No. 1							
	Polaris Di-Po Fund	"	"	13, 078	147, 315		147, 315	
	Lydia Capital Alternative Investment	"	"	400	84, 452		84, 452	
	Fund							
	Foreign Corporate Bonds:							
	TUNTEX (THAILAND) PUBLIC	"	Debt investment with	16	12, 157		12, 157	
	COMPANY LIMITED		no active market - non current					

C. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$100 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital during the year ended December 31, 2007

Investor	Marketable securities	General ledger account	Counterparty	Relationship with the Company	Balance as at J Number of shares (in thousands)	anuary 1, 2007 Amount	Addition Number of shares (in thousands)	On Amount	Number of shares (in thousands)	Dispos Selling price		Gain (loss) on disposal	Balance as at Dec Number of shares (in thousands)	ember 31, 2007 Amount
Evergreen Marine Corporation	Beneficiary Certificates: POLARIS DI	Financial assets held for trading		None	9, 480	\$ 105,000	15, 121	\$ 170,000	11, 523	\$ 128,094	\$ 127, 968	\$ 126	13, 078 \$	147, 032
	JF(Taiwan) Bond Fund	?	?	?	7, 350	112,000	8, 405	130,000	15, 755	242, 358	242,000	358	-	=
	YUANTA Global Asset S Balanced Incor	? ecuritization ne Fund-Accumu	? ılation	?	-	-	11, 000	110, 000	11, 000	110, 000	110, 000	-	-	-
	TIIM High Yield Fund	?	?	?	21, 119	262,000	2, 382	30, 000	23, 501	292, 346	292, 000	346	-	-
	GRAND CATHAY FUN	? ND	?	?	-	-	5, 663	100,000	5,663	104, 587	100,000	4, 587	-	-
	Jih Sun Mortgage Back	? ted Securities Fun	? nd	?	-	-	14, 000	140, 000	14,000	136, 636	140, 000	(3, 364)	-	-
	NITC Private Placement Glob Arbitrage Fund	? bal Fixed Income	?	?	10, 000	100, 000	-	-	10, 000	104, 051	100,000	4, 051	-	-
	Truswell Global Fixed In	? ncome Fund of F	? und	?	12, 000	120,000	-	-	12,000	124, 424	120,000	4, 424	-	-
	Polaris De-Li Fund	?	?	?	-	-	15, 045	230, 000	6, 548	100, 041	100,000	41	8, 497	130,000

C. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$100 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital during the year ended December 31, 2007

					Balance as at Ja	anuary 1, 2007	Additi	on		Dispos	al		Balance as at Dece	ember 31, 2007
	Marketable	General		Relationship with the	Number of shares		Number of shares		Number of shares			Gain (loss)	Number of shares	
Investor	securities	ledger account	Counterparty			Amount	(in thousands)	Amount	(in thousands)	Selling price	Book value	` ′	(in thousands)	Amount
Evergreen Marine Corporation	Beneficiary Certificates: Fuh-Hwa Bond Fund	Financial assets held for trading		None	3, 007	\$ 40,000	10, 095	\$ 150,000	13, 102	\$ 190, 213	\$ 190,000	\$ 213	- (-
	Mega Diamond Bond Fund	?	?	?	-	-	21, 421	250,000	21, 421	250, 116	250,000	116	-	-
	JF First Bond Fund	?	?	?	-	-	9, 752	139,000	-	-	-	-	9, 752	139,000
	ING Taiwan Income Fund	?	?	?	-	-	15, 569	250,000	15, 569	250, 111	250,000	111	-	-
	Dresdner Bond Dam Fund	?	?	?	-	-	21, 272	250,000	21, 272	250, 252	250,000	252	-	-
	Taishin Lucky Fund	?	?	?	-	-	24, 002	250,000	-	-	-	-	24, 002	250,000
	Fuhwa Bond Fund	?	?	?	-	-	15, 435	200,000	15, 435	200, 028	200,000	28	-	-
	NITC Taiwan Bond Fund	?	?	?	-	-	10, 498	150,000	10, 498	150, 093	150,000	93	-	-
	The Rsit Enhanced Bond Fund	?	?	?	-	-	21, 403	239,000	4, 508	50, 020	50,000	20	16, 895	189, 000

C. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$100 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital during the year ended December 31, 2007

					Balance as at Ja	anuary 1, 2007	Additio	on		Dispos	al		Balance as at Dec	cember 31, 2007
	Marketable	General		Relationship with the	Number of shares		Number of shares		Number of shares			Gain (loss)	Number of shares	
Investor	securities	ledger account	Counterparty		(in thousands)	Amount	(in thousands)	Amount	(in thousands)	Selling price	Book value	on disposal	(in thousands)	Amount
Evergreen Marine	Beneficiary Certificates: Yuanta Wan	Financial assets held for trading	Open market	None		\$ -	13, 557	\$ 192,000		\$ 140,000		\$ 131	3, 681	
	IBT Ta Chong Bond Fund	?	?	?	-	-	9, 841	130,000	9, 841	130, 031	130,000	31	-	-
	Capital Money Market Fund	?	?	?	-	-	7, 285	110, 000	7, 285	110,079	110,000	79	-	-
	PCA Well Pool Fund	?	?	?	-	-	95, 301	1, 210, 000	95, 301	1, 210, 576	1, 210, 000	576	-	-
	Global Fixed Income Portfoli	? io-B	?	?	-	-	5	148, 978	5	142, 638	148, 978	(6, 340)	-	-

D. Purchases from or sales to related parties exceeding \$100 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital during the year ended December 31, 2007

				Tra	nsaction		Differences in transcompared to third part				tes/accounts ble (payable)	
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the Company	Purchases (sales)		Percentage of total purchases (sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	Б	Salance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	Remark
Evergreen Marine Corporation	Evergreen International Storage & Transport Corp. (EITC)	Investee accounted for by equity method	Purchases	\$ 848,033	3. 29%	30~60 days			(\$	8, 338)	0.36%	Kemark
	Corp. (EFFC)		Sales	102, 540	0.37%	30~60 days	-	-		24, 593	1.82%	
	Evergreen International	Investee of the	Sales	2, 007, 331	7. 21%	30~60 days	-	-		135, 567	10.03%	
	Corp.	Company's major stockholder	Purchases	378, 970	1. 47%	30~60 days	-	-	(23, 430)	1.02%	
	Taiwan Terminal Services Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary of the Company	Purchases	742,019	2.88%	30~60 days	-	-	(44, 357)	1.93%	Note
	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	Indirect subsidiary of the Company	Purchases	233, 047	0.90%	30~60 days	-	-	(18, 679)	0.81%	Note
	Greencompass Marine S.A.	Indirect subsidiary of	Sales	324, 647	1. 17%	30~60 days	-	-		31, 087	2.30%	Note
	5.A.	the Company	Purchases	466, 998	1.81%	30~60 days	-	-	(28, 966)	1.26%	Note
	Gaining Enterprise S.A.	Subsidiary of EITC accounted for by equity method	Purchases	1, 792, 169	6. 95%	30~60 days	-	-		-	-	
	Evergreen International S.A.	Major stockholder	Purchases	119, 952	0. 47%	30~60 days	-	-	(67, 496)	2.93%	
	Italia Marittima S.P.A.	Investee of the Company's subsidiary	Sales	136, 061	0.49%	30~60 days	-	-		1, 729	0.13%	
		with significant influence	Purchases	392, 106	1.52%	30~60 days	-	-	(32, 441)	1.41%	

Note: When edited the consolidated financial statements, the transaction had been written off.

E. Receivables from related parties exceeding \$100 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital as at December 31, 2007

						Overdue 1	receivables	Amou	nt collected	
		Relationship	Balar	nce as at				subse	quent to the	Allowance for
Creditor	Counterparty	with the Company	Decembe	er 31, 2007	Turnover rate	Amount	Action taken	balanc	e sheet date	doubtful accounts
Evergreen Marine	Evergreen International	Investee of the Company's	\$	135, 567		-	-	\$	50, 241	-
Corporation	Corp.	major stockholder								

(2)Disclosure information of investee companies

				Initial invest	ment amount	Shares h	eld as at December	r 31, 2007		Investment	
Investor	Investee	Location	Main activities	Balance as at 12/31/2007	Balance as at 1/1/2007	No. of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value	Net income (loss) of the investee	income (loss) recognized by the Company	Remark
Evergreen Marine Corporation	Peony Investment S.A.	53Rd Street, Urbanizacion Obarrio Torre Swiss Bank, 2nd Floor, Panama	Investment activities		USD 476, 500	4, 765	100.00	\$ 48, 998, 704			
	Taiwan Terminal Services Co., Ltd.	2F, No.177, Szu Wei 4th Rd., Lingya District, Kaohsiung, Taiwan	Loading and discharging operations of container yards	55, 000	55, 000	5, 500	55.00	69, 956	9, 742	4, 641	"
	Charng Yang Development Co., Ltd.	2F, No. 369, Jingguo Rd., Taoyuan City, Taoyuan County, Taiwan	Development, rental and sales of residential and commercial building	320, 000 gs	320,000	36, 680	40.00	464, 831	94, 834	37, 933	Investee accounted for by equity method
	Evergreen International Storage and Transport Corporat	No. 899, Jingguo Rd., Taoyuan City, Taoyuan County, Taiwan ion	Container transportation and gas stations	4, 753, 514	4, 753, 514	424, 062	39. 74	7, 561, 859	898, 752	412, 597	"
	Evergreen Security Corporation	4&5F, No. 111, Sungjiang Rd., Taipei, Taiwan	General security guard services	25, 000	25,000	4, 000	31. 25	53, 677	21, 934	5, 292	"
	EVA Airways Corporation	11F, No. 376, Section 1, Hsinnan Rd.,Lu Chu Township, Taoyuan County, Taiwan	International passenger and cargo transportation	9, 267, 879	9, 267, 879	750, 571	19. 37	8, 559, 094	(1,871,918)	(362, 585)	"
	Taipei Port Container Terminal Corporati	6F-1, No. 220, Songjiang Rd., Taipei, Taiwan	Container distribution and cargo	340,000	340,000	34, 000	20.00	327, 546	(13, 404)	(2,681)	"

					itial investr ilance	nent aı	nount	Shares h	eld as at December	31, 200	07	Net	income		vestment me (loss)	
Investor	Investee	Location	Main activities		as at 1/2007		alance 1/1/2007	No. of shares (in thousands)	Ownership (%)	Bool	value	,	oss) of investee	recog	gnized by ompany	Remark
Peony Investment S.A.	Greencompass Marine S.A.	53rd Street, Urbanizacion Obarrio Torre Swiss Bank, 2nd Floor, Panama, Republic of Panama	Marine transportation	USD	353, 500	USD	353, 500	3, 535	100.00	USD	961, 006	USD	176, 029	USD	176, 029	
	Vigor Enterprise S.A.	53rd Street, Urbanizacion Obarrio Torre Swiss Bank, 2nd Floor, Panama, Republic of Panama	Investment holding company	USD	500	USD	500	5	100.00	USD	558	USD	11	USD	11	"
	Clove Holding Ltd.	Craigmuir Chambers, P. O. Box 71, Road Town, Tortola, B. V. I.	Investment holding company	USD	10	USD	10	10	100.00	USD	79, 203	USD	12, 172	USD	12, 172	"
	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	160 Euston Road, London NW 12 DX, U.K.	Marine transportation	USD	1, 503	USD	1, 503	765	51.00	USD	142, 443	USD	97, 754	USD	49, 854	"
	Evergreen Heavy Industrial Co. (Malaysia) Berhad	Lot 139, Jalan, Cecair, Phase 2 Free Trade Zone Johor Port Authority, 81700 Pasir Gudang, Johor, Johore Bahru, Malays	Container manufacturing sia	USD	27, 295	USD	27, 295	42, 120	84. 44	USD	38, 097	USD	3, 182	USD	2, 687	"
	PT. Multi Bina Pura International	JL Raya Cakung Cilincing, RT, 002-05, Desa Rorotan P.O. Box 6043 Jakarta 14260. Indonesia Lot 139, Jalan	Loading and discharging operations of container yards and inland transportation	USD	20, 204	USD	20, 204	68	95. 30	USD	10, 749	USD	1, 694	USD	1, 614	"
	PT. Multi Bina Transport	JL Raya Cakung Cilincing, RT, 002-05, Desa Rorotan P.O. Box 6043 Jakarta 14260. Indonesia Lot 139, Jalan	Loading and discharging operations of container yards and inland transportation	•	, 800, 000	Rp 1,	800, 000	2	17. 39	USD	344	USD	432	USD	75	"

				Init	ial investn	nent ar	nount	Shares h	eld as at December	31,20	07			Inve	stment	
Investor	Investee	Location	Main activities	Bal	ance s at	Ва	alance 1/1/2007	No. of shares	Ownership (%)	Roo	c value	(lo	ncome oss) of nvestee		e (loss) nized by	Remark
Peony Investment S.A.	PT. Evergreen Shipping Agency Indonesia	Gedung Pricewaterhouse Coopers 9-10th Floors Jl. H.R. Rasuna said kav. C-03 Jakarta 12920, Indonesia	Shipping agency	USD	517	USD	258	-	51. 00	USD	1, 433	USD	1, 378	USD	351	Indirect subsidiary of the Company (Note)
	Luanta Investment (Netherlands) N.V.	21-A Van Engelenweg, Curacao, Netherlands, Antilles	Investment holding company	USD	21, 973	USD	21, 973	460	50.00	USD	15, 656	(USD	9, 684)	(USD	4, 842)	Investee company of Peony accounted for under equity method
		21-A Van Engelenweg, Curacao, Netherlands, Antilles	Investment holding company	USD	50, 715	USD	50, 715	-	49.00	USD	183, 604	USD	5, 739	USD	2, 812	"
	Shanghai Jifa Logistics Co., Ltd.	12F, Jifa Building, No. 4049C, Jungong Rd., Shanghai City	Inland container transportation, container storage, loading, discharging, leasing, repair, cleaning and related activities	USD	6, 635	USD	6, 635	-	21.06	USD	8, 505	USD	975	USD	195	"
	Shenzhen Greentrans Transportation Co., Ltd.	San Jiao Long Warehouse & Storage Zone, Fu Kang Road, Hengang Town, Shenzhen, China	Loading, discharging, storage, repair, cleaning and transportation of containers	USD	3, 134	USD	3, 134	-	55.00	USD	3, 385	USD	263	USD	144	Indirect subsidiary of the Company (Note)

			_	Initi	al investr	nent an	nount	Shares he	eld as at December	31, 2007		Investment	
Investor	Investee	Location	Main activities		ance at 2007		lance 1/1/2007	No. of shares (in thousands)	Ownership (%)	Book value	Net income (loss) of the investee	income (loss) recognized by the Company	Remark
Peony Investment S.A.	Qingdao Evergreen Container Storage & Transportation Co., Ltd.	No.114 Huangho E Rd., Huangdao District Qingdao, China	Inland container transportation, container storage, loading, discharging, leasing, repair, clearing and related activ	USD	4, 447	USD	4, 447	-	40.00	USD 5, 913	USD 1, 463	USD 54	9 Investee company of Peony accounted for under equity method
	Ningbo Victory Container Co., Ltd.	No. 201 Area, Beilun Xiaoshan Industrial Estate, Ningbo Economic and Technical Development Zone, China	Inland container transportation, container storage, loading, discharging, leasing, repair, clearing and related activities	USD	1, 199	USD	1, 199	-	40.00	USD 2, 242	USD 1,217	USD 48	7 Investee company of Peony accounted for under equity method
	Kingstrans International Logistics (Tianjin) Co., Ltd.	The Tienjin harbor protects tax area 120 rooms for nine 90th of roadses of sea beaches	Inland container transportation, container storage, loading, discharging, leasing, repair, clearing and related activities	USD	2,000	USD	1,000	-	20.00	USD 2,059	(USD 267)	(USD 5:	3) "
	-	33/4 Moo 1, Chaokhun Tahan Road, Sun District Klong 3, Lat Krabang District, Bangkok 10520	Inland container storage and loading	USD	28, 636	USD	28, 636	12, 250	48. 18	USD 24,635	USD 1,903	USD 94	
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	333 Jalan Besar, Singapore 209018	Shipping agency	USD	438	USD	219	765	51.00	USD 3,856	USD 1,496	USD 38	32 Indirect subsidiary of the Company (originally owning 25.5%) (Note)

				Initia	al investr	nent am	ount	Shares he	eld as at December	31, 2007		Investme	ent	
Investor	Investee	Location	Main activities	Bala as 	at		lance 1/1/2007	No. of shares (in thousands)	Ownership (%)	Book value	Net income (loss) of the investee	income (lo recognized the Compan	by	Remark
Peony Investment S.A.		Green Tower, 24-25th Floors 3656/81 Rama IV Road Klongton Klongtoey Bangkok 10110	Shipping agency	USD	476	USD	238	408	51.00	USD 2,519	USD 3,55	3 USD		Indirect subsidiary of the Company (originally owning 25.5%) (Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Korea) Corp.	15th Fl, Korea Express Center, 83-5,4-Ka, Jung- Ang Dong Jung-Ku, Pusan, Republic of Korea	Shipping agency	USD	564	USD	238	121	100.00	USD 4, 398	USD 690	USD	345	Indirect subsidiary of the Company (originally owning 50%) (Note)
		Van Engelenweg 21A Curacao Netherlands Antilles	Investment holding company	USD	3,710	USD	1, 750	4	70.00	USD 3, 610	(USD 68)	(USD	47)	Indirect subsidiary of the Company (Note)
		J.N. Heredia Marg Ballard Estate Mumbai 400 038, India	Shipping agency	USD	22	USD	11	100	99. 997	USD 350	USD 933	USD	466	Indirect subsidiary of the Company (originally owning 50%) (Note)
		Level 13,181 Miller Street, North Sydney NSW 2060 Australia	Shipping agency	USD	-	USD	-	1	51.00	USD 468	USD 633	USD	162	Indirect subsidiary of the Company (originally owning 25.5%) (Note)

				Init	ial investn	nent amo	unt	Shares h	eld as at December	31, 200	7			Investment	
					lance	ъ 1		No. of shares				Net inc		income (loss)	
Investor	Investee	Location	Main activities	as 12/31	s at /2007	Bala as at 1/			Ownership (%)	Book	value	(loss the inv	_	recognized by the Company	Remark
Peony Investment S.A.	Evergreen Shipping Agency	Evergreen Building Amsinckstrasse 55 20097 Hamburg, Germany	Shipping agency	USD	90	USD USD	-	-	100.00	USD	8, 254	USD	178	USD -	Indirect subsidiary of the Company (New purchase this period, so no recognized investment income/loss) (Note)
		22 Fiztwilliam Place, Dublin 2, Ireland	Shipping agency	USD	-	USD	-	-	100.00	USD	115	USD	74	USD -	. "
	(Netherlands) B.V.	3194AR, Hoogvliet,	Shipping agency	USD	7,642	USD	-	-	100.00	USD	3, 977	USD	436	USD -	. "
	Evergreen Shipping		Shipping agency	USD	69	USD	-	-	100.00		USD 662	USD	19	USD -	"
		Pje. Carabelas 344, CABA, Bs. As. Argentina	Leasing	USD	503	USD	-	100	99. 99		USD 35	(USD	123)	USD -	"
	Agency France	Tour Franklin-La Defense 8, 92042 PARIS LA DEFENSE CEDEX-FRANC	Shipping agency E	USD	146	USD	-	1	99.40	US	D 1,043	USD	328	USD -	"
	(Spain) S.L.	CALLE SIETE AGUAS, 11-ENTLO. 46023 VALENC SPAIN	Shipping agency CIA,	USD	486	USD	-	3	55.00	US	D 3, 905	USD	5, 826	USD -	"
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Italy) S.P.A.	SCALI CERERE, 9 LIVORNO ITALY	Shipping agency	USD	1, 619	USD	-	1	55.00	US	D 2, 193	USD	871	USD -	"

Investor	Investee	Location	Main activities	Initia Balar as a 12/31/2	nce at	ment amo Bala as at 1/	nce	No. of shares	eld as at December Ownership (%)	31, 2007 Book value	Net inco (loss) the inve	of	Investment income (loss) recognized by the Company	Remark
Peony Investment S.A.	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Russia) Limited	6 Sofiyskaya Street, ST Petersburg, 192236 RUSSIA	Shipping agency	USD	124	USD	-	÷	51. 00	USD 850	USD 1	1, 114	USD -	Indirect Subsidiary of the Company (New purchase this period, so no recognized investment income/loss) (Note)
		13F, 37 Ton Duc Thang St., Dist 1., HCMC, Vietnam	Shipping agency	USD	345	USD	-	-	51.00	USD 456	USD	30	USD -	. "
	Green Peninsula Agencies SDM. BHD.	NO.7, JALAN JURUTERA U1/23, SECTION U1, HICOM GLENMARIE INDUSTRIAL PARK,	Investment holding company	USD	450	USD	-	1,500	30.00	USD 7, 174	USD 4	4, 384	USD -	Investee company of Peony accounted for under equity method (New purchase this period, so no recognized investment income/loss)

Note: When edited the consolidated financial statements, the investment had been written off.

B. Loans granted during the year ended December 31, 2007

Maximum outstanding balance during (Note 4) Amount of Reason Allowance Collateral Limit on loans General the year ended Ceiling on Balance at Interest transactions for short-term for doubtful granted to Number Creditor Borrower ledger account December 31, 2007 December 31, 2007 rate Nature of loan with the borrower financing accounts Item Value a single party total loans granted Peony Evergreen Receivables from USD 1, 250 5.516~ 2 Working USD - NTD 12, 881, 061 NTD 25, 762, 121 USD 1.250 USD USD -Investment Shipping related parties capital 5.917 S.A. Agency requirement (India) Private Limited Clove Island USD 8,931 USD 8,931 6.23 2 USD USD -USD - NTD 12, 881, 061 NTD 25, 762, 121 Holding Equipment LLC. Ltd. USD 3,721 2 USD USD -Evergreen Island USD 3,721 6.23 USD - NTD 12, 881, 061 NTD 25, 762, 121 Marine Equipment LĹĊ. (UK) Limited

Note 1: Nature of loans extended

Note 2: When character of loans is "2", it should describle the reason and target of loans specifically.

Note 3: Limit on loans extended

- 1. According to the Company's credit policy, the total amount of loans granted to a single company should not exceed 20% of the net worth stated in the latest financial statements. The calculation is as follows: The Company: NT\$64,405,303 thousand * 20% = NT\$12,881,061 thousand
- 2. According to the Company's credit policy, the total amount of loans granted by the Company or its subsidiaries should not exceed 40% of the net worth stated in the latest financial statements. The calculation is as follows:

 The Company: NT\$64,405,303 thousand * 40% = NT\$25,762,121 thousand

Note 4: When edited the consolidated financial statements, the transaction had been written off.

[&]quot;1" denotes the loans extended to the companies which have transactions with the Company or its subsidiaries. The annual amount of the transactions is stated accordingly.

[&]quot;2" denotes the loans extended to the companies which require short-term financing. The reason for short-term financing is stated accordingly.

C. Marketable securities held as at December 31, 2007

					As	of Decembe	er 31, 2007			
		Relationship of the securities issuer		Number of shares	S					
Securities held by	Marketable securities	with the Company	General ledger account	(in thousands)	В	ook value	Ownership (%)	Ma	rket value	Remark
Peony Investment S.A.	Clove Holding Ltd.	Subsidiary of the Company	Long-term equity investment accounted for by the equity method	10	USD	79, 203	100.00	USD	79, 203	(Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Deutschland) GmbH	"	"	-	USD	8, 254	100.00	USD	8, 254	(Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Ireland) Ltd.	"	"	-	USD	115	100.00	USD	115	(Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Korea) Corporation	"	"	121	USD	4, 398	100.00	USD	4, 398	(Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agecny (Netherlands) B.V.	"	"	-	USD	3, 977	100.00	USD	3, 977	(Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Poland) SP. ZO. O	"	"	-	USD	662	100.00	USD	662	(Note)
	Greencompass Marine S.A.	"	"	3,535	USD	961,006	100.00	USD	961, 006	(Note)
	Vigor Enterprise S.A.	"	"	5	USD	558	100.00	USD	558	(Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (India) Private Limited.	"	"	100	USD	350	99. 997	USD	350	(Note)
	Evergreen Argentina S.A.	"	"	100	USD	35	99.99	USD	35	(Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency France S.A.	"	"	1	USD	1,043	99. 40	USD	1, 043	(Note)
	PT Multi Bina Pura International	"	"	68	USD	10,749	95.30	USD	10, 749	(Note)
	Pt Multi Binatransport	"	"	2	USD	344	17. 39	USD	344	(Note)
	Evergreen Heavy Industrial Corp (M) Berhad	"	"	42, 120	USD	38, 097	84. 44	USD	38, 097	(Note)
	Armand Investment (Netherlands) N.V.	"	"	4	USD	3, 610	70.00	USD	3, 610	(Note)
	Evergreen Shipping (Spain) S.L.	"	"	3	USD	3, 905	55.00	USD	3, 905	(Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Italy) S.P.A.	"	"	1	USD	2, 193	55.00	USD	2, 193	(Note)
	Shenzhen Greentrans Transportation Co., Ltd.	"	"	-	USD	3, 385	55.00	USD	3, 385	(Note)
	Evergreen Marine (UK) Ltd.	"	"	765	USD	142, 443	51.00	USD	142, 443	(Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Australia) Pty Ltd.	"	"	1	USD	468	51.00	USD	468	(Note)

C. Marketable securities held as at December 31, 2007

	ies neid as at December 31, 2007				As	of Decemb	er 31, 2007			
		Relationship of the securities issuer		Number of share	es					
Securities held by	Marketable securities	with the Company	General ledger account	(in thousands)	E	Book value	Ownership (%)	Ma	rket value	Remark
Peony Investment S.A.	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Russia) Limited	Subsidiary of the Company	Long-term equity investment accounted for by the equity method	-	USD	850	51.00	USD	850	(Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Singapore) Pte Ltd.	"	"	765	USD	3, 856	51.00	USD	3, 856	(Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	"	"	408	USD	2, 519	51.00	USD	2, 519	(Note)
	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Vietnam) Corp.	"	"	-	USD	456	51.00	USD	456	(Note)
	PT. Evergreen Shipping Agency Indonesia	"	"	-	USD	1, 433	51.00	USD	1, 433	(Note)
	Luanta Investment (Netherlands) N.V.	Investee of Peony Investment S.A. accounted for by the equity method	"	460	USD	15, 656	50.00	USD	15, 656	
	Balsam Investment (Netherlands) N.V.	"	"	-	USD	183, 604	49.00	USD	183, 604	
	Evergreen Container Terminal (Thailand) Limited	"	"	12, 250	USD	24, 635	48. 18	USD	24, 635	
	Ningbo Victory Container Co., Ltd.	"	"	-	USD	2, 242	40.00	USD	2, 242	
	Qingdao Evergreen Container Transportation Co., Ltd.	"	"	-	USD	5, 913	40.00	USD	5, 913	
	Green Peninsula Agencies SDM, BHD	"	"	1,500	USD	7, 174	30.00	USD	7, 174	
	Shanghai JIFA Logistics Co., Ltd.	"	"	-	USD	8, 505	21.0634	USD	8, 505	
	Kingtrans Intl. Logistics (Tianjin) Co., Ltd.	"	"	-	USD	2,059	20.00	USD	2, 059	
	Dongbu Pusan Container Terminal Co., Ltd.	None	Financial assets carried at cost-non current	300	USD	1, 556	15.00	USD	1, 556	
	Hutchison Inland Container Depots Ltd.	n	"	1	USD	1, 492	7. 50	USD	1, 492	
	Colombo-South Asia Gateway Terminal	"	"	18, 942	USD	2, 412	5.00	USD	2, 412	
PT. Multi Bina Pura International	PT. Multi Bina Transport	Indirect subsidiary of Peony	Long-term equity investment accounted for by the equity method	8	USD	1, 441	72.95	USD	1, 441	(Note)
Clove Holding Ltd	. Ample Holding LTD.	"	"	9	USD	28, 699	90.00	USD	28, 699	(Note)
J	Classic Outlook Investment Ltd.	Investee of Clove accounted for under cost method	Financial assets carried at cost-non current	-	USD	102, 359	2.25	USD	102, 359	(/
	Everup Profits Ltd.	"	"	=	USD	-	2. 25	USD	-	

C. Marketable securities held as at December 31, 2007

e. Marketable securit	es held as at December 31, 2007				Α	s of Decembe	er 31, 2007			
Securities held by	Marketable securities	Relationship of the securities issuer with the Company	General ledger account	Number of share (in thousands)		Book value	Ownership (%)	Ma	rket value	Remark
	Island Equipment LLC	Indirect subsidiary of Peony	Long-term equity investment accounted for by equity method	-	USD	958	36.00	USD	958	(Note)
Ample Holding Ltd.	Colon Container Terminal S.A.	Investee of Ample accounted for by equity method	, "	22, 860	USD	63, 694	40.00	USD	63, 694	
Island Equipment LLC	Whitney Equiment LLC	Investee of Island accounted for by equity method	n	-	USD	1, 097	100.00	USD	1, 097	(Note)
	Hemlock Equipment LLC	"	"	_	USD	1, 761	100.00	USD	1, 761	(Note)
Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	Island Equipment LLC	Indirect subsidiary of Peony	n	-	USD	399	15.00	USD	399	(Note)
	Kingtrans Intl. Logistics (Tianjin) Co., Ltd.	Investee of EMU accounted for by equity method	n	-	USD	2, 000	20.00	USD	2, 000	
Armand Investment (Netherlands) N.V.	Armand Estate (Netherlands) B.V.	Indirect subsidiary of Peony	u	-	USD	5, 140	100.00	USD	5, 140	(Note)
Armand Estate (Netherlands) B.V.	Taiwan Terminal Services Co., Ltd.	Investee of Armand Estate B.V. accounted for by equity method	"	17, 000	USD	5, 042	10.00	USD	5, 042	
Greencompass Marine S.A.	UBS-Forward Arbitrage Strategy	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	50	USD	4, 683	-	USD	4, 683	
	Lydia Capital Alternative Investment Fund	"	"	8	USD	488	-	USD	488	
Evergreen Shipping Agency (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	Green Siam Air Service	"	Financial assets carried at cost – non current	4	ТНВ	1, 160	2.00	ТНВ	1, 160	(Note)
Evergreen Shipping Agency (Deutschland) GmbH	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Austria) GmbH	Investee of EGD accounted under cost method	"	-	EUR	18	100.00	EUR	18	(Note)
	Zoll Pool	"	"	-	EUR	10	6. 25	EUR	10	(Note)

D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$100 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital during the year ended December 31, 2007

					Balance January 1		Additio	on		Disposa				Balance a December 3	
	Marketable	General ledger		Relationship with the	Number of shares		Number of shares		Number of shares			Book	Gain (loss) on	Number of shares	
Investor	securities	account	Counterparty	Company	(in thousands)	Amount	(in thousands)	Amount	(in thousands)	Selling price	<u> </u>	value	disposal	(in thousands)	Amount
Greencompass Marine S.A.	Global		Open market transaction	None	17	USD 5,000	-	USD -	17	USD 4, 508	USD	5, 000	(USD 492)	-	USD -

E. Purchases from or sales to related parties exceeding \$100 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital during the year ended December 31, 2007

								Differences in tra	insaction terms		No	otes/accounts	
					,	Transaction		compared to third p	party transactions		receiv	able (payable)	
						Percentage of						Percentage of	
		Relationship	Purchases			total purchases						total notes/accounts	
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	with the Company	(sales)	Am	ount	(sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	Bala	nce	receivable (payable)	Remark
Evergreen Marine	Evergreen Marine Corp.	The parent	Sales	GBP	3,614	0.60%	30-60 days	\$	-	GBP	271	0.55%	(Note)
(UK) Limited								-					
	"	"	Purchases	GBP	1,213	0.22%	30-60 days	-	-	GBP	-	-	(Note)
Greencompass	"	"	Sales	USD	14,844	0.65%	30-60 days	-	-	USD	-	-	(Note)
Marine S.A.							•						
	Evergreen International	Related party	Sales	USD	8,322	0.37%	30-60 days	-	-	USD	-	-	
	S.A.						-						
	Evergreen Marine Corp.	The parent	Purchases	USD	6,541	0.32%	30-60 days	-	-	USD	-	-	(Note)
	Evergreen International	Related party	"	USD	11,377	0.55%	30-60 days	-	-	USD	-	-	
	S.A.												
	Evergreen Heavy	"	"	USD	35,343	1.71%	30-60 days	-	-	USD	-	-	(Note)
	Industrial Corp. (M)												
	Berhad												
	Italia Marittima S.P.A.	"	Sales	USD	3,650	0.16%	30-60 days	-	-	USD	300	0.13%	
Evergreen Heavy	Greencompass Marine	"	"	RM	122,129	33.28%	45 days	-	-	RM	-	-	(Note)
Industrial Corp. (M) S.A.						•						
Berhad													
	Evergreen International	"	"	RM	177,299	48.31%	45 days	-	-	RM 2	6,367	100.00%	
	S.A.						•						
	Italia Marittima S.P.A.	"	"	RM	67,522	18.40%	45 days	-	-	RM	-	-	
	nana mariulma S.P.A.			KW	07,322	18.40%	45 days	-	-	KIVI	-	-	

Note: When edited the consolidated statements, the transaction had been written off.

F. Receivables from related parties exceeding \$100 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital as at December 31, 2007

				Over	due receivables	Amount co	llected		
CreditorCo		lationship Balan ne Company December	ce as at 31, 2007 Turn	nover rate Amount	Action taken	subsequent balance shee		Allowance for doubtful account	
Evergreen Marine Island Ed (UK) Limited (Note)	quipment LLC. Indirect subs	sidiary of Peony USD	3, 721	USD		USD	-	USD	-
Clove Holding Ltd. Island Ed (Note)	quipment LLC.	" USD	8, 931	USD		USD	-	USD	-
Evergreen Heavy Evergreen Industrial Corp. (M) S.A. Berhad (Note)	n International Related party	y RM	26, 367	RM		RM 2	26, 367	RM	-

Note: When edited the consolidated statements, the transaction had been written off.

Evergreen Marine Corporation and Subsidiaries — Greencompass Marine S. A. Derivative financial instrument transactions December 31, 2007

A. Derivative financial instruments transactions:

(a) The contract amounts (or notional principal) and credit risk (expressed in thousand dollars)

		Decembe	er 31, 2007	
	Notio	nal Principal		
Financial Instruments	(Cont	ract Amount)	Credi	it Risk
Interest rate swaps (IRS)	USD	149,204	USD	179
Currency exchange swap	USD	444,000	USD	86
(CCS)				

The above credit risk amounts are based on the contracts with positive fair values at the balance sheet date and represent the possible loss that will be incurred by the Company in the event of counterparties' default. The counterparties of the Company are all well-known banks with good credit ratings. Thus, the credit risk is assessed to be remote.

(b) Market risk

The interest rate swaps are utilized to hedge against fluctuations in interest rates. The foreign exchange options are derivative financial instruments which are held for trading. Periodic reviews are conducted for evaluating the level of Subsidiary's exposure to market risk, and a stop-loss mechanism has been established to minimize the impact of market risk on the Subsidiary's operations.

(c) Liquidity risk, cash flow risk and the amount, timing and uncertainty of demand for future cash flow.

As no principals are exchanged upon settlement of the interest rate swaps and forward exchange options, no significant demand for cash flow is expected. Therefore, the Subsidiary's working capital is assessed to be adequate and no funding risk is dominant. In addition, since the interest rates, exchange rates and prices are predetermined, no significant cash flow risk is expected.

(d) The types, objectives and strategies of holding derivative financial instruments

The derivative financial instruments undertaken by the Company are held for trading and non-trading purposes. The primary objectives of derivative financial instruments held for non-trading purposes are to mitigate risk of debt obligations and commitments arising from fluctuations in interest rates and exchange rate. The hedging strategy of the Company focuses on mitigating market price risks. On the other hand, the primary objective of the derivative financial instruments held for trading purposes is to profit from exchange rate and price differentials.

(e) Financial statement disclosures for derivative financial instruments

a) Interest Rate Swaps:

The contracts are settled based on the difference between the spot interest rate and contracted interest rate. The amount received and paid upon settlement is recorded as a deduction from and an addition to the interest expense on shipping finance, respectively.

b) Foreign Exchange Option:

As the Company has actual position in the underlying assets, full settlements are conducted at expiration of the contracts. The difference between the spot exchange rate and the contracted rate is recorded as foreign exchange gain or loss upon settlement.

B. Fair values of financial instruments

		Decem	ber 31, 20	007
Derivative financial instruments	Carr	ying Value		Fair Value
Interest rate swaps (IRS)	USD	149	USD	149
Currency exchange swaps				
(CCS)	USD	(11,872)	USD	(11,872)

(3) Disclosure of information on indirect investments in Mainland China

Investee in Mainland Chine Shanghai Jifa Logistics Co.,	Inland container transportation,	Paid-in capital RMB271, 565	Investment method (Note 1) (2)	amo remit Mainla as of J	mulated ount of ctance to and China anuary 1, 007	Amount remitted to Mainland China during the year	ren ba Taiw the	mount mitted ack to an during e year	am rem to M Chi	mulated nount of nittance Mainland na as of er 31, 2007 194, 889	Ownership held by the Company (direct and indirect) 21.06	recog the C	estment me (loss) nized by ompany he year 6, 396	inves in Ma Chin	value of stments ainland a as of r 31, 2007 276, 255	of inv in remitte Taiwa	ated amount restment come d back to an as of r 31, 2007
Ltd.	container storage, loading, discharging, leasing, repair, cleaning and related activities			(USD	6, 000)				(USD	6, 000)		(USD	195)	(USD	8, 505)		
Ningbo Victory Container Co., Ltd.	Inland container transportation, container storage, loading and discharging	RMB24, 119	(2)	\$	33, 066	\$ -	\$	-	\$	33, 066	40.00	\$	15, 972	\$	72, 824	\$	-
	discharging			(USD	1, 018)				(USD	1, 018)		(USD	487)	(USD	2, 242)		
Qingdao Evergreen Container Storage & Transportation Co., Ltd.	Inland container transportation, container storage, loading, discharging, leasing, repair, cleaning and related activities	RMB92, 500	(2)	\$	144, 445	s -	\$	-	\$	144, 445	40.00	\$	18, 006	\$	192, 063	S	-
				(USD	4, 447)				(USD	4, 447)		(USD	549)	(USD	5, 913)		
Shenzhen Greentrans Transportation Co., Ltd.	Inland container loading, discharging, storage, repair cleaning and related activities	RMB44, 960	(2)	\$	101, 797	\$ -	\$	-	\$	101, 797	55. 00	(\$	4, 723)	\$	109, 950	\$	-
				(USD	3, 134)				(USD	3, 134)		(USD	-144)	(USD	3, 385)		

Investee in Paid-in Mainland China Main activities capital	Accumulated amount of remittance to Investment Mainland China as of January 1, (Note 1) 2007		Accumulated amount of Ownership remittance held by the to Mainland Company China as of (direct December 31, 2007 and indirect)	recognized by in Mainland the Company China as of	Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to Taiwan as of December 31, 2007
Shenzhen Inland container HKD92, 00 Hutchison Inland yard Container Depots Co., Ltd.	,	\$ - \$ -	\$ 26, 253 6.85	\$ - \$ 26, 253	
Kingtrans Intl. Logistics loading, (Tianjin) Co., Ltd. Storage, repair, cleaning and related activities	(USD 2,000)	\$ 64,963 \$ - (USD 2,000)	(HKD 6, 304) \$ 129, 926 40.00 (USD 4, 000)	(HKD 6, 304) (\$ 1,738) \$ 131,842 (USD -53) (USD 4,059)	\$ -
Balance of Approved by the Investment Investments in Commission of the Minist Mainland China as at December 31, 2007 (MOEA) (Note3)					
\$630, 376 \$1, 172, 322	Net worth under \$5,000,000 (40%)	\$ 2,000,000			
(USD 18, 599) (USD 36, 092) (HKD 6, 304)	Net worth between \$5,000,000 and \$10,000,000 (30%)	1, 500, 000			

(Net worth of the Company: NT\$ 69,697,680)

Net worth over \$10,000,000 (20%) 11, 939, 536

\$ 15, 439, 536

Note 1: Investments in Mainland China can be conducted by the following ways:

- (1) Remitting the funds to Mainland China via a third country
- (2) Via a new investee to be set up in a third country
- (3) Via an existing investee set up in a third country
- (4) Investing directly in Mainland China
- (5) Others

Note 2: Investment income (loss) for the year

- "(1)" denotes that the investee is still in the start-up stage.
- "(2)" denotes the basis on which the investment income (loss) is recognized.
 - (a) Based on the investee's financial statements audited by an international accounting firm other than the Company's auditor
 - (b) Based on the investee's financial statements audited by the Company's auditor
 - (c) Others
- Note 3: The numbers in this table should be expressed in New Taiwan dollars.
- Note 4: when edited consolidated financial statements, the investment transaction had been written off.

(4) Business and significant transactions between the Company and its subsidiary $\underline{2007}$

				Transaction				
Number							Ratio of total	
(Note 1)	Name of party	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	Account	Amount	Trade condition	revenue or total (%)	
0	Evergreen Marine	Taiwan Terminal Services Co., Ltd.	1	Accounts payable	\$ 74,073	Note 3	0.05	
	Corporation	"	1	Operating costs	736,358	"	0.51	
		"	1	Other receivables	270	"	-	
		"	1	Operating revenues	3, 082	"	-	
		Greencompass marine S.A.	1	Operating revenues	214, 750	"	0.15	
		"	1	Accounts receivable	9, 337	"	0.01	
		"	1	Agency reciprocal accounts	10, 733	"	0.01	
		"	1	Other receivables	21, 750	"	0.02	
		"	1	Agency accounts-credit	659,645	"	0.48	
		"	1	Operating costs	422, 150	"	0. 29	
		"	1	Accounts payable	29, 017	"	0.02	
		Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	1	Agency reciprocal accounts	5, 115	"	-	
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1	Accounts receivable	4, 583	"	-	
		"	1	Operating revenues	22, 673	"	0.02	
		"	1	Other receivables	1, 113	"	-	
		"	1	Agency accounts-credit	114, 884	"	0.08	
		"	1	Operating costs	232, 880	"	0.16	
		"	1	Accounts payable	18, 655	"	0.01	
		Evergreen Shipping Agency (India) Pte. Ltd.	1	Accounts payable	23, 337	"	0.02	
		"	1	Agency accounts-debit	93, 239	"	0.07	
		PT. Evergreen Shipping Agency Indonesia	1	Accounts payable	10, 624	"	0.01	
		"	1	Agency accounts-debit	15, 409	"	0.01	
		Evergreen Shipping Agency (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	1	Accounts payable	5, 068	"	-	
			1	Agency accounts-debit	4, 328	"	-	
		Evergreen Korea Corporation	1	Agency accounts-credit	2, 019	"	-	
		Evergreen Shipping Agency (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	1	Agency accounts-debit	55, 125	"	0.04	
		Evergreen Shipping Agency (Italy) S.P.A.	1	Other receivables	734	"	-	

				Transaction				
Number								Ratio of total
(Note 1)	Name of party	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	Account		Amount	Trade condition	revenue or total (%)
1	Clove Holding Ltd.	Island Equipment LLC.	3	Other receivables	\$	290, 086	Note 3	0.21
		Ample Holding Ltd.	3	Other receivables		999, 112	"	0.72
2	Multi Bina Pura International	PT. Multi Bina Transport	3	Accounts receivable		342	"	-
		"	3	Accounts payable		2, 012	"	=
		"	3	Operating costs		12, 227	"	0. 01
		"	3	Rent revenue		5, 028	"	-
3	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	Island Equipment LLC.	3	Other receivables		120, 869	"	0.09
4	Evergreen Shipping Agency (India) Pte. Ltd.	Peony Investment S.A.	3	Accounts payable		53, 847	"	0.04
5	Evergreen Shipping Agency (Italy) S.P.A.	Greencompass Marine S.A.	3	Other receivables		6, 885	"	=
		Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	3	Other receivables		31, 205	"	0.02
6	Evergreen Heavy Industrial Co.,	Greencompass Marine S.A.	3	Operating revenues		1, 166, 197	"	0.80

Note 1: Transaction between the Company and the subsidiary are shown as follows:

- (1) the "0" represents the Company.
- (2) the subsidiary are numbered from "1" in sequence.

Note 2: The relationships are shown as follows:

(1) the Company to subsidiary.

(Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.

- (2) the subsidiary to the Company.
- (3) the subsidiary to subsidiary.

Note 3: There is no difference of trade type compared with ordinary transaction.

2006

Number							Ratio of total
(Note 1)	Name of party	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	Account	Amount	Trade condition	revenue or total (%)
0	Evergreen Marine	Taiwan Terminal Services Co., Ltd.	1	Accounts payable	\$ 48,870	Note 3	0.04
	Corporation	"	1	Operating costs	692, 203	"	0.46
		"	1	Other receivables	270	"	-
		"	1	Operating revenues	2, 971	"	-
		Greencompass Marine S.A.	1	Operating revenues	131, 974	"	0.09
		"	1	Accounts receivable	10, 434	"	0.01
		"	1	Agency reciprocal accounts	15, 484	"	0.01
		"	1	Agency accounts-debit	1, 279, 479	"	1.04
		"	1	Operating costs	781, 175	"	0.52
		"	1	Accounts payable	8, 356	"	0.01
		Hatsu Marine Ltd.	1	Agency reciprocal accounts	3, 337	"	-
		"	1	Accounts receivable	17, 511	"	0. 01
		"	1	Operating revenues	378, 204	"	0. 25
		"	1	Agency accounts-credit	363, 502	"	0.30
		"	1	Operating costs	717, 750	"	0.48
		"	1	Accounts payable	269, 965	"	0. 22
		Evergreen Heavy Industrial Co., (Malaysia) Sdn.	1	Operating costs	88	"	-
		Bhd.					
1	Armand Investment	Armand Estate (Netherlands) B.V.	3	Interest receivable	88	"	-
	(Netherlands) N.V.	"	3	Interest revenue	210	"	-
		"	3	Other receivables	87, 702	"	0.07
2	Clove Holding Ltd.	Island Equipment LLC.	3	Other receivables	244, 139	"	0.18
		"	3	Interest revenue	10, 593	"	0.01
3	Multi Bina Pura	Multi Binatransport	3	Accounts receivable	418	"	-
	International	- "	3	Accounts payable	934	"	-
		"	3	Operating costs	9, 570	"	0.01
		"	3	Rent revenue	4, 403	"	-
		"	3	Operating revenues	4, 616	"	-
		"	3	Interest revenue	28	"	-

Transaction

				Transaction				
Number								Ratio of total
(Note 1)	Name of party	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	Account		Amount	Trade condition	revenue or total (%)
4	Shenzhen Greentrans	Peony Investment S.A.	3	Other receivables	\$	1, 579	Note 3	-
	Transportation Co., Ltd.	"	3	Accounts payable		1, 262	"	-
5	Evergreen Marine (UK) Limited	Island Equipment LLC.	3	Interest revenue		6, 423	"	-
		"	3	Other receivables		101,717	"	0.09

Note 1: Transaction between the Company and the subsidiary are shown as follows:

- (1) the "0" represents the Company.
- (2) Operating revenues the subsidiary are numbered from "1" in sequence.

Note 2: The relationships are shown as follows:

- (1) the Company to subsidiary.
- (2) the subsidiary to the Company.
- (3) the subsidiary to subsidiary.

Note 3: There is no difference of trade type compared with ordinary transaction.

12.SEGMENT INFORMATION

(1)Financial information by industry

The Company is engaged in only one single industry, i.e. international marine transportation and shipping agency. Therefore, no disclosure is required.

(2) Financial information by geographical areas

The Company is engaged in international marine transportation. Dealings with foreign ports, such as port formalities relating to arrival and departure of the Company's ships, cargo stevedoring and forwarding, collection of freight, and payment of expenses incurred with foreign ports, are handled by overseas shipping agents. Therefore, no disclosure is required.

(3)Export information

As the Company is engaged in international marine transportation, every vessel sails between the major harbors in the world. Therefore, no export sales are reported.

(4)Information on major customers

The Company provides services to customers all over the world. No single customer of the Company accounts for more than 10% of the Company's operating revenues.